A DICTIONARY OF WESTERN MONO
Second Edition

Compiled and Edited by
Rosalie Bethel Paul V. Kroskrity Christopher Loether Gregory A. Reinhardt

Completely corrected, updated and revised by Christopher Loether and Rosalie Bethel
(C) 1993

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    aamu' (also: aamo') N
        "leader, boss, head of a moiety"
    Ex. I-'aamu' mowa piti
        "My boss has arrived now."
    {From Spanish "amo"}
    {Sem.: compare with tini' "master, owner"}
aanitA
                            N
    "salt grass seeds"
    Ex. Pita-ti nitimi aanita-na tigga-níwi-dì.
        "The Indians to the south (Foothill Yokuts) gather salt
        grass seeds."
    {Sem.: compare with omaggama" "salt clover")
aanitabi
N
    "salt grass" (unidentified genus)
    Ex. Aanitaby mowa hibiga-p.
        "Now the salt grass is in bloom."
    {Morph.: aanita-bí salt.grass.seeds-CLSFR}
    {Use: this plant is used as a salt substitute}
Aanug'
                            PN
    (a male dog's name)
    {Sem.: compare with Paani'}
aapa'ni N
    "apple" (Pyrus malus)
    Ex. Aapa'ni-na niti tikka-di.
        "I'm eating an apple."
    {From English "apple"}
aataggahaa
        ADV
    "from here to there"
    Ex. Onoowi'-aa aatagahaa a-dakwina'i.
        "Throw the ball from here to there."
abidaa
    ADV
    "after a while"
    Ex. Abidaa i-biya piti-wai.
        "After a while my mother will arrive."
    {Sem.1: a longer time than pidi''isu}
    {Sem.2: same meaning as awasU}
adabihasU [see: tabina-]
adatohi N
    "brother-in-law (a wife's brother or a man's sister's
    husband)"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' i-babi'-aa a-'adatohi.
        "He is my older brother's brother-in-law."
```

"niece/nephew (husband's sister's children or wife's sister's children)"
Ex. I-'ada'a-bo' siyadim
"My niece is a beautiful, young girl."
adíhaamogaadi
EXPR
(used to show surprise, amazement or disgust)
aduheti aqa'niisu'

## N

"underpants"
Ex. I-bini'-aa aduheti aqa'niisu' tutsidagi-di.
"My little sister's underpants are white."
\{Morph.: a-duhe-ti a-qa'niisu' it-under-ABS its-pants\}
adukuwi'
N
(two-headed snake with a beautiful pattern)
Ex. £i-bi' adukuwi'-aa a-boni-t?
"Did you see the two-headed snake?"
\{Cult.: a mythological creature that lives high in the mountains\}
-äga
PP
"among"
Ex. Moonoi-na a-pihi-p a-'aga. "The spoiled berries are among them."
ahaqotsI
N
"armpit"
Ex. Ti-'ahaqotsI-wee-kU peena-baa-tU na-dana-t. "He was stung in his armpit by a bee."

AhatsI
PN
(a man's name)
ahiyee-
V (TR)
"to mate (relates to people and animals)"
Ex. Puku nanna-'ahiyee-di. "The dogs are mating."
ahowee [see: -howee]
V PREF
"them; to them" (third person plural object pronoun)
Ex. Ai-giya.
"Give it to them!"
\{Phon.: the consonant following this prefix becomes voiced (lenis) \}
ai-
N PREF
"their" (third person plural possessive pronoun)
Ex. Nit ai-nobi-na a-boni-t.
"I see/saw their house."
\{Phon.: the consonant following this prefix remains unvoiced (fortis) \}

```
AikusU
                                    PN
    (a woman's name)
aisupa_'
    EXPR
    "that's alright, never mind, overlook it"
    Ex. Aisupá'. Mino' yaga-nee.
        "That's alright. Don't cry."
    akidugi- V (INTR)
    "to get wrinkled, be wrinkled"
    Ex. A-qobe mowa akidugi-p.
        "Her face is getting wrinkled now."
akisa\mp@subsup{'}{}{\prime}(also: akisa') N
    "grasshopper"
    Ex. Akisá'a-ma niti pakwiga-dí.
        "I'm fishing with grasshoppers (as bait),"
    akisa\mp@subsup{a}{}{\prime} [see: akisa\mp@subsup{]}{}{\prime}]
    akuwagaan [see: kuwagaa-]
    akwisaani-
    "to shoot"
    Ex. Yommo niti teewa-na a-'akwisaani-t.
        "I shot the cottontail yesterday,"
    amaatsabi
        N
    "tarweed" (Madia sp.)
    Ex. Ewa-tU amaatsabbi tadagai-t.
        "There is a lot of tarweed."
amaatsana'
        N
    "salamander"
    Ex. Amaatsana'-aa niti paya-wee-kU a-boni-t.
        "I see a salamander in the water."
amaata
        N
    "vest"
    Ex. I-'amaata'-aa a-'atsunna.
        "Sew up my vest!"
    {From Spanish "manta"}
aminaqwesU
                            ADV
    "negatively"
    Ex. AminaqwesU niti sunawi-t.
        "I am thinking negatively about it."
    {Morph.: a-minaqwe-sU its-this.side-ADVR}
anaapm
        N
    "log"
    Ex. Qosonoo' anaapi-na ti-noo-dí.
        "The train is hauling logs."
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anabaadede'eqwee N + LOC
    "to (the) church, in (the) church"
    Ex. N立飠 anabaadede'eqwee miya-wai.
        "I'm going to the church."
    {Morph.: a-na-baadede'e-qwee its-RCP-church-LOC}
    {Sem.: compare with paadede' "church; church-goer,
    Christian}
anadaqapoonU
    N
    "branding iron"
    Ex. Tit'anadaqapoono-ma ti-daqapoo-di.
        "They're branding with their branding irons."
    {Morph.: a-na-daqapoo-nO its-PASS-brand-NR}
anaḋgwisin [see: nadigwisin]
anadixwanU
    N (NOM V)
    "dam"
    Ex. Ewa-tU paya na-boni-t a-na-diwa-n.
        "A lot of water can be seen that is dammed."
    {Morph.: a-na-diwa-nU its-PASS-dam-NR}
    {Sem.: compare with tiwa- "to dam"}
ananihan [see: nanihan]
anasibanu N (NOM V)
    "shaver, razor blade, (traditionally: stone scraper)"
    Ex. Anasibanu-ma nasiba-di.
        "He's shaving with a razor."
    {Morph.: a-na-siba-nU its-RFL-shave-NR}
anawataki'inu
                                N (NOM V)
    "clapper sticks"
    {Cult.: this is a musical instrument made from a branch with
    a slit down its middle}
aneetsa'
        N
    "crazy (one)"
    Ex. Mahu na'atsi' aneetsa'.
        "That boy is crazy."
aneetsa'yee-
                            V (INTR)
    "to be crazy, become crazy"
    Ex. Mahu qawaayu' aneetsa'yee-t.
    "That horse is going crazy."
    {Morph.: aneetsa'-yee- crazy-feel}
anipI
                            N
    (big mosquito found in the mountains) (unidentified species)
    Ex. AnipI paya-ba'a yotsi-t.
        "The big mosquitoes are flying over the water."
```

ano'ㅇ.
EXPR
"enough! stop! no more!"
Ex. Ano'으 a-dijkA.
"Stop eating!"
ano'o-tU ${ }^{\text {ADJ }}$
"enough; that's all"
Ex. Ti-pakwi-na ano'o-kU ti-batsa-goi-t. "They caught/killed enough fish."
\{Soc.: this word is used at the end of stories to mean "that's all"\}
apaaqonap $\mathbf{x}$ N
"gully, wash, arroyo"
Ex. Apaaqonapi-weetugu a-dakwina'i-gaa. "Go throw it away in the gully."
apaaqwA [see: paaqwA]
apaaqwabi (also: paaqwabit) $N$
(a poisonous plant with red berries) (unidentified species)
Ex. Apaaqwabit-na niti a-boni-t toyabi-ma-kU. "I saw the red berry plant on the mountain."
apikatsI (also: hapikatsI/apikatsI) N
"apricot" (Prunus armeniaca)
Ex. Apikatsi-na i-biya tsoba-di. "My mother is picking up apricots (from the ground)."
\{From English "apricots"\}
apo

## N

"(coiled cooking) basket"
Ex. Ti-'apo-na mowa tit-woowi-di. "She's putting a design on her (coiled cooking) basket."
\{Cult.: this type of basket is the most highly valued\}
aposowa (also: oposowa) N
"manzanita berries"
Ex. Pihabi aposowa-ma na-waapa'i-di. "Cider is made from manzanita berries."
aposowabi (oposowabi) N
"manzanita bush" (Arctostaphylos sp.)
Ex. Mowa aposowabi hibiga-p.
"Now the manzanita bushes are blooming."
\{Morph.: aposowa-bi manzanita-CLSFR\}
\{Use: the berries are used to make cider\}
Aposowadobomati PN
"Manzanita Hill" (a spring and hamlet located on a knoll near Hooker's Cove)
\{Morph.: aposowa-dobo-maa-ti manzanita-hill-LOC-ABS\}

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    -'aqA PP
    "among, about, around"
    Ex. Minó' nitimi-'aqA niwi-di!
        "Don't ever go around Indians!"
aqabanagi- V (INTR)
    "to be red (in color)"
    Ex. Aqaba_nagi-di a-tsaqeeda'.
        "His sweater is red."
aqakwitsi'i-
                                    V (INTR)
    "to lightning, flash (of lightning)"
    Ex. Mowa aqakwitsi'i-t, pidi''isU tiikkwa-wai.
        "Now it's lightning; soon it's going to rain."
aqaqo'ya
                                N
    "thimbleberry, wild strawberry (local name for
    thimbleberry)" (Rubus parviflorus)
    Ex. Ewa--kU niti aqaqo'ya-na a-boni-t.
        "I see lots of wild strawberries."
    {Sem.: the meaning of this word has been generalized to
    include domesticated strawberries (Fragaria platypetala)}
    {Use: the berries are used as food}
asiyabbi [see: esiyabit]
Asuwayahati'
                                PN
    (a woman's name)
ataagin N (NOM V)
    "hole"
    Ex. Ataagin a-di'miki.
        "Seal the hole."
    {Morph.: a-taagi-nU its-(?)have.a.hole-NR}
    {Synt.: this word never takes the oblique case ending}
atabihamanaqwE
    ADV
    "at daybreak, daybreak"
    Ex. Atabihamanaqwe-tugu taaqwa hubiyadu-wai.
        "Until daybreak we will sing,"
atayee-
                            V (INTR)
    "to have diarrhea"
    Ex. Niti qama-s atayee-t.
        "When I was sick, I had diarrhea."
atitsA
    "scales (of a fish)"
    Ex. Wihi-ma pakwi-na a-'atitsa-na a-dokwina'i!
            "Remove the fish scales with a knife!"
atsabonogi-
                                    V (INTR)
    "to be copper, be orange (in color)"
    Ex. Yazabana'-aa a-qasA atsabonogi-di.
        "The flicker's feathers are orange-colored."
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atsabono'
                                    N
    "penny"
    Ex. Atsabono'-aa i-gi्iya.
        "Give me a penny!"
    atsaga-
    "to be soft"
    Ex. £-'ekibe i-ti-saww-n nohi atsagą-t,
        "The acorn mush which you've cooked is very soft."
atsakwitsiqa- (also: atsikwitsiqa-, atsakwitsiki-) v (INTR)
    "to be shiny, be gleaming, be flashing (like lightning)"
    Ex. Nobi-ba'a-ti atsakwitsiqa-t.
        "It's shiny on top of the house (referring to the sun
        shining on aluminum roofing)."
    Ex. Atsakwitsiki-qati-t.
        "It was continuously flashing/shining."
atsuna- "to sew, sew up" V (TR)
    Ex. I-naawasi-na a-1atsuna.
        "Sew up my dress!"
a_wa
                                    N
    "horn"
    Ex. Tihitta-na niti a-'awa-na a-boni-t.
        "I see the deer's horns."
awacsU
                                ADV
    "after a while"
    Ex. Awasu taaqwa miya-wai.
        "After a while we will go."
    {Sem.: same as abidaa}
awatapm
                                N
    "rib, ribs"
    Ex. Tithita-na a-'awatapit-na a-waqA!
        "Give him some deer ribs!"
awatsi'i-ge-tu
                            V ADJ
    "to have little horns"
    Ex. Togoqatai'nupi awatsi'i-ge-tU.
        "The horned toad has little horns."
    {Morph.: awa-tsi'i-ge-tU horn-DIM-have-ADJ}
awawono
        N
"ribcage"
Ex. Tíhita-na a-'awawono-wee-kU na-gwati-t. "The deer was shot in the ribs."
\{Morph.: awa-wono horn-basket\}
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awaya'' (also: ooya')N
    "bone dice"
    Ex. I-'awaya'-aa niti ti-watsi-kit-t.
        "I lost my bone dice."
    {Soc.: this word awaya' seems to have been borrowed from
    Eastern Mono into Western Mono, while the word ooya' seems
    to be the older Western Mono form}
    {Cult.: these are the two bones used when playing hand-game}
awee
    "to it"
    {Morph.: a-wee it-LOC}
aweehusU [see: uweehusU]
aweekusU [see: aweetusU]
aweetusU ADV
    "at the same place, from the same place"
    Ex. AweekusU nitqwa miya-qaya'wi-nee a-boni-t.
        "Every time we go by, we see him at the same place."
    {Morph.: a-wee-tu-sU it-LOC-ADJ-ADVR}
    {Synt.: when this adverb is used in reference to a noun or
    pronoun marked by the oblique case, it must also take the
    oblique case marking, and becomes aweekusU}
awetuukus SUBR V (used as ADV)
    "in the afternoon"
    Ex. Awetuukus niti miya-wai.
        "In the afternoon I will go."
    {Morph.: awetuu-ku-s be.afternoon-after-SUBR}
awooha'
                            N
    "needle"
    Ex. Awooha'-aa i-giya!
        "Give me a needle!"
    {From Spanish "aguja"}
Awoosai
        PN
    (a man's name)
awootA
    N
    "alligator lizard"
    Ex. Awoota-na niti a-boni-t.
        "I see/saw an alligator lizard."
awonno N
    "boat, raft"
    Ex. Awonno-wee-tU taaqwa miya-wai.
        "We are going by boat."
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ayaxabi
                            N
    (leafless orange bush) (unidentified species)
    Ex. Niti-bo' ayaxabi-na puhai-di aa-ma i-suuna-n
        i-di-waapa'i-wai-n.
        "I'm looking for the leafless orange bush with which to
        make my acorn granary."
    {Use: the stalks are used in making acorn granaries}
azaani-tU
                                ADJ
    "bad"
    Ex. Azaani-kU a-pihi-paa a-dokwina\underline{a}'i!
        "The bad part, what is rotten, remove it!"
azaaniqama- V (INTR)
    "to taste bad"
    Ex. A-kumaya-n azaaniqama-t, omabi-si''í.
        "Her cooking tastes bad; it's very. salty."
    {Morph.: azaani-qama- bad-taste}
azibi
    N
    "wild garlic" (unidentified genus)
    Ex. QadusU azibi naa-di.
        "Wild garlic is not out yet."
a'wo्g
    N
    "gills"
    Ex. Pakwi-na a-'a'woga-na a-wisiba.
        "Remove (by scraping) the fish's gills!"
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-baa
PP
    "by, near"
    Ex. I-biya-baa niti miya-di.
        "I'm going to my mother's."
    {Sem.: compare with -niya "near, close to"}
-baa-tu
                                ADJ PP
    "by"
    Ex. I-bini-tsi'i-bo' i-hutsi'i-baa-tU na-niya-di.
        "My little sister was named by my (paternal)
        grandmother."
    {Synt.: this suffix is used to mark the agent of a passive
    sentence)
-baaga-
    AUX V
    "to ask for; ask to, request permission to"
    Ex. Mahhu hìipi' paya-na hibi-baago-t.
        "That woman is asking for water."
    Ex. I-wana-tsi' tatoba-baaga-t.
        "My little brother asked permission to take off his
        shoes."
-ba'a}"\mathrm{ "on top of"
    Ex. Qaho'na-ba'a a-gatm!
        "Sit on top of the box!"
-biti
                            CONJ
    "and, well"; (adds emphasis to a word)
    Ex. Mannoho-bit.
        "There you are./Thank you very much."
-bi'
                            SUFF
    (used to ask questions)
    Ex. 壬-bi' miya-wai?
        "Will you go?"
-bodo- AUX V
    "back and forth, to and fro, again and again"
    Ex. Ha'wutsa'' a-na-zaniga-n miya-bodo-t.
        "The caged fox walked back and forth."
-bo'
                            SUFF
        (used to make statements; adds emphasis to statements; used
        to mark topic in statements)
    Ex. Nit-bo' miya-wai.
        "I will go."
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    -daa V SUFF
            (oblique form of progressive/habitual verbal suffix) [marked
    as either OBL/PROG or OBL/HAB]
    Ex. Niti-bo' puku-na a-boni-t qaina'-aa patsa-daa.
        "I saw the dog as it was killing the chicken."
    -dabi-
                            AUX V
    "while lying down"
    Ex. Niti nosi-dabi-t.
            "I had a dream."
        {Sem.: when this auxiliary verb is added to another verb it
        indicates that the action of the first verb takes place
        while the subject is in a prone position}
-diya
                                ADV
    "also"
    Ex. Tsiwiyagni-bo'o-diya ti-za'noo-t.
        "TsiwiyanI also caught a fish."
        {Synt.: this word cannot stand alone: it must be preceded
        by another word}
    {Sem.: compare with tiya "then"}
-di}\mp@subsup{i}{}{1
                    V SUFF
        (progressive aspect: indicates ongoing action) [marked as
    PROG]
    Ex. Niti-bo' pamo'i-di.
        "I'm smoking."
-di
                            v SUFF
        (habitual aspect: indicates that action is habitually
        performed by subject) [marked as HAB]
        Ex. N+it-bo' tatabihanee pamo'i-di .
        "I smoke everyday."
Dogagíwą PN
(a woman's name)
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-dugu
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-dugu
PP
"through"
Ex. A-típusudugi'i-dugu-daaqwa miya-wai.
"We're going to go through the tunnel."
Ex. osa-dugu hibi-t.
"He drank from (through) a bottle."
\{Sem.: compare with -tugu "to, toward" and -weetugu "into"\}
-duhe PP
"under, underneath"
Ex. a-duhee "under it"
Ex. Winipi-duhe qati-t. "He is sitting under the tree."

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-duheti PP
"underneath"
Ex. A-duheti a-qa'niisu' "underpants"
(Morph.: duhe-ti under-ABS)
-duwa-
AUX V
"be able to, can"
Ex. Niti-bo' nitmit-ma yaduha-duwa-p.
"I can speak Indian (the Mono language)."
\{Synt.: this auxiliary verb is followed only by the perfect aspect verbal suffix -p\}
-du'i- [see: -tu'i-]
"white paint or pigment, chalk; a type of whitish soil; a type of powdered acorn which is white"
Ex. Ebi-na niti noo-gaa-wai.
"I'm going to get chalk."
Ex. Ebi-ma-bol nit na-deega-wai.
"I'm going to paint myself with chalk."
Ex. I-biya ebi-na po'oni-di. "My mother is leaching the white acorn powder."
ebi 'noyo' N
"black-headed grosbeak" (Pheucticus melanocephalus)
Ex. Nohi ewa-tU ebi'noyo' na-boni-t. "Very many (black-headed) grosbeaks can be seen."
ebogonogi-
V (INTR)
"to be wide open, have a gaping hole (in something, from an
explosion, etc.)"
Ex. I-woqo-tsi' ebogonogi-t. My shoe has a big hole in it.
edaa-
V (INTR)
"to die"
Ex. I-buku-tsi'-aa nitit tiwa'yit-si edaa-paa a-bonit-t. "When I found my little dog, it was dead."

N
"bow, gun, weapon"
Ex. Tíledi-mă i-zidowa-t. "He aimed his gun at me."
eebisI \(N\)
"steelhead, river trout (local name)"
Ex. Nit-bo' eebisi-na ti-za'noo-t.
"I caught a steelhead."
egwi- "to smell"
Ex. Hii-paa-sa' i-buku-tsi' \(t i-\) 'egwi-t? "What does my dog smell?"
egwimawiya-
V (TR)
"to track (by scent), chase after (by scent)"
Ex. I-buku-tsi' teewa-na ti-'egwimawiya-t. "The dog chased after the cottontail's scent."
\{Morph.: egwi-mawiya- smell-chase\}
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egwisupuqagi-
V (INTR)
"to be constantly sniffing around"
Ex. I-bukU egwisupuqagi-miya-bodo-t.
"My dog is constantly going back and forth sniffing
around."
{Morph.: egwi-supuqagi- smell-roam}
ego
N
"tongue"
Ex. Nix-bo' $i-1$ ego-ma-kU peena-baa-tU na-dana-t. "I was stung by a bee on my tongue."
egonahaa- V (INTR)
"to be lying down with one's legs spread apart or sprawled
out (of both people and animals)"
Ex. I-bukU egonahaa-dabi-t.
"My dog is lying down all sprawled out."
egosiba-
V (TR)
"to lick"
Ex. Qawaayú' omabi-na a-'egosiba-t.
"The horse licked the salt."
\{Morph.: ego-siba- tongue-scrape\}
ehu
N
"stick (used for knocking seeds, nuts or acorns off of trees and bushes)"
Ex. Tíba'-aa i-'ehu-ma nixi ti-wíqa-gaa-wai.
"I'm going to knock the pine nuts off with my stick."
"centipede"
Ex. Ehuyuwaya'-aa a-diyabuni.
"Beware of the centipede."
eki-
V (INTR)
"to eat acorn"
Ex. Niti eki-di. "I'm eating acorn."
ekibe
N
"cooked acorn mush"
Ex. Niti-bo' ekibe-na eki-wai.
"I'm going to eat acorn mush."
\{Compare with yimina' and qonowooi'\}
ekw

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\section*{N}
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"(golden-mantled) ground squirrel" (Spermophilus lateralis)
Ex. Iyotinu nitimi ekwína titka-di. "The Indians from here eat ground squirrels."

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"poison"
Ex. Mahu enipá'. Mino' a-dika-nee!
"Don't eat it. It's poison."
\{Possibly from Spanish "yerba"\}

\section*{enipa'a-}
"to poison"
Ex. Mahu a-na-'enipa'a-n.
"He was poisoned."
epA
N
"eye matter, eye mucus (that forms on the corner of the eyes, especially after waking up)"
Ex. Mahu-bo' epa-ge-tU.
"He has eye matter."
epaditka'
N
"gnats; small insects that fly around the eyes"
Ex. Ewa-tU epadika' qawaayu'-aa a-pusi-na a-howee na-boni-t. "A lot of gnats can be seen around the horse's eyes."
\{Morph.: epa-dika-1 eye.matter-eat-AGNT\}
epahuu-
V (INTR)
"to stream down, flow (of tears)"
Ex. I-biya-tsi' yaga-nee epahuu-t.
"When my mother was crying, the tears were streaming down."
\{Morph.: epa-huu- eye.matter-flow\}
epo'i- "to burst into \(V\) (INTR)
"to burst into flames, explode"
Ex. Pidisu qoso a-na-bida-n epo'i-t. "The fire that was built finally burst into flames."
Ex. I-biya-na a-nobi-tsi' epo'i-t. "My mother's house burst into flames."
esigwìdigi-
V (INTR)
"to be gray (in color)"
Ex. Esigwídigi-daa nobi-na niti a-boni-t. "I see a gray house."

Esitabihuu [see: Estibigahuu]
esiyabi (also: asiyabbi, siyabí) N
"ashes"
Ex. Esiyabi-na a-dokwína'i-gaa. "Go throw away the ashes."

Estibigahuu (also: Esitagihuu) PN "Fish Creek"

EtakI PN (a man's name)
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etoki-
V (INTR)
"to faint, pass out"
Ex. I-wana-tsi' etoki-t.
"My little brother fainted."
ewa
ADV
"a lot, too much"
Ex. Nehe ewa mahu a-'omaa-t.
"He salted it too much."
{Compare with ewa-tU}
ewaniwwi'
PN
"the Little Dipper (constellation)"
Ex. Ewaṅwit' togawano mi'i
"The Little Dipper can be seen well tonight."
ewatsitsi'' (also: ewá') N
"colt, little horse"
Ex. Ewatsitsi'-aa a-da'noo-gaa!
"Go get the colt and bring it back!"
{Morph.: ewa-tsi-tsi' colt-DIM-DIM}
ewa-tU ADJ
"many, much, a lot of, lots of"
Ex. Ewa-tU nitimi pitis-t.
"A lot of Indians arrived."
Ex. Ewa-kU niti nitmit-na a-boni-ki-nee.
"I saw a lot of Indians along the way."
ewa' [see: ewatsitsi\mp@subsup{|}{}{\prime}]]
{From Spanish "yegua"}

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    -ge'e V SUFF
    (this verbal suffix is a combination of the auxiliary verb
    -gaa- and the unmarked neutral tense suffix -t) [marked as
    go=TNS \(]\)
    Ex. Pidisu mawi wínipi-na a-taqazuna piti-ge'e.
        "The (tree) squirrel eventually arrived at the top (of
        the tree)."
    \(-g \underline{i}\)
    "come and do X"
    Ex. A-dika-gi!
        "Come eat!"
    \{Sem.: compare with \(-\mathrm{ki}^{1}\) \}
    -gi- AUX V
"to be characterized by (a quality or state)"
Ex. aqabana-gi-
"to be red"
Ex. awa-tsi'i-gi-
"to have little horns"

```
＂to get＂
Ex．pakwi－ga－ ＂to fish＂
Ex．pedisi－ga－
＂to get wild onions＂
－gaa－
AUX V
＂go＂（indicates action of going somewhere to do something）
Ex．Mowahu－daaqwa pakwiga－gaa－wai．
＂We＇re going to go fishing now．＂
\｛Sem．：opposite of \(-k i-\}\)
－ge－tu
ADJ
＂to have，own，possess＂
Ex．Sisigadi＇waha－kU hutsi＇i－wi－ge－tU．
＂Sisigadi＇had two（paternal）grandsons．＂
－goi－
V SUFF
（this suffix indicates a plural subject）［marked as PL］
Ex．Pidisu pakwiganu－w Wazaganau pití－goi－ge＇e．
＂The fishermen eventually arrived at Manzanita Lake．＂
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    haaha' [see: hithit']
    haama=' N
    Ex. Haama'-aa i-giya.
    "Give me the hammer."
    {From English "hammer")
    haba
N
"shade house, ramada"
Ex. A-haba-na niti a-boni-t.
"I see her shade house."
habaa-
"to shade"
Ex. ToopE i-habaa-qe'e.
"The clouds have just cast a shadow over me."
haba_na
ADV
"in the shade"
Ex. Habanna taaqwa qati-gaa-wai.
"Let's go sit in the shade."
habi-
"to lie down"
V (INTR)
Ex. Mowahu-bo' i-ginu' habi-maa-p.
"My (paternal) grandfather is already lying down now."
habinu
N
"bed"
Ex. I-habinu-wee nit habi-wai.
"I'm going to lie down in my bed."
{Morph.: habi-nu lie.down-NR}
{Sem.: same as qapE}
hagge
INT PRON
"who"
Ex. Hage-sa' piti-t?
"Who arrived?"
{Morph.: this interrogative pronoun can take the nominal
plural suffix -wi, as in hage-wi-sa' "who (PL)?"}
{Synt.: this form is used only as a subject; the oblique
form is haqaa)
Haiko
(a man's name)

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Hainanu (also: Haininu) PN
(a man's name)
{Cult.: this is the name of the younger of the two
mythological brothers who are culture heroes; the older
brother is named Pa'wesU}
hakipo'noqa- (also: hakipo'noqagi-/hakipo'noyee-) V (INTR)
"to act silly, act foolish"
Ex. I-wana' nohi hakipo'noqa-t.
"My little brother is acting very silly."
hakipo'noqagi- [see: hakìpo'noqa-]
hakipo'noyee- [see: hakipo'noqa-]
hakw壬sA (also: hakwistá') ONM
"achoo" (sound of a sneeze)
hakwisa'i-
V (INTR)
"to sneeze"
Ex. Niti hakwisa'i-naama-t.
"I feel like sneezing."
{Morph.: hakwisa-'i- achoo-do}
hagma'
N
"older sister"
Ex. I-hama' qadu' tsau-naama-t.
"My older sister doesn't feel good."
{Sem.: compare with pini' "younger sister"}
Hamats
PN
(a man's name)
hamoga'
N
"ground seeds (general term), flour mixed with ground nuts"
Ex. Hamoga'-aa niti poda-di.
"I'm grinding the (ground) seeds."
haniiná'
N
"flour"
Ex. Haniina'a-ma a-gumasaa.
"Make bread with the flour."
{From Spanish "harina"}
hani''
INT PRON
"why; how"
Ex. Hani'i-sa'a-bo' niti-tsi' qadu' pakwi-na ti-za'noo-'i-t?
"Why haven't I caught any fish?"
{Morph.: this interrogative pronoun can take the question
suffix -sa', as in hani'i-sa' "why?", or the adjectival
suffix -tU, as in hani'i-tU "how?"}

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            hani'i-tU ADJ
                            "how; what kind"
                            Ex. Hani'i-tu-sa' mahu i-naawasi-ya-n?
        What kind of dress do you have on?"
    hani'itugu ADV/EXPR
"(there's) no way, it's impossible"
Ex. Qaqu' hani'itugu nitqwa i-qwatsiki-duwa-p.
"There's no way we can ever forget you."
hani'maikuqaabina- [see: maikuqaabina-]
{Morph.: hani'-mai-kuqaabina- how-do-be.confused}
hano
INT PRON
"where (location)"
Ex. Hano-sa' i-wihi?
"Where's my knife?"
{Sem.: compare with haut玉 "where (direction)"}
hanoyaga
ADV
"somewhere"
Ex. Hanoyaga niti i-wihi-na ti-diggi-t?
"Did I put my knife somewhere?"
hanoso
N
"rice"
Ex. Hanoso-na niti tieka-di.
"I'm eating rice."
{From Spanish "arroz"}
hapopo' (also: hopopo') N
"spider"
Ex. Hapopo'-aa a-diyabuni.
"Beware of the spider."
haqaa
"who, whom, whose"
Ex. Haqaa-sa' iti a-datawa-di??
"Whom are you waiting for?"
{Synt.: this is the oblique form of hage}
haqwanitmini-tU
ADJ
"distasteful, ugly, disgusting"
Ex. Haqwani̇imini-tU a-puku!
"His disgusting dog!"
hatuuna'
N
"gravy"
Ex. Hatuuna'-aa i-biya ti-waapa'i-t.
"My mother made gravy."

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"wild geese"
Ex. Hauhauna' mowa qooni-p.
"The wild geese are returning now."
\{Morph.: hauhau-ná' ONM-it.says\}
haut
INT PRON
"where (direction)"
Ex. Hauti-sa, it miya-di?
"Where are you going?"
\{Sem.: compare with hano "where (location)"\}
hautimanaqwE
ADV
"from which direction"
Ex. Hautimanaqwe-tu-ne-sa' iti a-piti-n?
"From which direction did you arrive?"
hautiyaga
ADV
"somewhere, who knows where"
Ex. I-bukU hautiyaga miya-t. "I don't know where my dog went."
hawa-
V (TR)
"to scold"
Ex. I-biya i-hawa-t. "My mother scolded me."
hawo 'no N
"soap"
Ex. Hawo'no-ma a-na'mazaga-gaa. "Go wash your, hands with soap."
\{From Spanish "jabon"\}
ha'wika- \(V\) (INTR)
"to be light (in weight)"
Ex. I-di-noo-n ha'wika-t. "What I'm carrying is light."
\{Sem.: opposite of na'nikwi-\}
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ha'wutsa'
N
"fox"
Ex. Ha'wutsa'-aa niti a-boni-t.
"I see the fox."

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heetI
    INT PRON
    "what (of non-material objects, such as words and ideas)"
    Ex. Heeti-sa' it na-niya-di?
        "What is your name?"
    \{Sem.: compare with hiip玉 "what (material objects)"\}
heewiiheeheehee
ONM
(sound made by the mourning dove)
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    heewi'1
                            N
    "(mourning) dove"
    Ex. Heewi'-aa niti a-boni-t yotsi-daa.
        "I see the dove flying."
    {Morph.: this word is onomatopoeic and imitates the dove's
    call.}
    heewi,'2
N
"shooting star (plant)" (Dodecatheon pulchellum)
Ex. Mowa-hU heewi'' naa-p.
"Now the shooting stars are growing."
hewi'i- (also: he'wi'i-) V (INTR)
"to limp"
Ex. I-buku-tsi'' hewi'i-di.
"My dog is limping."
hibi-
"to drink"
V (TR/INTR)
Ex. Paya-na nit hibi-t.
"I drank the water."
hida-
V (TR)
"to carry, hold (using both arms)"
Ex. Owaa'nugu' ti-piya-baa-tU na-hida-t.
"The baby was carried by its mother."
hidakiya-
V (TR)
"to let (someone) hold (someone/something), give (someone)
(something) to hold"
Ex. Owaa'nugu'-aa i-hidakiya.
"Let me hold the baby."
{Morph.: hida-kiya- hold-give}
{Synt.: this verb takes both a direct and indirect object}
hido'togi-
"to slurp"
Ex. Qope'-aa hibi-sI hido'togi-t.
"He slurps when he drinks coffee."
hihoono'
N
"beans"
Ex. I-biya hihoono'-aa ti-sawa-di.
"My mother is cooking beans."
{From Spanish "frijol"}
PRON
"something (material object); what (interrogative)"
Ex. Hiipi-sa' mahu i-pudawa-n?
"What is it that you're looking at?"
{Synt.: the oblique form is hii-paa}
{Sem.: compare with heetI "what (non-material}

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hiipin主mま
INT PRON
"what kind of a thing or object"
Ex. Ihi-sa' hiipinitmm?
"What is this?"
{Morph.: hiipi-nitmi what-person}
{Sem.: this term refers to something the speaker is not
familiar with; it can be either living or non-living}
Hiitsatsa'
PN
(a man's name)
himaa
INT PRON
"what"
Ex. Himaa-sa' niti noopiti-wai?
"What shall I bring?"
{Sem.: this term is used for both material and non-material
things}
hinaa-tU CONJ
"because"
Ex. Niti qadu' miya-wai hinaa-tU niti-ga' tsau-naama-t.
"I'm not going because I feel bad."
hino'o INT PRON
"when"
Ex. Hino'o-sa' i-piya piti-wai?
"When will your mother arrive?"
hino'o-tU INT PRON/ADJ
"what amount (of nonmaterial objects)"
Ex. Hino'o-tu-sa' a-tomono?
"What is his age?"
hitsuwaayú' (hetsuwaayú') N
"person who practices evil, evil person"
Ex. Nitimま qadu' tsau tisumiya-di' hetsuwaayu'.
"A person who thinks evil is an evil person."
Hiwayuni'
PN
(a woman's name)
hibitsi'' N
"old lady"
Ex. Mahu hibbitsi' i-hutsi'.
"That old lady is my (paternal) grandmother."
hibitsi'iyee-
V (INTR)
"to become an old lady"
Ex. Niti-bo' mowa hibitsi'iyee-p.
"I've become an old lady now."
{Morph.: hibitsi'i-yee- old.lady-become}

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    hibiga-
    "to bloom, flower"
    Ex. Mowa-hu aanitabì híbiga-p.
        "Now the saltgrass is blooming."
    hibiga,
        N
    "flower, blossom"
    Ex. Hibiga' aqabannagi-di.
        "The flower is red."
    hibiwu
N
"bumblebee"
Ex. H\dot{biga'a-ma hibiwu.}
"The bumblebee is on the flower."
hiddatsitsi'
ADV
"a little, a little bit"
Ex. Hidatsitsi' a-'omaa.
"Just salt it a little."
{Sem.: compare with hitsitsi'}
hikit'i-
"to hiccup"
Ex. I-wana-tsi' hiki'i-di.
"My little brother is hiccuping."
{Morph.: hikki-'i- ONM-do}
haki'iqati-
V (INTR)
"to hiccup continuously"
Ex. I-wana' hiki'iqatij-di.
"My little brother is hiccuping continuously,"
{Morph.: hiki-'i-qati- ONM-do-continue}
hithit' (also: haaha') EXPR
"yes" (indicates understanding or approval)
Ex. Sisigadi' Tsiwiyana-ho-tU "híthic'" na-'inee-goi-t.
"Yes," both Tsiwiyan and Sisigadi' answered.
hitpi'
N
"woman"
Ex. Mahu hìipí' pititit.
"That woman arrived."
{Morph.: plural form is hitipi'i-w\#}
hikwa- (also: hiqwa-) V (INTR)
"to blow (of wind)"
Ex. Mowa hitqwa-di.
"Now it's windy."
hikwape
N
"wind"
Ex. Hikwape-na niti a-wama-t.
"I feel the wind."
hiqwa- [see: híkwa-]

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hitsa'wi- V (INTR)
"to be cool"
Ex. Tabewąno hitsa'wít.
"Today it's cool."
hytsitsi'I ADV
"very little (in amount)"
Ex. Hitsitsi'I i-waqa-t.
"She gave me very little."
{Morph.: compare with hitsitsi'i-tU}
{Sem.: compare with hidatsitsi'}
hytsitsi'i-tU ADJ
"very little (in amount)"
{Morph.: compare with hitsitsi'I}
{Sem.: compare with hidatsitsi'}
hiya- [see: tihiya-]
honooyu' (also: hoonoyu') N
"oats" (Avena sp.)
hopopo' [see: hapopo']
hoqonowoi' N
"ground cherries (local name)" (Unidentified genus)
Ex. Hoqonowoi' tsau qama-di na-gumaya-s.
"The ground cherries taste good when they're cooked."
hoqonowoinA
N
"big red ant (found in the mountains)"
Ex. Ewa-kU niei hoqonowoina a-boni-t.
"I saw a lot of (this particular species of) big
red ants."
{Morph.: this word is unusual in that it does not take the
oblique case ending when used as a direct object}
hotso EXPR
(an expression used when playing hand game)
{Cult.: this expression is used at the time of guessing to
signify that the player is guessing the location of the
"mother" instead of the "daughter," as is the usual practice}
-ho-tU
PP
"with (a person), accompanied by"
Ex. I-biya-ho-tU nitiqwa aposowabit-na ti-wika-gaa-wai.
"We are going with my mother to beat the manzanita bush
(i.e. knock the berries off of the bush)."

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Howatuni'
PN
(a woman's name)
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-howee
PP
"around, on the edge of"
Ex. Winipi-na a-howee a-wagi.
"Dig a ditch around the tree."
{Synt.: this postposition is not added directly to nouns;
the noun takes the oblique case ending, and the postposition
takes the clitic prefix a-}
Howina'
PN
(a man's name)
Hoyoyowee-tit PN
"Cascadel Ranch"
Ex. Nitmm Hoyoyowee-tugu miya-goi-di.
"The Indians are going to Cascadel Ranch."
{Morph.: "at Cascadel Ranch" is Hoyoyowee-tit; "to
Cascadel Ranch" is Hoyoyowee-tugu}
of the verb) [marked as MNT]
Ex. I-biya pídi-piti-hu-t.
"My mother just arrived."

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ho'nobi
"bat (mammal)"
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-hu- V SUFF

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-hu- V SUFF
    "just" (this suffix indicates momentaneousness of the action
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    "just" (this suffix indicates momentaneousness of the action
    ```
hubawa
N
"meat juice, broth, berry juice"
Ex. Sisigadi' a-hubawa-na ti-naamaki-t. "Sisigadi' saved the broth."
hubiya
N
"song, music"
Ex. Poipoi-na mahu a-hubiya. "That's Poipoi's song."
hubiyadu-
"to sing"
Ex. Hubiyadu-daa niti a-naqa-t.
"I hear singing."
\{Morph.: hubiya-du- song-make\}
hubuhiya (also: hubuhuyi; hubuhiya) \(N\)
"mountain elderberries (local name for blue elderberries)"
(Sambucus cerulea)
Ex. Hubuhiya-ma niti pihabi-na maapa'i-wai. "I'm going to make a drink from the mountain elderberries."
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hubuhiyabi
N
"mountain elderberry tree (local name for blue elderberry
tree)" (Sambucus cerulea)
Ex. Hubuhiyabit-ma-taa nìi hubuhiya-na tsoba-di.
"I'm picking elderberries from the mountain elderberry
tree."
{Use: the wood is used to make chopper-sticks and fire
drills}
hubuhiya [see: hubuhiya]
Hugaida'' PN
(a woman's name)
hugubi
N
"pine needles"
Ex. Hugubi-ma a-guhida.
"Smoke it (out) with pine needles."
hugunuyugi- V (INTR)
"to be oblong (in shape); be staight and long (of sticks,
arrowshafts, etc.)"
Ex. Nitmm hugunuyugi-daa tipi-na tsoba-goi-di.
"The Indians are gathering oblong rocks."
huhugama-
V (INTR)
"to be bitter tasting"
{Socioling.: this is an archaic term}
{Sem.: same meaning as sitaqama-}
humunabis
N
"chaparral (local term)" (Unidentified genus)
Ex. Humunabi-na a-dinai.
"Burn the chaparral."
\{Sem.: this is the name of a specific plant, and not chaparral in general\}
\{Use: the sticks are used to make the trim on baby baskets and stirring sticks\}

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"valley quail (local term for California quail)" (Callipepla californica)
Ex. Mowa-hu humunuwa' iyo piti-t. "The valley quails have come here."
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humunuwa''N
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humunuwa''N
huninobi
N
"windbreak"
Ex. I-hutsi' huninobi-wee qati-t.
"My (paternal) grandmother is in the windbreak." \{Cult.: this is a roofless brush shelter used to shield oneself while working, e.g. while making baskets\}

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hupinaqwE
ADV
"outside"
Ex. I-biya hupinaqwe ti-qape-na ti-waapa'i-t.
"My mother made her bed outside."
Ex. Mahu-dai hupinaqwe-ku mahu a-witi-pitit-t.
"She brought that in from outside."
{Morph.: this adverb can take the adjectival suffixes -tU and
-kU}
-hupinaqwe-tU PP
"behind, in back of"
Ex. I-hupinaqwe-tu ihi-wま wazitaduha-goi-t.
"They whispered in back of me."
{Morph.: this postposition takes the possessive prefixes}
huqA
N
"leg"
Ex. Ti-huqa-ma-ku mahu na-giyyi-t.
"He was bitten on his leg."
hutsiduu- "to slobber" V (INTR)
Ex. I-bu_kU ni̇i-wamatugu hutsiduu-t.
"My dog slobbered on me."
hutsi'
N
"(paternal) grandmother, grandchild (through the mother's
son)"
Ex. Simi'' a-hutsi' TsiwiyąnI na-niya-di.
"One of her grandsons was named Tsiwiyan."
{Socioling.: this is a reciprocal term, i.e., both the
grandmother and grandchildren call each other by this term}
Hutuni'
PN
(a woman's name)
Hutununuhi'
PN
(location at and around Rosalie Bethel's house)
huu-
"to flow"
V (INTR)
Ex. Paya qadu' huu-di.
"The water isn't flowing."
huup壬
N
"baby basket, cradle-board"
Ex. A-hutsi' a-huupi-na a-wadiqa-kit-t.
"Her (paternal) grandmother finished her baby basket
for her."
huus' (also: hu'usu') (Auberry dialect) [see: isa'']

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"Pandora moth caterpillar"
Ex. Mowa-hu huuya' tadagai-p.
"Now the (Pandora moth) caterpillars are plentiful."
"me, to me" (first person singular object pronoun)
Ex. Mahu i-gwati-t.
"He shot me."
\{Phon.: the following consonant becomes lenis (voiced)\}
N PREF
"my" (first person singular possessive pronoun)
Ex. Hano-sa' i-bigatusu?
"Where's my purse?"
\{Phon.: the following consonant becomes lenis (voiced)\}
ibehu
ADV
"maybe, perhaps"
\{Synt.: used to form conditional sentences\}
ibehudii
EXPR
"is that right?" (expresses doubt or surprise)
\{Morph.: ibehu-dii perhaps-EMPH\}
iga- "to enter" V (INTR)
Ex. Nitit-nobi-wee iga-wai.
"I'm going to enter your house."
ihi [see: ihu]
ihiwf
DEM PRON
"these; they"
Ex. Ihiw
"These Indians who just arrived are eating now."
\{Morph.: i-hi-w \(\ddagger\) this-B-PL\}
ihu (also: ihi) DEM PRON
"this, this one; he, she, it"
Ex. Ihu-dai popi'nI.
"This is paper."
\{Morph.1: i-hu this-B\}
\{Morph.2: oblique form is iqahona\}
ina-
PRON
"over here, around here, here"
Ex. Hii-p \(\ddagger\) ina-tU na-naqa-t.
"Something's being heard around here."
\{Morph.: this pronoun must take a suffix, most commonly -hu
(B) or -tU (ADJ)\}
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inahuhiipm
PRON
"something"
Ex. Inahuhiipæ kima-t.
"Something is coming,"
{Morph.: ina-hu-hii-pm around.here-B-thing-ABS}
ina-hu [see: ina-]
ina-tU [see: ina-]
inatugu (also: inatuguhu) ADV
"around here, in this vicinity"
Ex. Inatuguhu ti-'oga-na ti-watsiki-t.
"She lost her purse around here."
Ex. Inatuguhu na-batsa-t.
"He was killed around here."
{Morph.: ina-tugu here-LOC; ina-tugu-hu here-LOC-B}
inatuguhu [see: inatugu]
inee- "to say, tell, ask" V (TR/INTR)
Ex. "Hitihi''," inee-goi-t.
" "Yes,' they said."
{Sem.: similar to itawa- and tikwi-}
ini'ihu
ADV
"(in) this way, this"
{Morph.: i-ni'i-hu this-like-B}
{Sem.: compare with mani'ihu "(in) this way, this"}
inotsitsi'i-tU ADJ
"little, small"
Ex. Inotsitsi'i-tU i-diboopi-tsi'.
"My land is small."
Ex. Inotsitsi'i-kU niti puweetsi-na a-boni-t.
"I saw the little field mouse."
ino'o-tU ADJ
"big, large (of large objects)"
Ex. A-nobi nohi ino'o-tU.
"His house is very big."
{Sem.: compare with paaba-tU "big (of smaller objects)"}
Isaduwa_'
N
"February"
Ex. Mahu-bo' Isaduwa}\mp@subsup{}{}{\prime}a-ma a-tadaఫai-n
"He was born in February,"
{Morph.: isa-duwa-' coyote-son-AGNT}
{Sem.: the name of this month, which corresponded to a lunar
cycle, refers to the time when coyotes have their pups}

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    isapz
    "liar"
    Ex. Sisimmi' nitimi isapm.
        "Some people are liars."
    {Sem.: associated with isa'" "coyote"}
    isapiyee- V (INTR)
"to be a liar, lie"
Ex. Isaṗyee-daa a-hawa.
"Scold the one who's lying."
Ex. Mahu-bo' isapiyee-di.
"He's lying."
isa' (also: iza_'/huusu'/hu'usu'') N
"coyote"
Ex. Nohi ewa-tU isa' yaga-goi-t.
"A lot of coyotes are crying."
{Compare with isapm}
isikI
EXPR
"excuse me; please move"
{Morph.: i-sikI me-make.way.for}
{Sem.: compare with siki- "to make way for"}
itawa-
V (TR/INTR)
"to tell, inform; instruct"
Ex. "Mino'o-qwee yaduha-nee," ai-'itawa-t.
" 'Don't talk,' she instructed them."
{Sem.: similar to inee- and tikwi-}
iweehusu
ADV
"here in the same place"
{Morph.: i-wee-hu-sU this-LOC-B-ADVR}
{Sem.: compare with uweehusU "in the same place"}
iweet主
ADV
"from here"
Ex. Iweetit nitimi mowa miya-maa-p.
"The Indians from here have left already."
{Morph.: i-wee-ti this-LOC-ABS}
iya
ADV
"there"
Ex. Iya ewa-tU yagabi
"A lot of white oak trees can be seen there."
{Morph.: also occurs as iya-hu}
{Sem.: same meaning as iyanna and iyanna-hu}
iya-hu [see: iya]
iyanna "there" ADV
"there"
{Morph.: also occurs as iyanna-hu}
{Sem.: same meaning as iya}\mathrm{ and iya-hu}

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iyatahanee ADV
"over there, at that place"
Ex. Iyattahanee nitimi ogi-t.
"The Indians had a celebration over there."
{Sem.: indicates further distance from speaker than iya and
iyanna}
iyo
ADV
"here"
Ex. Iyo kimA!
"Come here!"
{Morph.: also occurs as iyo-ho}
iyo-ho [see: iyo]
iyonno ADV
"here it is"
{Morph.: also occurs as iyonno-ho}
{Socioling.: this adverb is used when giving something to
someone: "here you are"}
iyonno-ho [see: iyonno]
iyosu
ADV
"over here"
Ex. IyosU qati-gi!
"Come sit over here (by me)!"
{Morph.: iyo-sU here-ADVR}
iyotohonee (also: yotohonee) ADV
"right here"
Ex. Iyotohonee nitimi ogi-t.
"The Indians had a celebration right here."
{Sem.: compare with iyatahanee}
iyuutA
ADV/LOC/PP
"away from (permanently left), away from...for ever"
Ex. I-'iyuutA i-biya miya-t.
"My mother went away from me for ever."
{Sem.: opposite of wakitA}
izá' [see: isa']

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    #di-tU ADJ
            "long, tall, lanky"
            Ex. Hubuhiya-na a-poqA a-tiz-daqoba--nA iddi-tU,
            "Long elderberry branches were cut."
    zdiwinni-
            "to be tall"
                            V (INTR)
            Ex. Kusiwoqobbi qa|du'u-bo' idìwìni-di.
            "The Jeffrey pine tree is not tall."
            {Morph.: idi-wini- long-stand}
    idi'i土-
"to be hot"
idi'í-tU ADJ
"hot"
Ex. I-hu paya iddi'it-tU.
"This water is hot."
4-
"you" (second person singular object pronoun)
Ex. Qadu' niti i-poni-duwa-p.
"I can't see you."
{Phon.: the following consonant remains voiceless (fortis)}
N PREF
"your" (second person singular possessive pronoun)

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            "Your mother has arrived now."
    {Phon.: the following consonant remains voiceless (fortis)}
    ※i-
V PREF
"you (all)" (second person plural object pronoun)
Ex. Mahu nagna ti-qawaayu'-aa nasimi-kU iti-giya-t.
"That man gave you (all) his horse."
{Phon.: the following consonant becomes voiced (lenis)}
N PREF
"your (PL)" (second person plural possessive pronoun)
Ex. Nasimi-tU ii-nawaku-na i-giya.
"All of you, give me your money."
{Phon.: the following consonant remains unvoiced (fortis)}
"you" (second person singular subject pronoun)
Ex. Hauti-sa' it miya-wai-ti?
"Where are you going?"
{Morph.: plural form is itiqwa}

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itqwa
PRON
"you (PL)" (second person plural subject pronoun)
Ex. 主qwa-sa' nasimittU miya-wai?
"Are you all going to go?"
inai
EXPR
(used when seeing or hearing something unusual)
ini',}\mp@subsup{}{}{1}
"white-man, Euro-American; English (language); anything
which is dangerous or harmful"
Ex. A-diyaboni! Ini' piti-wai.
"Beware! The white people are coming."
Ex. Uno'o-ho-so nitmm qadu' ini'i-ma yaduha-t.
"In those days the Indians didn't speak English."
in'年2
EXPR
"watch out! beware!"
ini'iyyee- V (INTR)
"to have venereal disease"
Ex. Poipoi ini'iyyee-di.
"Poipoi has venereal disease."
itiponogi- V (INTR)
"to be round (in shape)"
Ex. A-'onoowi'' itiponogi-di.
"His ball is round."
̇wi-
V (INTR)
"to sleep"
Ex. I-biya 主wi-di.
"My mother is sleeping."
̇ya N
"sore"
Ex. I-wana' iya-ge-tU.
"My little brother has a sore."
Ex. A-'iya-na a-wabitsabi.
"Take care of his sore."
̇yaa'i-
V (TR)
"to stare at"
Ex. Hani'i-sa'a-bo' mahu nana i-'íyaa'i-di
"Why is that man staring at me?"
{Sem.: compare with £'ya'i-}
̇yaap壬
N
"wild (one), untamed (one)"
Ex. Mahu qawaayu' ̇yaapま.
"That horse is wild."

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iyaapiyee-
"to act wild"
Ex. Qawaayu' nohi iyaapiyee-t.
"The horse is acting wild."
izi'ì- V (INTR)
"to be cold"
Ex. I-biya-tsí' izi'it-nee sininimgi-t.
"My mother shivers when she's cold."
Ex. Toowano tiboopま nohi izi'í-di.
"In the winter the environment is cold."
izi'主-tU ADJ
"cold"
Ex. Mahu izzi'it-tU.
"That one is cold."
f'iya'i- [see: i'ya'i-]
i'ya'i- (also:i'iya'i-) V (TR)
"to observe, watch closely, watch constantly"
Ex. Hani'i-sa'a-bo' nitimf i-zau-'i'iya'i-di?
"Why are the Indians watching me so closely?"
{Sem.: compare with ti'iyaa'i- and iyaa'i-}

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-ki }\mp@subsup{}{}{1
AUX V
"come" (indicates returning in the direction of the speaker
after completing some action)
Ex. Qawaayu'-aa a-zaqa-ki.
"Lead the horse back (toward the speaker)."
Ex. I-giya-ki!
"come give it to me!"
{Sem.1: compare with -gi}
{Sem.2: opposite of -gaa-}
-ki}\mp@subsup{}{}{2
V SUFF
"to do something quickly"
Ex. Yabi'isu a-dicka-ki!
"Hurry and eat quickly!"
-ki- AUX V
"to do something off and on, not doing something steadily"
(with singular subject)
Ex. miya-ki- "going on and off"
Ex. tika-ki- "eating off and on"
Ex. poyoha-ki- "not running steadily"
Ex. Poipoi tika-ki-t.
"Poipoi is eating off and on."
{Morph.: plural form is -pa'i-}
kida'' "groundhog; woodchuck"
"groundhog; woodchuck"
"Now the woodchucks can be seen."
kidi' (also: kidi) N
{From English "kitty"}
{Sem.: same meaning as qaatu'}
kidugi- [see: akidugi-]
kima- V v (INTR)
"to come"
Ex. Mowa hageyaga kima-di.
"Someone is coming now."
-kinee V SUFF
"to do something while coming, to do something along the
way"
Ex. Pahi-kU niti tihita-na a-boni-kince.
"I saw three deer along the way."
{Morph.: -ki-nee -come-SUBR}
{Synt.: this suffix comes after the verb root and is not
followed by any other suffixes}

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KiweenexE
\(V\) (TR)
to"
"to give (sg. obj.)
Ex. I-biya-na a-giya! "Give it to my mother!"
Ex. Mahu ti-giya-t.
"He gave some."
\{Sem.: compare with maqa- "to give (pl. obj.) to"\}
"to always do something, do something habitually"
Ex. O'oono' síwíkudaa mowahuususu yagga-kiya'wi-di. "The rooster always crows in the morning."
\{Synt. : this auxiliary verb is usually followed by the habitual verb suffix -dit
kí- V PREF
"with the teeth, with/in the mouth" (instrumental verbal
Ex. ki'noo- "to hold in the mouth"
Ex. kiyi- "to bite"
-kí-
(someone)" [marked as CAUS]
Ex. I-wu'a-na niti a-gumaya-ki-di. "I'm cooking for my (maternal) grandmother."
"I'm making a dress (for her)."
Ex. A-dika-ki. "Make him eat."
Ex. A-'aapa'ni-na niti a-dika-ki-t. "I ate his apple (for him)."
\{Synt.: this verbal suffix is used to change intransitive ange transitive verbs into verbs that take both a direct and indirect object\}

V (TR)
Ex. I-gibazi-t. "It blinded me."
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kididdihi-
V (INTR)
"to run (of a car or any engine)"
{Morph.: ONM}
{Sem.: this verb refers to the sound that an engine makes}
kitiwo'ibiti-
V (INTR)
"to make a roaring sound when arriving"
{Morph.: kitiwo'i-biti- ONM-arrive}
{Cult,: this verb is used in a myth about Sun, and describes
the sound he makes when arriving home}
k主kま
N
"foot"
Ex. I-gìkm i-gama-ki-t.
"My foot hurts."
kikima'ani-tU ADJ
"different kinds (of)"
Ex. Mahu-bo' kìkima'ani-kU moqo-yaa-dì.
"He's wearing two different kinds of shoes."
Ex. Tai-wiya kikima'ani-tU.
"Our (black oak) acorns are of different kinds."
{Morph.: kit-kima'ani-tU RDP-different-ADJ}
kima'adugusU
ADV
"(in) a different way, another way, a different route"
Ex. I-biya kima'adugusU ni̇imiboyo-naapaa miya-t.
"My mother went along a different trail."
{Morph.: kima'a-dugu-sU different-through-ADVR}
kima'ani-tU
ADJ
"different" (of a singular object)
Ex. Mahu-dai-bo' kima'ani-tU.
"That one is different."
{Morph.: plural form is kikima'ani-tU}
kima'asu
ADV
"another, someone else (in reference to people)"
Ex. I-biya kima'asU kuwadu-t.
"My mother married someone else."
kimimiggi-
V (INTR)
"to run noisily, roar (of a car)"
{Morph.: ONM}
{Sem.: this is the sound of a motor running}
"semen; damned (one) (derogatory term used in describing
another person or thing)"
Ex. KinA.
"Damn him."
Ex. Tihitta--na a-kina-na a-dokwiną'i.
"Throw the deer's semen away."

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    kinnu'
                            N
    "(paternal) grandfather; grandchild (through the father's
    son)"
    Ex. I-gi̇nu' habbi-di.
                            "My (paternal) grandfather is lying down."
    {Socioling.: this term is a reciprocal term, i.e. both the
    grandfather and the grandchildren call each other by this
    term}
    kipa'a- V (TR)
"to split (using one's teeth)"
Ex. Tidinapi-na niti tit-gipa'a-di.
"I'm splitting the roots (with my teeth)."
kipitsini-
V (TR)
"to pinch"
Ex. Tipi-baa-tU niti na-gipitsini-t.
"I was pinched by the rock."
kiqopi'i- V (TR)
"to cut, cut off (with the teeth, a saw, etc.)"
Ex. PuweetsI wisibi-na a-giqqopi'i-t.
"The mouse cut the string (with its teeth)."
{Morph.: ki-qo-pi'i- with.the.teeth-cut-flexible.object}
{Sem.: compare with sagopi'i-}
kisaani'i-
"to fry"
Ex. Tíina-na a-gisaani'I. "Fry the meat."
kisa'a- V (INTR)
"to have one's mouth open, be open-mouthed, be agape"
Ex. I-bini' itwi-nee kisa'a-dabi-t. "My little sister has her mouth open while sleeping."
Ex. A-gisa'A. "Open your mouth."
kisida-
V (INTR)
"to bare one's teeth; grin (showing one's teeth)"
Ex. Hani'i-sa'a-bo' mahu kisida-nitwi-di? "Why is he walking around showing his teeth?"
kisito 'aqa-
$V$ (TR)
"to make faces (at)"
Ex. Mahu-wí ntími i-gisito'aqa-t. "Those people are making a face at. me."
kita-
$V$ (TR)
"to cut, reap, mow (of grass, hay, etc.)"
Ex. Sonabit-na a-gita-t.
"He's reaping the hay."

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kitsi- V (TR)
"to crowd against, be (too) tight on"

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    Ex. I-naawasI i-gitsi-t.
        "My dress is (too) tight on me."
kitsoho-
                                    V (TR)
    "to chew"
    Ex. I-tikamaibi-na tsau a-gitsoho.
        "Chew your food well."
kitsohono N
    "chewing gum"
    Ex. Kitsohono-na a-gitsoho.
        "Chew the chewing gum."
    \{Morph.: kitsoho-no chew-NR\}
    \{Cult.: traditionally chewing gum was made from the milkweed
    plant
    "sharp (one); any object with a sharp edge (such as a knife,
    etc.)"
    Ex. A-qwihi qadu' kiwaabí; a-wihaya-ki.
        "His knife is not sharp. File it for him."
-k 主waduhee
                                    PP
"underneath and close by"
Ex. I-biya winipi-na a-kiwaduhee qati-di. "My mother is sitting underneath (and close to) the tree." \{Synt.: this postposition is not suffixed directly to nouns; the oblique case suffix is added to the noun, and the postposition takes a possessive prefix\}
-kiwa'abaa PP
"close to"
Ex. I-wana' tínodikwa-na a-kiwa'abaa winit-t.
"My little brother is standing close to his wife."
\{Synt.: this postposition is not suffixed directly to nouns; the oblique case suffix is added to the noun, and the postposition takes a possessive prefix\}
"to bite"
Ex. I-wana-tsi' na-giyit-t.
"My little brother was bit."
ki'a
"rainbug (associated with the start of the rainy season)" Ex. Ki'a-na niti a-tuwamit-na tihoowi-di. "I'm digging up the rainbug's children." \{Use: the young are roasted and eaten; adult rainbugs are too tough to eats
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ki'noo- V (TR)
"to hold (something solid) in the mouth (of animals)"
Ex. PukU ti-'oho-na a-gi'noo-t.
"The dog held its bone in its mouth."
{Morph.: ki'-noo- in.the.mouth(IP)-carry}
ku- V PREF
"with heat; with fire" (instrumental verbal prefix)
Ex. kumaya- "to cook"
Ex. kupasaki- "to dry"
Ex. kutiyawi- "to be burned to death"
kuđuba-
"to be smooth"
Ex. Mahhu tipI nohi kuduba-di.
"That rock is very smooth."
kudusI
N
"angleworm carrier made of hay"
{Soc.: this is an archaic term}
kuđu'
N
"stick (any kind)"
Ex. Kudu'u-tsi'i-ma a-donanawi-t.
"She sewed it together with little sticks."
kuhida- V (TR)
"to smoke out (e.g. an animal from its burrow)"
Ex. Hugubi-ma a-guhida.
"Smoke it out with pine needles."
{Morph: ku-hida- with.fire(IP)-carry}
kuhita'i-
V (INTR)
"to be smokey"
Ex. Tiboopi kuhita'i-t qoso-na a-nai-s.
"A fire is burning, so the land is smokey."
kumaa-
V (TR)
"to vanish over (a hill, mountain, etc.)"
Ex. I-nawa toyabi-na a-gumaa-qe'e.
"My father vanished over the mountain."
{Sem.: compare with wimaa-}
kumabeda'N"summer squash, scallop or pattypan squash" (Cucurbita pepomelopepo)
Ex. I-biya kumabeda'-aa ti-sawa-di.
"My mother is cooking (boiling) summer squash."
kumasaa-

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                                    V (INTR)
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                                    V (INTR)
"to make bread"
Ex. Haniina'a-ma a-gumasaa. "Make bread with the flour."
\{Morph.: ku-masaa- with.heat(IP)-dough\}
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"bread"
Ex. Sisigadi' kumasa'-aa tima-dí.
"Sisigadi" is eating bread."
\{Morph.: ku-masa' with.heat(IP)-dough(from Spanish "masa")\}
kumayaa- V (TR/INTR)
"to cook"
Ex. I-biya tsau kumayaa-di.
"My mother cooks well."
\{Morph.: ku-mayaa- with.heat(IP)-use.hands\}
kumazina-
V (INTR)
"to remove the inner skin from acorns"
Ex. Nit-bo' kumazina-di. "I'm removing the inner skin from the acorns."
kuna
N
"wood"
Ex. Kuna-na kutsa-dí. "Someone is chopping wood."
kunaa-
V (INTR)
"to perspire"
Ex. Poyoha-madika-sI niti kunaa-t. "When I finished running, I was perspiring."
\{Sem.: similar in meaning to musa'i-\}
kunanI
N
"fence"
Ex. Kunani-na a-waapa'i-gaa. "Go mend the fence."
\{From Spanish "corral"\}
kunugibi
N
"valley elderberry (bush)" (Sambucus sp.)
Ex. Kunugibi-na a-dinai. "Burn the valley elderberry (bushes)."
kunu'mihan'
N
"carbuncle"
Ex. Mahu-bo' nehe ewa-kU kunu'mina'a-ge-tU. "He has a lot of carbuncles."
kupasa-
V (INTR)
"to be dried out"
Ex. I-kumayaa-n mowa kupasa-p. "What you are cooking is dried out now."
\{Morph.: ku-pasa- with.heat(IP)-be.dry\}
\{Sem.: compare with kupasaki-\}
kupasaki-
V (TR)
"to dry out"
\{Morph.: ku-pasa-ki- with.heat(IP)-be.dry-CAUS\}
\{Sem.: compare with kupasa-\}
kupasataduha-
V (INTR)
"to be hoarse, talk with laryngitis, lose one's voice"
Ex. I-ginu' kupasataduha-t.
"My (paternal) grandfather has lost his voice."
\{Morph.: ku-pasa-taduha- with.heat(IP)-be.dry-talk\}
kupasa'na-
V (INTR)
"to choke (from swallowing)"
Ex. I-wana-tsi' kupasa'na-t. "My little brother is choking (from swallowing)."
\{Sem.: compare with matsigi'i- "to strangle"\}
kupinaa- [see: nannakupina-]
kupi'a-
V (INTR)
"to be ripe, be cooked"
Ex. Tai-titnaa-ki-n mowa kupi'a-p. "Our garden is ripe now."
Ex. I-di-sawa-n mowa kupi'a-p. "What I've been boiling is cooked now."
kusA N
"bag"
Ex. Ti-kusa-wee aapa'ńi-na ti-dibagi-t. "He packed the apples in his bag."
\{Sem.: compare with kusita'nI "sack"\}
kusida-
V (TR)
"to flash a light on"
Ex. Mosina-baa-tU niti na-gusida-t. "The car's lights flashed on me."
kusidap $\mathbf{I}^{\prime}$
"wormwood" (Artemesia sp.)
Ex. Kusidapi-ma a-batsagda. "Wash him with the wormwood."
\{Use: the leaves are boiled in water to make a liquid that is used as a face wash, nasal decongestant, arthritic and rheumatic analgesic, tea or bath\}
kusedetagiV (INTR)
"to boil, be boiling"
Ex. Mowa $\dot{i-t i-s a w a-n ~ k u s e d e t a g i-t . ~}$
"What your are cooking (boiling) is boiling now."
\{Sem.: compare with sawa- "to cook (something) by boiling"\}
kusiga- (also: kutusiga-) V (INTR)
"to be muddy, be murky"
Ex. Tai-paya kutusiga-t.
"Our water is muddy."
\{Sem.: compare with kutusihuu- "to be murky (of flowing water)

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kusita'nI
                                    N
    "sack"
    Ex. 王-bi' kusita'ni-ge-tu?
        "Do you have a sack?"
    {From Spanish "costal"}
    {Sem.: compare with kusA "bag"}
kusiwaqobi [see: kusiwoqobi]
kusiwoqobí (also: kusiwaqobi) N
    "Jeffrey pine (tree)" (Pinus jeffreyii)
    Ex. Kusiwaqobi-bo' qadu' idi-wini-di.
        "The Jeffrey pine tree is not tall."
kutA
                                    N
    "neck"
    Ex. Midabi a-kuta-ma.
        "There is a tick on his neck."
kutabahaa-
                            v (INTR)
    "to shine (in the dark), be daylight"
    Ex. Tibeewi-ti kutabahaa-t.
        "The (San Joaquin) valley is glowing (with lights)."
kutiyawi-
                            V (INTR)
    "to be burned to death"
    Ex. Poipoi-na a-nobi-na a-nai-sI, Poipoi kutiyawi-t.
        "When his house burned down, Poipoi was burned to
        death."
    {Morph.: ku-tiyawi- with.heat(IP)-die}
kutimina'i-
                            V (INTR)
    "to make acorn drink"
    Ex. I-biya kutiminn'i-di.
        "My mother is making acorn drink."
    {Morph.: ku-timina-'i- with.heat(IP)-acorn.drink-make}
    {Sem.: compare with yimina'}
kutsa-
                                    V (TR)
    "to chop"
    Ex. I-ginnu' kuna-na kutsa-di.
        "My (paternal) grandfather is chopping wood."
    {Sem.: same meaning as wiqobi-}
kutuhubi
                            N
    "coals, charcoal"
    Ex. Kutuhubi qoso-wee.
        "The coals are in the fire."
kutununuhi- v (INTR)
    "to be rolling, keep on rolling"
    Ex. A-'onoowi'' kutununuhi-t.
        "His ball is rolling."
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"dust"
Ex. Tai-nobi kutusibi-si'主. "Our house is full of dust."
kutusiga-
V (INTR)
"to be dusty"
Ex. Tíboop kutusiga-t. $^{\text {. }}$ "The environment is dusty."
kutusigaki-
V (TR)
"to make dusty"
Ex. Qawaayu' poyoha-nee a-gutusigaki-t. "The horse's running made it dusty."
\{Morph.: kutusiga-ki- be.dusty-CAUS\}
kutusihuu-
V (INTR)
"to be murky (of flowing water)"
Ex. Paya kutusihuu-t. "The flowing water is murky."
\{Morph.: kutusi-huu- dust-flow\}
\{Sem.: compare with kusiga- "to be murky, muddy"\}
Kutur unuwití PN
(a placename)
Ex. Ewa-tu taqaati' Kutu'unuwitit. "There are a lot of sourberries at. Kutu'unuwiti."
kuuwa-
V (INTR)
"to be lazy"
Ex. Mino'o-qwa kuwa-nee. A-naamadiyaa!
"Don't be lazy. Put a little life into it."
\{Sem.: compare with kuuwagaa-\}
-kuuwagaan
NOM V
"a lazy person"
Ex. Mahu-bo' na'atsi' a-kuuwagaa-n. "That boy is lazy."
\{Morph.: this morpheme occurs most often preceded by a possessive suffix agreeing with the subject of the verb\}
\{Sem.: compare with kuuwa- "to be lazy"\}
"husband"
Ex. I-guwa-bo' tawahani'i-di.
"My husband is working."

"nine"
Ex. Kima-nee niti kwanigi-kU heewi'-aa a-boni-kinee.
"on my way I saw nine doves."
\{Morph.: when using numerals alone either form is used; when counting specific objects kwanigi-tU alone is used\}
kwanigiwono-tU (also: kwanigiwano-tU) NUM/ADJ
"ninety"
Ex. Kwanigiwono-qwee-tugu a-datsitwi. "Count to ninety,"
kwanunup $\mathbf{x}$
N
"sowberry bush, sourberry bush (local names for squawbush)"
(Rhus trilobata)
Ex. Nit-bo' kwananupi-na sth tga-niwi-gaa-wai.
"I'm walking around gathering sourberry sticks."
\{Cult.: the berries from this plant are called taqaati'\}
\{Use: the sticks are used in basket-making\}
kwata-
V (INTR)
"to shed (skin, hair, etc.)"
Ex. Mahu-dai pogo'ya-na a-kwata-n. "That's the lizard's skin (that it shed)."
Ex. Mowa kwata-dí. "Now it's shedding,"
kwatan NOM V
"shed skin (of a lizard, snake, etc.)"
Ex. Mahu pogo'ya-na a-kwata-n. "That's the skin that the lizard shed."
\{Morph.: kwata-n shed-NR\}
kwati- (also: qwati-) V (TR)
"to shoot (gun, arrow, spear)"
Ex. Iní'i-baa-tu nitmi na-gwati-t.
"Indians were shot by the whiteman."
Ex. Níimq mowa aagai-na ti-gwati-gaa-wai. "The Indians are going to spear salmon now."
kwatuha-
V (INTR)
"to fall, stumble"
Ex. Qawaayu' natomina-sI kwatuha-t.
"When the horse turned its ankle, it fell down."
\{Sem.: compare with tatsa'a- "to fall over (of objects)"\}
kwazazahi-
V (INTR)
"to fall (from a height) (used in reference to a single type
of thing which is falling one after the other)"
Ex. Wiya mowa kwazazahi-p.
"The black oak acorns are falling now."
\{Sem.1: the subject of this verb is considered plural\}
(Sem. 2: compare with qwatsa'i- "to fall (SG SUBJ)"\}
"tail"
Ex. Qawaayu' muwibi-na $t_{i}-k w a z i-m a \operatorname{a-gwiya-t.~}$ "The horse whipped the flies with its tail."
kwidabugidabi-
V (INTR)
"to lie unconscious, lie on the ground without moving"
Ex. I-biya-tsi' miya-nee miyi-na a-to'o-wee tatigi-s kwidabugidabi-t.
"While my mother was going along, she stepped in a gopher hole, and was lying on the ground."
-kwidanna
N/ADV
"bottom (N) ; on the bottom (ADV)"
Ex. Pasłkwinabi a-kwidana pagatitt.
"The mud settled on the bottom."
\{Morph.: this word must appear with a possessive prefix attached\}
\{Sem.: compare with kwidana-tu\}
"to defecate on; spray (said of a skunk's odor)"
Ex. A-diyabuni. Pohita ta-gwidana-wai. "Beware of the skunk. The skunk is going to spray us."
Ex. Mahu na'atsi' na-gwidana-t. "That little boy defecated on itself."
kwidana-tU
ADJ
"bottom"
\{Sem.: compare with -kwidana\}
kwidap
N
"feces"
Ex. A-diyabuni. Manno puku-na a-kwidapł. Mino' a-wee tatigi-nee. "Watch out, there's dog feces. Don't step in it."
kwisI (also: kwisibí) N
"string, thread (traditionally made from milkweed)"
Ex. Kwisibit-ma a-witawa.
"Tie it with the string."
\{Sem.: this word refers to something which is thinner than tiggap )
kwita- $V$ (INTR)
"to defecate"
Ex. Kwitanobi-weetugu a-gwita-gaa. "Go poop in the toilet."
kwitaa-
V (TR)
"to surround, go around"
Ex. Poipoi poyoha-nee ti-nobi-na a-gwitaa-t. "Poipoi went running around his house."
kwitadabiV (INTR)
"to defecate in bed"
Ex. I-biya-tsi' qama-nee kwitadabi-t.
"When my mother was ill, she defecated in bed."
\{Morph.: kwita-dabi- defecate-lie\}
kwitanobi $N$
"toilet, outhouse, restroom"
Ex. Yabi'isu, kwitanobi-weetugu a-wiya.
"Hurry up and go to the outhouse."
\{Morph.: kwita-nobi defecate-house\}
kwitsI [see: qwetsI]
kwiwi ADV
"to the north"
Ex. Kwiwi-daaqwa miya-wai.
"We are going to the north."
\{Sem.: same meaning as tinaqwE\}
kwiwitit
ADV
"from the north"
Ex. Mahu-wí níimf pidi-pitiz-di kwiwiti. "Those Indians who just arrived are from the north."
\{Morph.: kwiwi-ti north-ABS\}
kwiya-
"to whip, spank"
Ex. Mahu-wí na-na'atsi' titi-kinu'u-baa-tU na-gwiya-goi-t. "Those little boys were spanked by their (paternal) grandfather."

Kwizabayá PN
"Mono Lake"
Ex. Kwizabaya'a-wee-ti nitimi piti-t.
"The Indians from Mono Lake have arrived."
\{Morph.: kwiza-baya' brine.fly.larvae-water\}
kwizabi
"Indian shrimp (local name), brine fly larvae"
Ex. Kwizabi pakwi-gama-di. "Indian shrimp tastes like fish."
kwizabidikatí (also: kwizadika') N
"Mono Lake Paiute"
\{Morph.: kwizabi-dika-ti' brine.fly.larvae-eat-ABS\}
kwi'na'
N
"golden eagle"
Ex. Kwi'na' toyabi-ma qati-dì.
"The golden eagle lives in the mountains."
\{Morph.: kwi'-na' ONOM-it.says\}

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kwídíbi- V (INTR)
    "to fall out (of hair, etc.)"
    Ex. A-qwoopE kwiditbi-di.
        "His hair is falling out."
kw主gi
                                N
    "clitoris"
    Ex. Hitipi'i-wま kwiggi-ge-tu.
        "Females have a clitoris."
kwihi-
                            V (INTR)
    "to get drunk; be drunk"
    Ex. Mino' waini-na hibi-nee, ì kwihi-qwa-t.
        "Don't drink wine, or else you might get drunk."
kwíidit'
                            N
    "friend"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' i-gwitidi'.
        "That's my friend."
    {Sociol.: less common than poso'}
kwisaa-
    "to be finished"
    Ex. Mahu-wi nitimm ogi-di, mowa kwisaa-p.
        "Those Indians who were celebrating are finished now."
kwisada- V (INTR)
    "to hatch (from an egg)"
    Ex. Mahu muwibi-wi mowa kwisada-t.
        "Those flies have hatched."
kwita-
                            V (TR)
    "to wrap, wind around (of a bandage)"
    Ex. A-maya-na paniiyu'u-ma a-gwita-ki.
        "Wrap his hand with a cloth."
```

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ma- V PREF
    "pertaining to the hand" (instrumental verbal prefix)
    Ex. masiyanU "ring finger"
    Ex. matol "thumb"
    Ex. ma'wizogo "wrist"
    {Sem.: contrast with ta- "pertaining to the foot"}
-ma (also: -maa) N PREF
    "with (instrumental) [marked as INSTR]; on (a surface that
    is not level) [marked as LOC]; by, after"
    Ex. I-biya-ma niti-bo' na-niya-di.
        "I was named after my mother."
    Ex. Toyabi-maa to'apE na-boni-duwa-p.
        "A timberwolf can be seen on the mountain."
-maa-
                                    AUX V
    "to buy"
    Ex. Nit-bo' naawasi-maa-gaa-wai.
        "I'm going to buy a dress."
    {Synt.: this auxiliary verb incorporates its object}
maaba-
V (TR/INTR)
    "to go uphill, come uphill, climb (mountains, etc.)"
    Ex. I-biya kima-nee maaba-kine.
        "My mother came uphill."
    Ex. I-wana-tsi' tit-nobi-wee miya-sI toyabi-na maaba-qaa-wai
        "My little brother will come up the mountain as he goes
        home."
-maap
                                    V SUFF
    "already x-ed"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' qawaayu' mowa puusi-maa-p.
        "That horse is already bloated (after dying)."
    {Morph.: -maa-p -already-COMPL}
maapa'i-
                                    V (TR)
    "to make, fix"
    Ex. Niti-bo' i-toonobi-na i-maapa'i-ki-wai.
        "I'll fix up your wickiup (for you)."
    Ex. Ai-pakwibodono-bo' ai-kinu'u-baa-tU a-na-waapa'i-n.
        "Their fishing poles were made by their (paternal)
        grandfather."
maata- V (TR)
    "to leave behind, abandon, forget"
    Ex. I-biya-tsi'i-bo' ti-masikaada'-aa tit-waata-kine.
        "My mother forgot her handkerchief when she came."
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    maatogoho
        ADV
        "over there"
    Ex. Maatogoho a-gwati.
        "Shoot over there."
    maatohonee
        ADV
    "there, from there"
    Ex. Maatohonee nitmm ogi-pige-t.
        "There the Indians once had a celebration."
        {Morph.: maa-to-ho-nee that-ADJ-B-SUBR}
        {Synt.: this adverb is used to indicate action in a
        particular location}
    {Sem,: compare with yotohonee "here"}
-maa-tU (also: -ma-tU) N SUFF
    "from"
    Ex. Toyabi-ma-tU niti a-pititn.
        "I came from the mountains."
    Ex. I-biya-ma-kU niti ti-naqa-t.
        "I heard it from my mother."
    {Morph.: this suffix is added to nouns or the possessive
    pronouns; note the special forms i-wa-ma-tu "from me" and
    i-ma-ma-tU "from you"}
-maatugu (also: -matugu) N SUFF
    "among; to"
    Ex. Mawi a-poqa-matugu wibìki-t.
        "The tree squirrel jumped among the branches."
    Ex. Muwibi i-wa-matugu i-ma-matugu yotsi-t.
        "The fly flew from me to you."
    {Morph.1: -maa-tugu -LOC-toward}
    {Morph.2: this suffix is added to nouns or the possessive
    pronouns; note the special forms i-wa-matugu "to me" and i-
    ma-matugu "to you"}
mabahi
                                    N
    "kidney"
    Ex. I-mabahi i-gama-kit-t.
        "My kidneys are hurting me."
mabakwi
                                    N
    "tendons"
    Ex. A-mabakwi-na a-gipa'a-sI onnoho-yaisi iti a-basakitt.
        "When you have split its tendons, dry them."
mabinee-
                            V (INTR)
    "to behave"
    Ex. Mahu na'atsi' qadu' su-mabinee-t.
        "That boy isn't behaving."
madagina-
                            V (TR)
    "to hold down with the hands"
    Ex. I-wana'-aa mahu nana a-madagina-di.
        "That man is holding down my little brother."
```

madiqaV (TR)
"to finish"
Ex. I-biya tínina-n a-wadiqa-t. "My mother finished weaving her (coiled) basket."
-madiqaAUX V
"to finish -ing"
Ex. I-wana-tsi' tíka-madíqa-p. "My little brother is finished eating."
magithi-
V (TR)
"to tease"
Ex. I-buku-na niti a-magithídi. "I'm teasing my dog."
mahu
DEM PRON
"that (one); he, she, it"
Ex. Mahu hìpi' i-biya. "That woman is my mother."
Ex. Mahu piti-t. "That one (he/she) arrived."
\{Morph.: ma-hu that-B\}
\{Synt.: oblique form is maqahona; plural form is mahuwf\}
\{Sem.: compare with ihu and uhu\}
mahuw ${ }^{\prime}$
DEM PRON
"those (ones); they"
Ex. Mahuwi niémi pitit-di mowa qooni-wai.
"Those people that arrived are now going back."
\{Morph.: ma-hu-wモ that-B-PL\}
\{Synt.: plural form of mahu\}
mai-
V (TR/INTR)
"to do, become, be"
Ex. Hani'i-sa' 主 mai-di? "What are you doing?"
maikuqaabinaV (INTR)
"to become confused, be confused"
Ex. A-síyee-s, puku hani'-maikuqaabina-t. "The dog became confused when it was scared."
maisI
N
"corn, maize" (Zea mays)
Ex. Mowa maisI qwasi-p.
"Now the corn is ripe."
\{From Spanish "maiz"\}
maitana'i- $V$ (INTR)
"to stay (in a particular position or location)"
Ex. Wa'api-wee-ti nie maitana'i-t.
"I stayed in Northfork."
\{Morph.: mai-tana'i- be-remain\}
"elbow"
Ex. Ti-makibi-ma-taa wi'i-t.
"He fell on his elbow."
maksi' N
"co-in-laws (also used as a term of address by the in-laws to one another)"
Ex. I-waksi'i-wí-na niti ai-boni-t.
"I see my (co-)in-laws."
\{Cult.: This term is the same in sierra Miwok and in various Yokuts languages, such as Chukchansi Yokuts.\}
manahuu

## EXPR

"hello"
\{Soc.: this is the standard greeting used with one or more persons $\}$
-manaqa-
AUX V
"to try (to), attempt (to)"
Ex. Niti-bo' niha-manaqa-wai.
"I'm going to try to make a coiled cooking basket."
manigi-i/manigi-tU (also: manegi-) NUM/NUM ADJ
"five"
Ex. Manigi-kU tinita-na niti a-boni-kine.
"I saw five deer on my way."
\{Synt.: either form is used in counting, while the form manigi-tU is used when enumerating objects\}
manigiwano-tU (also: manigiwono-tU) NUM ADJ
"fifty"
Ex. Manigiwono-kU nit nímitna a-datsíwi-t. "I counted fifty Indians."
mani'ihu
ADV
"(in) that way, that"
Ex. Mino' mani'ihu mai-di. "Don't do it that way."
\{Morph.: ma-ni'i-hu that-like-B\}
\{Sem.: compare with ini'ihu "(in) this way, this"\}
mannoho
ADV/EXPR
"there (ADV); there you are; thank you (EXPR)"
Ex. Mannoho a-gatま.
"Sit there."
\{Morph.: manno-ho there-B\}
mannohobit
EXPR
"congratulations, good work, there you are, thank you"
\{Morph.: manno-ho-biti there-B-EMPH\}
\{Soc.: this expression is used as a sign of approval\}

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mapeda (also: mapeeda) N
    "palm of the hand"
    Ex. Peena-baa-tU niti i-wapeda-ma-ku na-dana-t.
        "I was stung in the palm of my hand by a bee."
    {Sem.: compare with tapeda "sole of the foot"}
mapeeda [see: mapeda]
mapida- V (INTR)
    "to extend one's arms upward"
    Ex. Tsikwi-dit mapida.
        "Extend your arms as much as you can."
maqa-
                                    V (TR)
    "to give (plural object) (to)"
    Ex. Nitmi-na nasimi-kU a-waqA!
        "Give the Indians some!"
    Ex. I-wąqA!
        "Give me some!"
    {Synt.: this verb can take two objects, one direct and one
    indirect, both marked with OBL.}
    {Sem.: compare with kiya- "to give (sg. obj.) (to)"}
maqahona (also: maqahuna) DEM PRON
    "that (one); him, her, it" (oblique form)
    Ex. Maqahona i-giya-ki.
        "Bring me that one."
    {Morph.: ma-qa-ho-na that-ACC-B-OBL}
    {Synt.: this is the oblique form of mahu}
    {Sem.: compare with iqahona and uqwahona}
maqahowina (also: maqahuwinna) DEM PRON
    "those (ones); them" (oblique form)
    Ex. Maqahowinna ai-digwi-t.
        "He told them."
    Ex. Maqahowinna tihita-na kima-nee nit ai-boni-ki-nee.
        "Those are the deer that I saw as I came."
    {Morph.: ma-qa-ho-wi-na that-ACC-B-PL-OBL}
    {Synt.: this is the plural form of maqahona}
    {Sem.: this word has the same meaning as mahuwina}
maqahuna [see: maqahona]
maqahuwina [see: maqahowina]
maqwatsa'i- V (TR)
    "to drop"
    Ex. 五qwihi-na it maqwatsa'i-t.
        "You dropped your knife."
masidaa- V (INTR)
    "to be extended, be stretched out, be open (of hand)"
    Ex. A-maya masidaa-tana'\underline{i-t.}
        "His hands stayed open."
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    masido-
                            V (INTR)
    "to have one's hair stand up (as in fright), bristle"
    Ex. I-bukU isa'-aa a-boni-sI masido-t.
        "When my dog saw the coyote, its hair stood up on end."
    masido
                                    N
    "fingernail(s)"
    Ex. Titmasido-na a-deega-di.
        "She is painting her fingernails."
    {Sem.: compare with tasido "toenails, claws (on back legs)"}
masikaada'
                                    N
    "handkerchief"
    Ex. A-yogasidi i-masikaada'a-wee-tugu .
                            "Blow your nose into your handkerchief."
    {From Spanish "mascada"}
masiya-
                                    V (INTR)
    "to wear a ring (on one's finger)"
    Ex. Mahu hitipi' siyadimi sooha'ani-kU masiya-di.
        "That young woman is wearing a beautiful ring (on her
        finger)."
    {Morph.: ma-si-ya- with.hand-ring-wear}
masiyanu
                N
    "ring (for the finger); ring-finger"
    Ex. Sisigadi'-aa a-masiyanU sooha'ani-tU.
        "Sisidagi's ring is beautiful."
    {Morph.: ma-si-ya-nU with.hand-ring-wear-NR}
masisi'iwaki- V (INTR)
    "to have hands with separated fingers (such as humans and
    lizards)"
    Ex. Ni̇mmま masisi'itwaki-dí.
        "People have fingers (on their hands)."
masitwakinA
        N
    "fingers (collectively)"
    {Morph.: masiwaki-nA have.fingers-NR}
    {Sem.: compare with tasiwakinA "toes (collectively)"}
-mati PP
    "a part of (something)"
    Ex. Mahu wato'na-dai i-naawasi-mati.
        "That button is a part of my dress."
    Ex. A-mataa a-binee-ki-t.
        "She saved part of it."
    {Morph.: -ma-ti INSTR-ABS}
    {Synt. : the oblique form of this postposition is -mataa}
mata'op王
        N
    "roof of the mouth"
    Ex. A-gisa'a-s niti a-mata'opi-na a-boni-kit-t.
        "When he opened his mouth, I saw the roof of his
        mouth."
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Mateeda (also: Mateeda') PN
"Madera, California"
Ex. Mateeda-wee-taa niti pibi-na tsoba-gaa-wai. "I'm going to pick cotton in Madera."

Mateeda' [see: Mateeda]
matibihina
"middle finger"
\{Morph.: ma-tibihina with.hand-middle\}
Ex. Ti-matibihina-maa i-zitsuga-t. "He pointed at me with his middle finger."
-matisu ADV (also used as ADJ)
"(be) a part of (some thing or group)"
Ex. Mahu-dai a-maya-matisu.
"It's a part of his hand (referring to a finger)."
Ex. Mahu-dai mosina-matisu.
"That's a part of the machine."
matoo-
V (INTR)
"to crawl"
Ex. Owaa'nugu' mowahu matoo-t. "The baby is crawling."
matoga $N$
"thumb"
Ex. I-watoga i-gama-kit-t.
"My thumb is hurting me."
\{Morph.: ma-toga with.hand-appendage\}
matsidee-
V (TR)
"to hang on"
Ex. Ni-pini-tsi' ni-piya-ma matsidee-t. "Our little sister is hanging on to our mother."
matsigi'i-
V (TR)
"to strangle"
Ex. Ni主 i-wana'a-baa-tU na-watsigi'i-t.
"I was strangled by my little brother."
Ex. I-wana-tsi' i-watsigi'i-t.
"My little brother strangeled me."
\{Sem.: compare with kupasa'na- "to choke (from swallowing)"\}
matsitsugan U
N
"index finger"
Ex. Ti-matsitsuganu-maa na-daqoba-t.
"He was cut on his index finger."
\{Morph.: ma-tsitsuga-nU with.hand-point.at-NR\}
matsoga-
V (TR)
"to clench in one's hand, hold tightly in the hand"
Ex. I-nawaku-na a-watsoga.
"Hold your money tightly."

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matsoki'i- V (TR)
    "to pounce upon (of a cat, etc.)"
    Ex. Kidii a-watsoki'i-t.
        "The cat pounced upon it."
-ma-tU [see: -maa-tU]
-matugu [see: -maatugu]
mawi
    "tree squirrel (local name), western gray squirrel" (Sciurus
    griseus)
    Ex. Mawi winnipí-na a-datsibuhi-t.
    "The tree squirrel climbed the tree."
maya
                                    N
    "hand"
    Ex. I-waya-na a-za'w\underline{iki.}
        "Shake my hand."
mayabi
                        N
    "gloves"
    Ex. I-mayabi-na a-wa'niga.
        "put on your gloves."
    {Morph.: maya-bi hand-ABS}
-ma'anisU ADV
    "like"
    {Morph.: ma'ani-sU same-ADVR}
    {Synt.: this adverb is suffixed to nouns}
ma'ani-tU ADJ
    "(the) same"
    Ex. Nanna-ma'ani-sunawi-t.
        "Both of them look the same."
ma'naa- V (TR)
    "to irritate (the skin)"
    Ex. Piitisi-na a-pinit i-wa'naa-t.
        "The peach fuzz irritated me (i.e., my skin)."
maa 'na'
                    N
    "mosquito"
    Ex. Maa'na, i-giyit-t.
        "The mosquito bit me."
    Ex. Maa'na'a-baa-tU niti na-giyit-t.
        "I was bitten by the mosquito."
    {Morph.: maa'-na' ONM-it.says}
ma'nihuteene ADV
    "in a few minutes"
    Ex. Ma'nihuteene niti pakwiga-gaa-wai.
        "In a few minutes I'm going to go fishing."
```

"Wrist bone (the protruding bone in the wrist or distal
ulna)"
Ex. Ma'oowá inotsitsi'i-tU ni-'oho. "Our wrist bone (distal ulna) is a little bone."
ma'wizogo

$$
\mathrm{N}
$$

"wrist"
Ex. I-wa'wizogo pawa-t.
"My wrist is swollen."
\{Sem.: compare with ta'wizogo "ankle"\}
ma'wizogoyanU
N
"bracelet"
Ex. A-ma'wizogoyannU nohi sooha'ani-tU. "Her bracelet is very beautiful."
\{Morph.: ma'wizogo-ya-nU wrist-wear-NR\}
midabi (also: mitabi)
N
"tick"
Ex. I-bukU nehe ewa-kU midabi-ge-tU.
"My dog has a lot of ticks."
minee-
V (INTR/TR)
"to say"
Ex. I-ginu-tsi' minee-t.
"My grandpa said."
mihiqaano' N
"Mexican"
Ex. Si-sími' niem玉 paniyoona'-aa "mihiqaano'" a-niya-di. "Some Indians call the Spanish 'Mexicans'."
\{Sem.: compare with paniyoona' "Spanish"\}
\{From Spanish "mexicano"\}
minapaa (-sU)
ADV/ADJ
"on this side (of)"
Ex. Mino' unapaa miya-di. Minapaa-sU iti qati-wai. "Don't ever go on the other side! stay on this side!"
Ex. Minapaa-taa nobi-na a-deega. "Paint this side of the house."
\{Synt. 1: the oblique form of the ADV is minapaa-taa\}
\{Synt. 2: when used as an adjective, this word takes the adjectival suffixes $-t U$ and $-k U$.
\{Sem.: opposite of unapaa\}
minaqwE ADV
"this side (of)"
Ex. Mino' uuta miya-nee! Minaqwe-sU ii kima-wai. "Don't go on the other side! Stay on this side!" \{Sem.: this word represents a shorter distance than minapaa\}

```
minonI
N
"melon" (includes cantaloupe, casaba, honeydew and musk
melon)
    Ex. Mahu minonI i-dika-n pihadagi-di.
            "The melon I ate was sweet."
    {From either Spanish or English "melon"}
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mino' NEG IMP
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mino' NEG IMP
"don't!; (used to form negative commands)"
"don't!; (used to form negative commands)"
Ex. Mino' mani'ihu mai-nee.
Ex. Mino' mani'ihu mai-nee.
"Don't do it that way,"
"Don't do it that way,"
Ex. Mino' mani'ihu mai-di.
Ex. Mino' mani'ihu mai-di.
"Don't ever do it that way."
"Don't ever do it that way."
{Synt.: this word is used to form two types of negative
{Synt.: this word is used to form two types of negative
imperatives: with -nee to mean "don't X" and with -di to
imperatives: with -nee to mean "don't X" and with -di to
mean "don't ever X"; it can also used by itself to mean
mean "don't ever X"; it can also used by itself to mean
simply "don't"}
simply "don't"}
mino'o(-hO) ADV
"at this time"
Ex. Mino'o-ho i-bini-tsi' piti-kiya'wi-di.
"My little sister always arrives at this time."
mino'odaa
NEG IMP
"please don't (used to form polite negative commands)"
Ex. Mino'odaa Yagga-di.
"Please don't ever cry."
Ex. Mino'odaa yaga-nee.
"Please don't cry."
{Synt.: this word is used to form negative imperatives in
the same way as mino'}
{SOC.: this word is politer than mino'}
mitabi [see: midabi]
miya- "to go" V (INTR)
"I don't know where my dog went."
miyabodo- V (INTR)
"to go back and forth"
Ex. I-bukU miyabodo-t.
"My dog goes back and forth."
{Morph.: miya-bodo- go-to.and.fro}
mi'akibodo- V (INTR)
"to move here and there, go here and there"
Ex. I-bukkU mi'akibodo-t.
"My dog goes here and there."
{Morph.: mi'a-ki-bodo- go-come-to.and.fro}

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miyaqaya'wi-
V (INTR)
"to go by, pass by"
Ex. A-wee-ku-sU níiqwa miyaqaya'wi-nee a-boni-t. "Every time we go by, we see him at the same place."
mi'i-
ADV PREF
"this" (used with adverbs of time)
mi'iti ADV
"those of today (both people and things), modern things"
Ex. Mi'itì nijm玉 qadu' muu'atsi-ni-sU mai-t. "The Indians of today don't do things like the Indians of old."
\{Morph.: mi'i-ti this-ABS \}
mi'itodoyommo
ADV
"this evening"
Ex. Mi'itodoyommo taaqwa siwíi-wai. "We're going to gather this evening."
\{Sem.: compare with todoyommo\}
mi'itogawano
ADV
"tonight"
Ex. Mi'itogawano taaqwa suwapaa-wai.
"We're going to rest tonight."
\{Sem.: compare with togawano\}
mi'i'
ADV
"right now"
Ex. Mi'i'i taaqwa mowa pakwiga-gaa-wai.
"Now we're going fishing (right now)."
\{Sem.: compare with mowa\}

\section*{mi'i'isu}

ADV
very soon"
Ex. Mi'i'isu tai-tikamaibi na-noo-piti-wai.
"Our food is going to be brought very soon."
\{Morph.: mi'i'i-sU right.now-ADVR\}
\{Sem: this term refers to a period of time which is longer than pidi'童sU, but sooner than abidasU\}
mida-
V (INTR)
"to straighten one's legs"
Ex. Uuta-tugu mída. "Straighten your legs on the other side."

Midá PN
(a man's name)
míh
N
"porcupine"
Ex. Mihit ti-dana-tí.
"The porcupine is the one who could prick us."
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minaa-
V (INTR)
"to turn, turn back, return, change direction"
Ex. I-biya-tsi' ti-'ooga-na ti-waata-sI minaa-tuhee.
"My mother left her wallet and went back."

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mina'wi
                            ADV
    "a long time"
    Ex. Niti naama-di mina'wi i-biya-baa qati-wai.
        "I'm going to stay at my mother's for a long time."
míy
                            N
    "mole, gopher"
    Ex. Miyi tihoowi-di.
        "The mole is digging."
mobi
    "daughter-in-law"
    Ex. I-wobbi kumayaa-wai-ti.
        "My daughter-in-law is going to cook."
mogooi
    "small lumps which remain unpulverized after the grinding of
    the acorn flour"
    \{Sem.: same meaning as tabitapA\}
Moinanitit
                            Pn
    "Soyuz Point"
    \{Cult.: this peak is located above Lion's Point and contains
    a cave in which bears sing and cry\}
moonoi \(N\)
    "blackberries (local name)" (possible twinberries, Lonicera
    involucrata)
    Ex. Moonoi-na nit tsoba-gaa-wai.
        "I'm going to go pick wild blackberries."
monopi \(N\)
    "straw" (used in basket-making)
    Ex. Monopi-ma nit niha-wai-tit.
        "I'm going to coil a basket with straw."
-moo- "to walk, wander, go around here and there (of a plural
    subject)"
    Ex. Mahu-wi wiya-na tsoba-moo-t.
        "They're are going around picking up acorns."

Moonininawまti
"Finegold, California"
MooyąA PN
(a woman's name)
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moqo
N
"shoe"
Ex. Hano-sa' i-moqo?
"Where are your shoes?"
moqoya- V (INTR)
"to wear shoes, put on shoes"
Ex. Mahu moqoya-di.
"He is putting on his shoes."
{Morph.: moqo-ya- shoe-wear}
mosiinA (also: musiinA) N
"car; machine"
Ex. Mosiina-na tibeewi-tugu a-gima-ki.
"Drive the car down."
{From English "machine"}
mowa
ADV
"now"
Ex. Mowa hauhauna' na-boni-p.
"Now the wild geese can be seen."
{Morph.: this word also occurs as mowa-hu now-B}
mowahu [see: mowa]
mowahusU ADV
"tomorrow"
Ex. Mowahus taaqqua pakwiga-wai.
"Tomorrow we will go fishing."
mowahususU (also: mowahu'ususU) ADV
"in the morning"
Ex. Mowahu'ususu i-biya piti-wai.
"My mother is coming in the morning."
{Morph.: mowa-hu-su-sU now-B-ADVR-ADVR}
mowahu'ususu [see: mowahususU]
Mo'oqasI
PN
(a woman's name)
mubi
N
"nose"
Ex. N主主 mubi-baaqa-t.
"I have a nose bleed."
mugitu- [see: mugituwi-]
mugituwi- (also: mugitu-) V (TR/INTR)
"to make sharp, sharpen; be pointed (of an object)"
Ex. I-witi-na a-mugituwi
"Make my awl pointed."
Ex. I-wana-tsi' i-witi-na a-mugituwi-t.
"My little brother sharpened my awl for me."

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"owl"
Ex. Togawano nix muhu-na a-naqa-tI yaga-daa.
"During the night I heard the owl crying."
muhutsU N
"wasp"
Ex. Muhutsu-na niti a-boni-t. "I see the wasp."
mukutA N
"species of lizard"
Ex. Mukuta ti-giyi-ti'. "The type of lizard bites."
munaa-
V (INTR)
"to be in excess, be excessive, be left over"
Ex. Nit naawasi-du-nee nawazagihi'-aa ti-munaa-ki-t.
"When I was making a dress, some of the yardage was left over."
Ex. Mahu a-kumayaa-n munaa-t.
"What was cooked was left over."
munabi'wa N
"pimples"
Ex. Mino' munabi'wa-na a-zawo'i-nee. "Don't scratch pimples."
musiinA [see: mosiinA]
muusa'i- (also: muusu'i-) V (INTR)
"to sweat, take a sweat bath"
Ex. Muusa'i-madiqa-sI nitmi nabakiya-di.
"After they take their sweat, the people take a bath."
\{Sem. 1: same meaning as nagumeda-\}
\{Sem.2: compare with kunaa- "to perspire"\}
Muusa'amati

\section*{Pn}
"Sweathouse" (name of a spring and hamlet which was located on the old site of Mary Brown's)
Ex. Muusa'amati nitimg pitit.
"The Indians from Musa'amaati have arrived."
muusu'i- [see: muusa'i-]
musina- \(V\) (TR)
"to crawl or stoop under (to go past something)"
Ex. Powenai miya-nee kunani-na a-wusina-qe'e.
"As she was going, Powenai stooped under the fence."
-musu'i-
AUX V
"almost, nearly"
Ex. I-biya nakwizaga-musu'i-t.
"My mother nearly fell."
mutsipI
N
flea"
Ex. PukkU nehe ewa-kU mutsipi-ge-tU. "The dog has a lot of fleas."

Mutsipi-weeti
PN
" (at the) recreation center in South Fork"
Ex. Mutsipi-wee "to the recreation center in South Fork" \{Cult.: this area is named Mutsipl because there are a lot of fleas in the sandy areas there\}
mutsuqa-
V (INTR)
"to have one's eyes closed"
Ex. Hani'i-sa'a-bo' mahu mutsuqa-di? "Why does he have his eyes closed?"
muuna'
N
"mule"
Ex. Muuna'a-maa \(\dot{i}\)-no'mahi-na a-nobiha. "Pack your belongings on the mule."
\{From Spanish "mula"\}
muu'atsI
"old ones, ancestors"
Ex. Mahu nobi muu'atsi-na níimína no'mahii-ge-tU. . "That house has the old ones" things in it (such as a museum)."
muu'atsiyeeV (INTR)
"to become old"
Ex. Nix-bo' mowa hitbitsi'-yee-sI muu'atsiyee-t. "I'm getting old now."
\{Morph.: muu'atsi-yee- elder-become\}
muu'atsiyeepł
N
"something that has become old"
Ex. I-naawasi mowa muu'atsiyeep \(玉\). "My dress has become old now."

Muu'atsiyeep
PN
"Mount Tom (9018 feet elevation)"
\{Morph.: muu'atsi-yee-pi old.one-become-ABS\}
\{Cult.: this mountain is on the western side of the Sierra; on the eastern side there is also a mountain named Mount Tom, 13,652 feet elevation, which is called Wa'atsiyeep \(\begin{aligned} & \text { by }\end{aligned}\) the Owens Valley Paiutes\}
muwibi
N
"housefly"
Ex. Nehe ewa-tU muwibi i-nobi-wee.
"There are a lot of flies in your house."
muwizibi N
"fox-tail" (Hordeum sp.)
Ex. Muwizibi i-buku-na a-naqa-wee iga-t.
"A fox-tail got into my dog's ear."
\{Use: to remove cataracts\}
mu'a
N
"(maternal) grandmother; grandchild (through her daughter)" Ex. I-mu'a mowa hibitsi'-yee-p.
"Your (maternal) grandmother is old now."
\{Cult.: this is a reciprocal term, i.e., both the grandmother and grandchild call each other by this term\}
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-n (also: -nU, -nA) V SUFF
(this suffix changes verbs into nouns) [marked as NR]
Ex. qatinu "chair"
Ex. naboninu "mirror, window"
Ex. namusa'inU "sweat-house"
Ex. I-'ekibe i-ti-sawaa-n nohi atsaga-t.
"The acorn mush which you cooked is very soft."
{Synt.: this verbal suffix is also used to form the
equivalent of a relative clause in English; the subject of
the relative clause becomes a possessive prefix}
na 1- V PREF
(this suffix is used to form the passive voice) [marked as
PASS]
Ex. Ti-kwape-baa-tU winipm na-gadu'utìkit-t.
"The tree was destroyed by the rainstorm."
na}\mp@subsup{}{}{2}\mathrm{ - V PREF
(this suffix is used to show that the the subject and object
of the verb are the same, i.e. reflexive) [marked as RFL]
Ex. Niti pisu na-boni-t naboninu-wee-kU.
"I see myself in the mirror."
na}\mp@subsup{}{}{3
v PREF
"both, each other, to each other" (this suffix is used to
show reciprocal action among more than one subject) [marked
as RCP]
Ex. "Hitihic'," na-'inee-ti-bo' Sisigadi' yaisi TsiwiyanI.
" 'Yes,' both sisidagi' and TsiwiyanI said."
-nA [see: -n]
-na (marks oblique case on nouns that end in a vowel) [marked as
OBL]
Ex. Mahu nana kuna-na kutsa-di.
"That man is chopping wood."
{Sem.: compare with -aa}
naa-
V (TR)
"to grow"
Ex. Mowa-hu i-dinaa-kin naa-t.
"My garden is growing now."
naadiya- V (INTR)
"to be dangerous"
Ex. I-buku-na a-diyabuni, naadiya-di.
"Beware of my dog! It's dangerous."

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naama- ${ }^{1}$ V (TR)
"to look becoming on, look good on (of clothes)"
Ex. A-no'mahii-yaa-nA a-naama-t.
"Her clothes look becoming on her."
naama-2
V (INTR)
"to feel"
Ex. Qädu' niti tsau-naama-t.
"I don't feel good."
Ex. I-naama-maa-kU nit mowa pakwi-na patsa-maa-p.
"To my satisfaction I've got enough fish already now."
\{Synt.: this verb is often preceded by an incorporated
adverb\}
-naama- AUX V
"to feel like $X$-ing, want to $X$, have to $X$ "
Ex. Ni̇i-bo' mowa tika-naama-t.
"I want to eat now."
naamadiyaa- $V$ (INTR)
"to be ambitious, be lively, be active"
Ex. I-bini-tsi'i-bo' naamadiyaa-di.
"My little sister is lively (or ambitious or active)."
naamaki-
V (TR)
"to save"
Ex. Sisisgadi' a-hubawa-na tínaamakit-t.
"Sisigadi' saved the broth."
-naapaa PP
"behind; along"
Ex. Nitmíboyo-naapaa-daaqwa miya-wai.
"We'll go along the trail."
naapú
N
"nail"
Ex. Naapu'u-ma $\dot{\text { i }}$-nobi-na a-dona.
"Nail your house with the nails."
\{From Spanish "clavo"\}
Naaqamai'iweeti PN
(name of an open area approximately six miles south of
Northfork)

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natsa' N

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natsa' N
    "ax"
    "ax"
    Ex. I-gínu' naatsa'a-ma kutsa-di.
    Ex. I-gínu' naatsa'a-ma kutsa-di.
        "My (paternal) grandfather is chopping (wood) with an
        "My (paternal) grandfather is chopping (wood) with an
        ax."
        ax."
    \{From Spanish "una hacha"\}
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    \{From Spanish "una hacha"\}
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naawakU (also: nawakU) N
"money; (traditional) shell money"
Ex. I-naawaku-na i-giya!
"Give me my money!"
{Sem.: this term traditionally referred to shell money, but
today refers to any kind of money}
naawa_sIN
"dress"
Ex. I-biya i-naawasi-na i-waapa'i-ki-t. "My mother made my dress for me."
\{From Spanish "naguas"\}

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naa'ma-

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naa'ma-
                    V (TR)
                    V (TR)
    "to quit"
    "to quit"
    Ex. I-bini' tix-tawahani'i-n naa'ma-t.
    Ex. I-bini' tix-tawahani'i-n naa'ma-t.
        "My little sister quit her job."
        "My little sister quit her job."
nababodonA (also: nannabodonA) N
    "braided hair"
    {Morph.: na-babodo-nA PASS-braid-NR; nanna-bodo-nA
    RFL-braid-NR}
nabahi-i/nabahi-tU NUM/NUM ADJ
    "six"
    Ex. Nabahi-kU niti tihitta-na pazo'o-wee-kU a-boni-kine.
    "On my way I saw six deer at the spring."
    {Synt.: either form is used for counting, and only the form
    nabahi-tU is used for enumerating objects}
nabahiwano-tU
                                ADJ
    "sixty"
nabakiya- V (INTR)
    "to bathe (in water); swim"
    Ex. Nitiqwa nabakiya-di.
        "We're swimming."
    {Morph.: na-ba-kiya- REFL-water(I.P.)-give(sing.obj.)}
    {Sem.: compare with pahabi- "to swim, float on water"}
Nabookiwa''
    PN
    (a woman's name)
naboninu
                                N
    "window; mirror"
    Ex. Niti naboninu-dugu a-boni-t.
        "I'm looking out through the window."
    Ex. Niti pisu naboninu-wee-kU na-boni-t..
            "I see myself in the mirror."
    {Morph.: na-boni-nu PASS-see-NR}
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mayabi $N$
"gloves"
Ex. I-mayabi-na a-wa'niga.
"Put on your gloves."
\{Morph.: maya-bi hand-ABS\}
-ma'anis $U \quad \mathrm{ADV}$
"like"
\{Morph.: ma'ani-sU same-ADVR\}
\{Synt.: this adverb is suffixed to nouns\}
ma'aniz-tU
ADJ
"(the) same"
Ex. Nanna-ma'ani-sunawi-t.
"Both of them look the same."
ma'naa- $\quad V$ (TR)
"to irritate (the skin)"
Ex. Pịitisi-na a-pihit i-wa'naa-t.
"The peach fuzz irritated me (i.e., my skin)."
maa'na' $N$
"mosquito"
Ex. Maa'na' i-giyiz-t.
"The mosquito bit me."
Ex. Maa'na'a-baa-tU niti na-gayyi-t.
"I was bitten by the mosquito."
\{Morph.: maa'-na' ONM-it.says\}
ma'nihuteene ADV
"in a few minutes"
Ex. Ma'nihuteene niti pakwiga-gaa-wai.
"In a few minutes I'm going to go fishing."
ma'oowa'
N
"wrist bone (the protruding bone in the wrist or distal ulna)"
Ex. Ma'oowa' inotsitsi'i-tU ni-oho.
"Our wrist bone (distal ulna) is a little bone."
ma'wizogo
N
"wrist"
Ex. I-wa'wizogo pawa-t.
"My wrist is swollen."
\{Sem.: compare with ta'wizogo "ankle"\}
ma'wizogoyann N
"bracelet"
Ex. A-ma'wizogoyanU nohi sooha'ani-tU.
"Her bracelet is very beautiful."
\{Morph.: ma'wizogo-ya-nU wrist-wear-NR\}
midabi (also: mitabi) N
"tick"
Ex. I-bukU nehe ewa-kU midabi-ge-tU.
"My dog has a lot of ticks."
mihee-
V (INTR/TR)
"to say"
Ex. I-ginu-tsí mihee-t.
"My grandpa said."
mihiqaano ${ }^{\prime} \quad \mathrm{N}$
"Mexican"
Ex. St-sisimi' niemI paniyoona'-aa "mihiqaano"' a-niya-di.
"Some Indians call the Spanish 'Mexicans'."
\{Sem.: compare with paniyoona' "Spanish"\}
\{From Spanish "mexicano"\}
minapaa(-sU) ADV/ADJ
"on this side (of)"
Ex. Minó unapaa miya-di. Minapaa-sU ix $^{\mathbf{i}}$ qati-wai.
"Don't ever go on the other side! Stay on this side!"
Ex. Minapaa-taa nobi-na a-deega.
"Paint this side of the house."
\{Synt.1: the oblique form of the ADV is minapaa-taa\}
\{Synt.2: when used as an adjective, this word takes the adjectival suffixes -tU and -kU .\}
\{Sem.: opposite of unapaa\}
minaquE
ADV
"this side (of)"
Ex. Mino' uuta miya-nee! Minaqwe-sU ${ }_{\underline{\text { it }}}$ kima-wai.
"Don't go on the other side! Stay on this side!"
\{Sem.: this word represents a shorter distance than minapaa\}

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nakwìdibit- V (INTR/TR)
    "to be thinning, be balding, shed (of hair)"
    Ex. Mowa-hu i-wana-tsi', ti-qwoo-na nakwidimbit-t.
        "My little brother is losing his hair."
nakwithee'nu'i- V (INTR)
    "to swing back and forth"
    Ex. I-bíni-tsi' nakwithee'nu'i-di.
        "My little sister is swinging back and forth."
nakwitti' (also: naqwati') EXPR
    "behave! be quiet!"
    Ex. I-tuwamína a-nakwitti'iwwi-tiwm!
        "Tell your children to behave!"
nakwittititiwí- V (TR)
    "to tell (someone) to behave"
    {Morph.: plural object form is nakwiti土'iwittiwi- "to tell
    (people) to behave"}
nakwizzaga-
                            V (INTR)
    "to fall"
    Ex. I-biya-tsi' nakwìzaga-muusu'i-t.
        "My mother nearly fell."
nakwi'nogo-
                            V (INTR)
    "to roll around on the ground, take a dust-bath"
    Ex. Qawaayu' titbipíwee nakwi'noggo-di,
        "The horse is rolling around in the dirt."
namuusa'inu (also: anamuusa'inu) N
    "sweat house"
    Ex. Anamuusa'inu-wee-tit totso'i-di.
    "When the men are in the sweat house, it is dark."
    {Morph.: (a-)na-muusa'i-nu (its-)RCP-sweat-NR}
nanaana [see: nana]
nanaanapæ [see: nannanapæ]
nana
    N
    "man; male (of gender)"
    Ex. Nanaana-wæ toyaniwi-gaa-p.
    "The men have gone hunting."
    {Morph.: two plural forms: nanaana (na-nana REDUP-man) and
    nanaanawま (na-nana-wま REDUP-man-PL)}
nanapm
N
    "grown-up"
    Ex. Mahu-dai-bo' nanap
        "He's a grown-up."
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nanapiyee- V (INTR)
    "to grow up, become an adult"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' mowa nanapiyee-p.
        "He's become an adult now."
nanaqagimaki-
    "to hear (someone or something) coming"
    Ex. Nitmi kima-di nanaqagimaki-t.
        "When the Indians were coming, we heard them from a
        distance."
    {Morph.: na-naqa-gima-ki- PASS-hear-come-CAUS}
    {Sem.: opposite of nanaqawiyaki-}
nanaqawiyaki-
                            V (INTR)
    "to get fainter, fade away in the distance (of sound)"
    Ex. Humunuwa' yaga-di, nanaqawiyakit-t.
        "When the quails are calling, they fade out in the
        distance."
    {Morph.: na-naqa-wiya-ki- PASS-hear-go-CAUS}
    {Sem.: opposite of nanaqakimaki-}
nanayukl [see: nana'yukl]
nana'atsi' [see: na'atsi']
nana'atsi'\underline{iwf [see: na'atsi']}
nana'yukl (also: nanayukI) N
    "handsome, young man (around 25 years of age)
    Ex. Mahu-w壬 nanaąna nana'yukkI.
        "Those men are handsome."
nana'yutsI
                                    N
    "(California) condor"
naniyan N
    "name"
    {Morph.: na-niya-n PASS-name-NR}
nanihan (also: ananihan) N
    "coiling (type of weave used in basket-making)"
    {Morph.: (a-)na-ntha-n (its-)PASS-coil-NR}
nani'i- V (INTR)
    "to be hard (of a surface)"
    Ex. Tazawa_no tibipm nani'ti-di.
        "In the summertime, the ground is hard."
nanna- V PREF
    "each other, with each other, together"
    Ex. PukU nanna-'ihiyee-di.
        "The dogs are mating (with one another)."
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nannaguwa
                            N
    "husband and wife, couple"
    {Morph.: nanna-guwa together-husband}
nannakupina-
                                V (REFL)
    "to challenge each other, one another"
    {Morph.: nanna-kupina- REFL-challenge}
nannakuwadu-
                            V (REFL/INTR)
    "to get married"
    Ex. Poipoi Sisigadi'-hoo-tU nannakuwadu-t.
    "Sisigadi' and Poipoi got married to each other."
    {Morph.: nanna-kuwadu- REFL-marry}
nannanapæ (also: nanaanapま) N
    "elders, older people"
    Ex. Nanaanapi-si'立qobewee tika-wai.
        "Only the elders will eat first."
    {Morph.: na-na-naa-pæ RDP-RFL-grow-ABS}
nannapapa'\underline{a (also: nannapa'a) ADV}
    "on top of one another"
    Ex. Nannapapa'\underline{a a-ditgm!}
        "Put them on top of one another!"
nannapidiki- V (REFL/INTR)
    "to fight one another"
    Ex. PukU nanna-pidikit-t.
        "The dogs are fighting each another."
nannasutihai-
                            V (REFL/INTR)
    "to feel sorry for one another/each other"
nannatapiwa' [see: natapiwa']
nannataqapee'i- V (REFL/INTR)
    "to play Indian jacks (with one another)"
    Ex. Mahu-wi-dai nannataqapee'i-di.
        "They are playing Indian jacks with each other."
    {Cult.: This is a game which children play with small
    stones. While a person throws a rock in the air, the other
    must pick up another and then catch the descending rock.}
nannataqoo'i-
    V (REFL/INTR)
    "to play Indian shinny (with one another)"
    Ex. Mahu-wm na-na'atsi'' nannataqoo'i-di.
        "Those boys are playing Indian shinny."
    {Cult.: This is a game similar to hockey where two players
    start on one end of a field and hit a wooden ball with
    sticks down the field to the goal, which is a tree. One
    player must hit the ball to the right of the tree, the other
    to the left, in order to win.}
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nannatii-
                                    V (REFL/INTR)
    "to copy, imitate (each other)"
    Ex. Mahu-wæ na-na'atsi' nannatiei-t.
        "Those boys copied each other."
nannatsaqa-
                            V (REFL/INTR)
    "to lead one another by holding hands"
    {Morph.: nanna-tsa-qa- REFL-by.pulling(I.P.)-lead}
nannawana'
    "two brothers"
    {Morph.: nanna-wana' together-younger.brother}
nanna'ihiyee- V (INTR)
    "to mate (with one another)"
    Ex. PukU nanna'立hiyee-di.
        "The dogs are mating (with one another)."
Napisa'awamati
                                PN
    (the hill on which Susan Johnson lived)
nap王
                                    N
    "time(s)"
    Ex. Siwi-napi-si''i a-gwitaa-kit.
        "Make it go around once."
naqqa
                            N
    "ear; type of mushroom (shaped like an ear) (Unidentified
    genus)"
    Ex. Ni土i-bo' naqa-gama-t.
        "I have an ear-ache."
    Ex. I-bini'i-bo' toyabi-ma-taa naqa'-aa a-noo-pitit-t.
        "My little sister brought back (this particular type
        of) mushrooms from the mountains."
    {Phon.: some people pronounce this word as naqa' (with a
    final glottal stop) when referring to the mushroom in order
    to distinguish it from the meaning "ear."}
naqa-
                            V (TR)
    "to hear, listen to"
    Ex. Niti-bo' ti-naqa-tI mi-du}\mp@subsup{}{}{\prime}i i-piya qama-di. 
        "I heard that your mother was sick."
    Ex. I-naqqA!
        "Listen to me!"
naqaadi (also: naqaadi') N
    "a card game"
    {Cult.: this is a particular type of game, played with a
    regular deck of cards, during which betting occurs}
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naqaadi'i-
                            V (INTR)
    "to play 'naqadi'"
    Ex. Taaqwa naqaadi'i-gaa-wai.
        "We're going to play 'naqadi'."
    Ex. Ni-'ogi-qwee-tU nitiqwa naqaadi'i-t.
        "At the celebration we played 'naqadi'."
    {Morph.: naqaadi'-i- naqadi(the game)-do}
    {Sem.: compare with wanaaha'i- "to play cards (any game)"}
naqadogi'i-
                            V (TR)
    "to obey, mind; believe"
    Ex. I-na-díikwi-n niti a-naqadogi'i-wai.
        "I going to obey what I was told."
    Ex. Ibehu-dii ibehu i-naqadogi'i-t.
        "I don't know whether she believed me or not (Lit.:
        Maybe she believed me.)."
naqago'ya
            N
    "earring"
naqago'ya- V (INTR)
    "to wear earrings"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' naqago'ya-dí.
        "She has earrings on."
    {Morph.: naqa-go'-ya- ear-ring-wear}
naqahii-
                                    V (INTR/TR)
    "to listen; listen to"
    Ex. A-naqahii! Hipm ina kima-t.
        "Listen! Something is coming."
    Ex. Puku a-naqahii-t.
        "The dog listened to it."
naqai- V (INTR)
    "to make a sound, make a noise"
    Ex. PahabitsI kima-di naqai-noo-t.
        "The bear made a sound as it was coming."
naqasuyaa- V (INTR)
    "to quiet down, become silent, fade into the distance (of
    sound)"
    Ex. A-na-'ogi-madiqqa-sI tiboo-pæ naqasuyaa-t.
        "After the celebration the environment quieted down."
    Ex. Ni̇mmi-du'i yaduha-dí naqasuyaa-t.
        "The people who are talking have quieted down."
naqatso' N
    "one who is deaf"
    Ex. I-bukku-bo' naqatso'.
        "My dog is deaf."
    {Morph.: naqa-tso' ear-without}
```

```
naqatso'oyee-
    "to be deaf"
    Ex. Niti-bo' naqqatso'oyee-di.
        "I am deaf."
    Ex. Niit-bo' naqqatso'oyee-piggetU.
            "I used to be deaf."
    {Morph.: naqa-tso'o-yee- ear-without-become}
naqazayagi-
                            V (INTR)
    "to perk up one's ears (in order to listen)"
    Ex. Nitmi ni-naqa-sI naqazayagi-goi-t.
        "When they heard us, they perked up their ears."
naqa' [see: naqqa]
naqebi}N
    "obedient (one)"
    Ex. I-buku-tsi'i-bo' nohi naqebi土.
        "My little dog is very obedient."
naqupasa'na-
    V (INTR)
    "to choke"
    Ex. Mahu tiinna-na qadu' tsau a-gitsoho-nee naqupasa'na-t.
        "He choked when he didn't chew the meat well."
naqwati'' [see: nakwitti']
naqqwE
                                ADV
    "side"
    Ex. Inaa-naqwE iyo qatm.
        "Come sit on this side."
naqwi'iyyaduwi- (also: nawi''iyaduwi-) V (INTR)
    "to be cut or bruised (flesh wounds)"
    Ex. I-wanatsi'i qawaayu'u-baa-tU na-wi-qwatsa'i-sI
        nawi''iyaduwi-t.
        "When my little brother was riding a horse and was
        bucked off, he became bruised."
nasawaatu'i- V (INTR)
    "to be Saturday"
    {Morph.: na-sawaatu'-i- RCP-"sabado"(Spanish) -be}
nasaya-
                                    V (INTR)
    "to draw blood, be blood-letting"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' híbitsi' nasaya-di.
        "That old woman is drawing blood."
    {Use: to cure high blood pressure}
```

"to shave oneself"
Ex. Mahu-bo' nasiba-di. "He's shaving (himself)."
Ex. Poipoi-bo' ti-qana-na nasiba-di. "Poipoi is shaving off his (own) beard."
\{Morph.: na-siba- RFL-shave\}
\{Sem.: compare with siba- "to shave, scrape"\}
nasibanu [see: anasibanu]
nasito'nA (also: nasito'no) N
"ribbon"
Ex. I-bini-tsi'i-bo' sooha'ani-kU nasito'no-ya-di. "My little sister is wearing a beautiful ribbon."
\{From Spanish "liston"\}
nasimittu (also: nasími-tU) ADJ
"all of it, all of them"
Ex. Nasími-kU a-no'miha-t. "(Then) they packed all of it."
nasoosina-
v (INTR)
"to wash one's hair"
Ex. A-nasoosina-gaa! "Go wash your hair!"
nasukwai- (also: nasukwai'i-) V (INTR)
"to be ashamed; to be in an avoidance relationship with an in-law of the opposite gender (traditional)"
Ex. I-bini-tsi'i-bo' nasukwai'i-di. "My little sister is ashamed."
nasukwaiki-
V (TR)
"to shame, cause (someone) to be ashamed"
Ex. 王 i-nasukwaiki-t. "You made me ashamed."
\{Morph. nasukwai-ki- be.ashamed-CAUS\}
nasukwaip $\ddagger$
N
"private parts, genitalia (male or female)"
Ex. i-nasukwaip
"my private parts, my genitalia"
\{Morph.: nasukwai-p玉 be.ashamed-ABS\}
\{Soc.: this is a polite euphemism for both male and female genitalia\}
nasutaza'aV (INTR)
"to feel out of place, feel awkward"
Ex. I-bini-tsi'i-bo' nasutaza'a-t. "My little sister feels out of place."

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nasuwakwinit-
    V (INTR)
    "to sigh"
    Ex. Mahu nasuwakwinit-t.
        "He sighed."
    {Morph.: na-suwa-kwini- RFL-breathe-stand}
natakwina-
                                    V (INTR)
    "to be coiled up (as a snake)"
    Ex. TogoqA manno-ho natakwina-t.
        "The rattlesnake is coiled up."
natapiwa' (also: natipitwa', nannatapiwa') N
    "partners, colleagues, co-workers, good friends"
    Ex. Mahu-wi-bo' waha-tU nannatapiewa'.
        "Those two are partners."
    {Sem.: similar to poso'}
natenabi
        N
    "chief's assistant, officer of the chief"
    Ex. Manno natenabit-wæ piti-t.
        "The officers of the chief came."
    {Sem.: compare with pohenabi̇ "chief"}
    {cult.: this is a traditional hereditary position passed
    from father to son; this office assists the chief}
natI
    "belt"
    Ex. I-nati-na i-giya!
        "Give me my belt!"
    {Sem.: This is a general term for any kind of belt. Compare
    with qo'iqo'i.}
natígi-
                                V (INTR)
    "dress up, to put on one's best clothes"
    Ex. A-natigi-glaa!
        "Go dress up!"
    {Morph,: na-tigi- REFL-put}
natiggin
                            N (NOM V)
    "clothing, adornment"
    Ex. A-natigign a-naama-t.
        "His clothes look good on him."
    {Morph.: na-tigim-n RFL-put-NR}
natipiwa' [see natapiwa']
natisu'upI
        N
    "medicine"
    Ex. Natisu'upi-na a-hibi.
        "Drink the medicine."
natodobodabi- (also: natobododabi-) V (INTR)
    "to be lying with one's legs curled up"
    Ex. I-dogo-tsi' natodobodabi-t.
        "My grandfather is lying with his legs all curled up."
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natomina-
        V (INTR)
    "to sprain one's ankle"
    Ex. Niti-bo' nitmiboyo-dugu miya-nee natomina-t.
        "I sprained my ankle while I was going along the
        trail."
natsakwata- (also: natsaqweta-) V (INTR)
    "to remove one's clothes, undress"
    Ex. I-biya-tsi' iwi-wai-sI natsaqweta-di.
        "When my mom goes to sleep, she takes off her clothes."
    {Morph.: na-tsakwata- RFL-skin}
natsakweyuhi-
                                    V (INTR)
    "to hang, dangle"
    Ex. Winipi-ma nit natsakweyuhi-t.
        "I am hanging from the tree."
natsapoma-
                            V (INTR)
    "to hang on tightly"
    Ex. I-biya-tsi' i-bi'noo-sI "natsapoma-noo!" i-'itawa-t.
        "When my mother was carrying me on her back, she would
        tell me 'hold on tight!'"
natsaqweta- [see: natsakwata-]
natsibohinaama- (also: natsibuhinaama-) V (INTR)
    "to have a bowel movement"
    {Soc.: this term is politer than kwita-}
natsihanoon N (NOM V)
    "lunch"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' Mowaqasi-na a-natsihanoon.
        "That's Mowaqasi's lunch."
    {Morph.: na-tsiha-noo-n PASS-hunger-carry-NR}
natsipogono
                                    N
    "diaper"
    Ex. A-natsipogono-na i-giya!
        "Give me his diaper!"
    {Sem.: compare with tsipogo'ono "deerskin diaper"}
natsipohinu (also: tsipohinU) N
    "pin"
    Ex. Natsipohinu-ma a-dona!
        "Pin it with the pin!"
    {Morph.: na-tsi-pohi-nU RFL-by.poking-?-NR}
    {Sem.: same meaning as tsipohinu}
Natsiqai'nupz PN
    "Walking skeleton" (a scary character from traditional
    stories)
    Ex. Natsiqai'nupi-na a-diyabuni.
        "Beware of Natsiqai'nupま."
    {Sem.: another name for this character is Wee'mu'}
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natsitoo-
    "to use a cane"
    Ex. Tsugu'u-wæ natsitoo-di kima-t.
        "The old men came using their canes."
nawa
N
    "father; father's brother(s)"
    Ex. I-nawa tihita-na ti-batsa-t.
        "My father killed a deer."
nawaaha'
                                    N
    "pocket knife"
    Ex. I-nawaaha'-aa i-winhaya-kit.
        "Sharpen my pocket knife for me."
    {From Spanish "navaja"}
nawahatu-
                                    V (INTR)
    "to be Tuesday"
    Ex. Tabewąno nawahatu-di.
        "Today is Tuesday."
    {Morph.: na-waha-tu- RCP-two-make}
nawakU [see: naawakU]
nawanagitu-
                            V (INTR)
    "to be Friday"
    Ex. A-nawannagitu-qwee-daaqwa ogi-wiya-wai.
        "On Friday we're going to the celebration."
    {Morph.: na-wanagi-tu- RCP-five-make}
nawana'o-tU (also: nawano'o-tU) ADJ
    "all kinds of things, different kinds of things"
    Ex. Nawana'o-kU niti a-boni-t.
        "I saw all kinds of things."
nawatsakwitu- (also: nawatsikwitu-) V (INTR)
    "to be Thursday"
    Ex. Yommo-ho-ti-qwee-su nawatsakwitu-t.
        "The day before yesterday was Thursday."
    {Morph.: na-watsakwi-tu- RCP-four-make}
nawazagihi'
N
    "(cloth) material (such as cotton, wool, etc.)"
    Ex. Mahu nawazagihi'' a-ti-'atsuna-n sooha'ani-sunawi-t.
        "That material that she sewed looks good."
nawi̇ní-
                                    V (INTR)
    "to be Monday"
    Ex. MowahusU nawinis-wai.
        "Tomorrow will be Monday."
    {Morph.: na-wìnì- RCP-stand}
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nawipona-
                                V (INTR)
    "to lean (up against something)"
    Ex. Nobi-ma tatsibuhinu nawipona-t.
        "The ladder is leaning up against the house."
nawisupita- V (INTR)
    "to think someone/something is good, sound good"
    Ex. A-taduha-n tsau nawisupita-t.
        "His talk sounded good."
nawi'tyaduwi- [see: naqwi'iyaduwi-]
nawoowin N (NOM v)
    "drawing, picture, tattoo"
    Ex. Toyabi-na a-nawoowin niti a-boni-t.
        "I see the picture of the mountain."
    {Morph.: na-woowi-n PASS-design-NR}
    {Synt.: this noun most often occurs with a possessive
    prefix}
    {Sem.: compare with nazimoowin}
nayagaqwee
                            N
    "funeral, cry-dance, powwow (archaic term for funeral)"
    Ex. Niti a-nayagaqwee miya-wai-ti.
        "I'm going to his funeral."
    {Morph.: na-yaga-qwee RCP-cry-LOC}
    {Synt.: this noun most often occurs with a possessive
    prefix}
    {Soc.: this term refers to the funeral ceremony; the
    traditional Mono funeral ceremony is often called a "cry-
    dance" or "powwow" in English}
nayakwi-
                            V (INTR)
    "to play hand-game"
    Ex. Mahu-wま nayakwi-qoi-di.
        "They are playing hand-game."
nazawo'i-
                            V (REFL/INTR)
    "to scratch oneself"
    Ex. PukU pistu nazawo'i-di.
        "The dog is scratching itself."
    {Morph.: na-tsawo'i- RFL-scratch}
nazimoowin
                            N (NOM V)
    "drawing, pattern"
    Ex. Mahu toyabi-na a-nazimoowin togi-t.
        "If that's a drawing of a mountain, it's fine."
    {Morph.: na-zi-moowi-n PASS-with.fingers(I.P.)-design-NR}
    {Synt.: this noun most often occurs with a possessive
    prefix}
    {Sem.: compare with nawoowin}
```

"to be a zigzag design (on baskets)"
Ex. A-nawoowin a-na-niha-ma-tit nazinitagi-di.
"The pattern on the coiled cooking basket is a zigzag design."
\{Cult.: this pattern is associated with males\}
nazipusidu-
$V$ (INTR)
"to be a diamond design (on baskets)"
Ex. A-'apo nazipusidu-di a-ti-woowi-n.
"Her (coiled cooking) basket has a diamond design."
\{Sem.: this pattern is associated with females\}
nazitaaginu
N (NOM V)
"door, doorway"
Ex. A-nazitaaginu-dugu niti iga-t i-nobi-wee.
"I entered your house through the doorway."
\{Morph.: na-zi-taagi-nU PASS-with.fingers-be.open-NR\}
nazitaya- V (INTR)
"to be flowing (of one's breast milk); make the milk flow
from one's breast"
Ex. Mahu pidi-tuwamidu-di nazitaya-di.
"The one who just had the child, her milk is flowing."
\{cult.: this verb refers to the process or method of making one's breast milk flow\}
nazitayadi
N
"breast-cooking ceremony"
\{Morph.: nazitaya-di flow(of.breast.milk)-PROG\}
\{Cult.: this is a ceremony held for expectant mothers to insure that their milk will flow\}
nazitoo-
V (INTR)
"to walk with the aid of a cane, use a cane (when walking)"
Ex. I-ginu' nazitoo-di. "My grandfather is using a cane."
nazitoono
N
"cane"
Ex. Watunapi-ma i-nazitoono a-na-waapa'i-n. "My cane is made from mountain mahogany."
-na' N SUFF
"it says $\mathrm{X"}$
Ex. hauhauna' "wild geese" (it says "hau hau")
Ex. pakipakina' "pileated woodpecker" (it says "paki paki") :Morph.: this suffix is added to the sound made by the animal to which the word refers\}
"little boy"
Ex. Mahu-wま na-na'atsi'i-w $\ddagger$ nabakiya--gaaa-di "Those little boys are going swimming."
;Morph.: plural is nana'atsí' or nana'atsi'iw£\}

```
-ná'i V SUFF
    (Used to form imperative of verb; means to do something
    "right now")
    Ex. Yotsi-na'i.
        "Get up right now."
    na'i- "to burn (of fire)" V (INTR)
    Ex. Mahu na'i-qwa-t.
        "That might burn."
na'idawí-
    "to yawn"
    Ex. Hani'i-sa'a-bo' nii⿱亠䒑日, na'idawi-qatit-t?
        "Why do I keep yawning?"
na'mazagga- V (INTR)
    "to wash one's hands"
    Ex. A-na'mazaga-kit.
        "Wash his hands (for him)."
    {Sem.: compare with naboqowai- "to wash one's face"}
na'mihoowi- V (INTR)
    "to be tired"
    Ex. Niti-bo' tawahani'i-nee na'mihoowi-t.
        "I got tired from working."
    {Compare with wi'mihoowi- "to be tired from physical
    activity"}
na'mutsina-
    V (INTR)
    "to cover (up) one's head"
    Ex. Sisigadi' siyee-sI ti-pizo-ma na'mutsina-t.
        "When Sisigadi" was scared, she covered her head with
        her blanket."
na'nìkwí- V (INTR)
    "to be heavy (in weight)"
    Ex. I-dínoo-n na'nìkwít.
        "What I am carrying is heavy."
na'waazi-
                                V (TR/INTR)
    "to hide from, hide"
    Ex. Tu-tuwapi' i-na'waazi-t.
        "The children hid from me."
Ex．Mahu na＇waazi－di．
            "He is hiding."
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-nee V SUFF
"while $x$-ing, as $x$-ing; don't $X$ " (this suffix is added to form a relative clause, or is used in the negative imperative) [marked as SUBR]
Ex. Tika-nee nakupasa'na-t.
"While he was eating, he choked."
Ex. Sisigadi' hubiyadu-nee kumaya-dit.
"Sisigadi' is singing while cooking."
Ex. Mino' a-dika-nee! Mahu enipa'.
"Don't eat it! It's poison."
\{Synt.: this suffix forms an imperfective relative clause, or the negative imperative\}
neetsa'yee-
V (TR/INTR)
"to be crazy"
Ex. Mahu-bo' na'atsi' a-neetsa'yee-dí.
"That boy is crazy."
\{Synt.: although this verb is only intransitive in English, it can take an direct object in Mono\}
nemenI

## N

"lemon" (Citrus limon)
Ex. Nit-bo' nihi papaaba-kU nemeni-na tidka-di.
"I'm eating large lemons."
\{From English "lemon"\}
"us, to us (not including the hearer)" (first person plural exclusive object pronominal prefix)
Ex. Ni-giya.
"Give it to us."
\{Phon.: the following consonant becomes lenis (voiced)\}
\{Sem. : compare with tai- "us, to us (including the hearer)"\}
V PREF
"with the voice; to insist on, demand to" (instrumental prefix)
Ex. I-bini-tsi' ni-nabakiya-t.
"My little sister insists on swimming."
Ex. Sisigadi' ni-nasoosina-t.
"Sisigadi' insists on washing her hair."
"our (not including the hearer)" (first person plural exclusive possessive pronominal prefix)
Ex. ni-nobi "our house"
Ex. Ni-piya mowa kima-t.
"Our mother is coming now."
\{Phon.: the following consonant remains fortis (unvoiced)\}
\{Sem.: compare with tai- "our (including the hearer)"
(a woman's name)

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        niima'
        N
    "file"
    Ex. Niima'a-ma a-withaya-kít.
        "Sharpen it for her with the file."
    {From Spanish "lima"}
    nimaa'a-
        V (TR)
    "to lie to"
    Ex. I-biya i-nimaa'a-t.
        "My mother lied to me."
    nimadiya- V (TR)
    "to run (someone) off, scare (someone) away"
    Ex. PahabitsI nitmit-na ai-nimadiya-'i-t.
        "The bear scared (them) away."
Nimayawee
                            PN
    (name of a camp site)
    Ex. Nimayawee ewa-tU tihittA qati-dic.
        "Lots of deer stay at Nimayawee."
ninaboni- show off, insist V (INTR)
    "to show off, insist on being seen, try to get attention"
    Ex. I-bini, ninaboni-t.
    "My little sister is showing off."
    {Morph.: ni-na-boni- with.voice(IP)-PASS-see}
nipitsI
    N
    "the root of the nipitsibi plant"
    Ex. Nipitsi-ma a-daqwA.
        "Burn the root and place it on your skin."
    {Use: the root is used as an antispasmodic, or as an
    arthritic, rheumatic and toothache analgesic}
nipitsibi
    N
    "a type of plant" (unidentified genus)
    Ex. Nipitsibitna a-tidina-na a-dihoowi.
        "Dig up the roots of the nipitsibi plant."
    {Use: the root of this plant is used for medicinal purposes}
niponaa-
    V (TR)
    "to 'get smart' with, 'wise off' to"
    Ex. Mino' i-niponaa-nee.
        "Don't get smart with me."
    {Morph.: ni-ponaa- with.voice(IP)-be.superior}
niseenobi
                                N
    "camp circle"
    {Sociol.: this is an archaic term which is no longer used
    but recognized by older speakers; see Gifford 1932:20}
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nitabi-
                            V (TR/INTR)
"to give a gift"
    Ex. I-biya ti-nitabi-gaa-p.
                            "My mother has gone to give a gift."
    {Sociol.: this term is used in reference to the custom in
    which a boy's parents take a gift to the girl's parents to
    start a courtship}
nitisumiya- V (INTR)
    "to give a moral lecture (in order to guide people)"
    {Morph.: ni-ti-su-miya- with.voice(IP)-UNSP-with.mind(IP)-
    go}
nitisumiyaki- V (TR)
    "to direct, guide, put on the right track, make realize
    (through lecturing to someone)"
    Ex. I-ginu' i-nitisumiyaki-t.
        "My (paternal) grandfather made me think (in order to
        guide)."
    {Morph.: ni-ti-su-miya-ki- with.voice(IP) -UNSP-
    with.mind(IP)-go-CAUS}
nito'o- V (TR)
    "to criticize, make fun of"
    Ex. N主mま ewa-tU ni-nito'o-t.
        "The Indians criticized us a lot."
    {Sem.: similar to tinitoo- and tini'itoo-}
nitsadatagi-
                            V (INTR)
    "to make all kinds of noise, make a lot of racket"
    Ex. Ewa-tU nitmm yaduha-goi-nee nitsadatagi-qati-goi-t.
        "The Indians made a lot of racket when talking."
-ni-tU N SUFF
    "like X"
```



```
        "Your dog has a collar like my dog."
    {Synt.: the oblique form of this suffix is -ni-kU}
nituwi- V (TR)
    "to advise, counsel"
    Ex. Nanaanapm ni-nituwi-t.
        "The elders advised us."
niya-
                                    V (TR)
    "to name"
    Ex. I-biya-ma niti na-niya-t.
        "I was named after my mother."
    Ex. I-biya-baa-tU niti na-niya-t.
        "I was named by my mother,"
-niya PP
    "near, close to"
    Ex. Tibina-niya a-diggi.
        "Put it close to the ground."
```

```
    niyapi'a N
    "(some) one with the same name"
    Ex. Mahu nana i-niyapi'a.
        "That man has the same name as I."
    -niya-tU ADJ SUFF
    "more X, X-er" (added to an adjective it intensifies the
    meaning)
    Ex. paaba-niya-tU "bigger"
    Ex. Ewa-niya-kU i-biya i-waqa-t.
    "My mother gave me some more."
    niya' N
    "dime (must be preceded by a numeral)"
    Ex. simi' niya' "one dime, 10 cents"
    Ex. waha-tU niya' "two dimes, }20\mathrm{ cents"
    Ex. pahi-tU niya' "three dimes, }30\mathrm{ cents"
    Ex. I-bini' simi'' niya'-aa i-giya-t.
        "My little sister gave me a dime."
    {From Spanish "real"}
nibaa-
    "to snow"
    Ex. Togawanno níbaa-t.
        "It snowed during the night."
nibabbi
                                    N
    "snow"
    Ex. Nibabi-na niti a-boni-kinee.
        "Along my way I saw snow."
niga-
                            V (INTR)
    "to dance"
    Ex. Niti niga-gaa-wai.
        "I'm going dancing."
niha-
                                    V (INTR)
    "to make coiled basketry"
    Ex. I-biya-bo' nitha-di.
        "My mother is making coiled baskets."
    {Sem.: compare with tigwisi- "to make twined basketry"}
n+is
                            PRON
    "I" (first person singular subject pronoun)
    Ex. N主年 po'oni-wai.
        "I'm going to leach (the acorns)."
nismm悉
                                    N
    "person; Indian; Mono Indian; Mono language"
    Ex. Ewa-kU niti nitmit-na a-boni-t.
        "I see lots of Indians."
    Ex. Níimit-na niti yaduha-duwa-p.
        "I can speak Mono."
```

```
n金mm
N
    "body (of living and non-living objects), torso, upper body"
    Ex. A-nitmm mowa izi'主-p.
        "His body is now getting cold."
    Ex. Mosiina-na a-nitmíi-na nit a-boni-t.
        "I see the car body."
    Ex. A-nitimína a-dosogi-ki.
        "Rub his body for him."
ni̇ímíboyo
                                    N
    "trail, path"
    Ex. Nitmibboyo-naapaa a-wiya!
        "Go on the trail!"
    {Morph.: nimmi-boyo Indian-road}
nitmidiaka'
    N
    "poison shaman, evil shaman, (lit.: people-eater)"
    Ex. Mahuu-bo' tsugu' puha-gge-tU nitmidimka' na-niya-di.
        "That old man is called a people-eater (because he
            practices witchcraft)."
    {Morph.: nitmi-dika-1 people-eat-AGNT}
    {Soc.: this term refers to people who practice witchcraft
    and do harm to others through their supernatural power}
    {cult.: this term is a name for the Western Mono used by the
    Owens Valley Paiute and Mono Lake Paiute in a story
    explaining why the Western Mono were banished to the western
    side of the Sierra}
nìimídiwa- V (INTR)
    "to survive (a tragedy or accident)"
    Ex. I-buku-tsi'i-wm nìmmidiwa-'o-t.
        "My little puppies survived."
nieqqwa PRON
    "we (excluding the hearer)" (first person singular exclusive
    subject pronoun)
    Ex. N主主qwa-bo' eki-gaa-wai.
    "We're going to eat acorn."
    {Sem.: compare with taaqwa "we (including the hearer)"}
nitmmI
                                    N
    "kin, relatives"
    Ex. Tai-nimmI piti-t.
        "Our relatives have arrived."
nimoinU N
    "bracken fern (possibly maidenhair fern)"
    Ex. Nimoinu-ma a-woowi!
        "Make a pattern with the bracken fern"
    {Use: The roots are used in basket-making to make the black-
    colored withes (sticks).}
```

```
    niwi- "to walk, stroll (of humans)
    "to walk, stroll (of humans)"
    Ex. I-biya ti-nobi-wee nitwi-di.
        "My mother is walking to her house."
    Ex. I-biya tiboopi-dugu nohowa-niwi-nimi-di.
            "My mother is walking around in the environment."
    {Morph.: full reduplication of this verb stem indicates
    intensity of action as in the second example}
niwibodo-
                            V (INTR)
    "to walk to a location and return; walk back and forth"
    Ex. I-bukU i-nobi-wee niwibodo-di.
        "My dog goes back and forth to my house."
    {Morph.: nimi-bodo- walk-to.and.fro}
niwimoo-
                            V (INTR)
    "to wander, go about (as a group), migrate"
    Ex. Ewa-tU tihittA yo-qwee niwimoo-t.
    "A lot of deer wandered by here."
    {Synt.: this verb can only be used with a plural subject}
niwin土mi-
                            v (INTR)
    "to walk here and there, walk around"
    Ex. Tiboopi-dugu niwiníwi-di.
        "He is walking here and there through the countryside."
    {Morph.: nimi-niwi- RPT-walk}
    {Compare with niwi-}
nìwi
                    N
    "liver"
    Ex. Niti-bo' tihitta-na a-níwí-na a-sutsaa-di.
        "I like deer's liver."
Nihtyaweeti (also: Nahiyaweeti, Niyiha'aweeti) PN
    "Hogue Ranch"
    Ex. Nitmi Nahiyaweeti piti-t.
        "The Indians from Hogue Ranch came."
    {Morph.: Nihitya-wee-ti PN-LOC-ABS}
ni'i- [see: nani'it-]
nobi
                                    N
    "house"
    Ex. I-biya ti-nobi-wee-tu a-pititn.
        "My mother arrived (here) from her house."
nobiha- V (TR)
    "to pack, bundle up (one's possessions)"
    Ex. Poipoi ti-no'mahii'-aa ti-nobiha-di.
        "Poipoi is packing up his belongings."
    {Sem.: compare with tibagi- "to pack, put into a container"}
```

```
nobitu-
V (INTR)
    "to build a house"
    Ex. I-wana-tsi'' nobitu-di.
        "My little brother is building a house."
    {Morph.: nobi-tu- house-make}
```

nodíkwA
N
"wife"
Ex. I-noditkwA naamadiyaa-di. "My wife is lively."
nodo
N
"throat"
ex. I-nodo i-gama-ki-t. "My throat hurts me."
nohabi- $V$ (INTR)
"to nest, hatch eggs, sit on eggs (of birds)"
Ex. Tsiipa' mowa nohabi-t.
"The birds are nesting now."
\{Morph. no-habi- egg-lie.on\}
nohi (also: nihi, nehe, nahi) ADV
"very, extra"
Ex. Nohi sita-qama-t.
"It tastes very bitter."
nohihiip
N
"someone who misbehaves, someone who is bad (of children)"
Ex. Mahu onno nohihiip $\mathrm{E}_{\text {. }}$ "That one's very bad."
nohiisu
EXPR
"that's right"
\{Soc.: this expression is used in response to a statement to show agreement\}
nohowa- [see: nohowahasU]
\{Synt.: this adverb is prefixed to verbs\}
nohowahasU (also: nohowasU) ADV
"without purpose, aimlessly"
Ex. Mahu nohowahasu wintpi-'aqA niwiniwi-di. "He's just walking aimlessly among the trees."
nohowahasU sukwa-
V (TR)
"to pay no attention to"
Ex. I-nawa-na nohowahasu a-sukwA!
"Don't pay any attention to my father!"
\{NOTE: this is an idiomatic phrase\}
noo-
V (TR)
"to carry, pack, haul"
Ex. Mahu kuna-na ti-noo-dí. "He is hauling wood."

```
    -noo-
                AUX V
    "be in motion while X-ing, be X-ing while going"
    Ex. Niti tika-noo-t.
        "I ate while going,"
    Ex. I-binni' kima-nee wisqohi-noo-t.
        "My little sister whistled while she was coming."
noopiti-
                            V (TR)
    "to bring"
    Ex. Hiipaa-sa' nit noopiti-wai?
        "What shall I bring?"
    {Morph.: noo-piti- carry-arrive}
noozib⿱一土
        N
    "wild bay leaves, California laurel (Umbellularia
    californica)
    Ex. Noozibi-wee nabakiya-gaa!
        "Go bathe in the bay leaves!"
    {Use: the wood is used to make an archer's bow; the leaves
    are used as an inhalant for colds, for rheumatic relief and
    as a disinfectant for scabies; the branches with their
    leaves are used in the shade house roof}
noqaga- (also: noqoga-) V (TR)
    "to steal (something from someone)"
    Ex. Mahu i-dikamaibi-na i-noqaga-t.
        "He stole my groceries from me."
    {Synt.: this verb can take two objects}
noqaga_'
                                    N
    "thief, robber"
    Ex. Mahu tsohoqopai'nu' nohi noqaga,'.
        "The mountain blue jay steals a lot."
    {Morph.: noqaga-' steal-AGNT}
noqoga- [see: noqaga-]
nosidabi- V (TR/INTR)
    "to dream, dream (about)"
    Ex. I-biya-wee-taa niji nosidabi-t.
        "I dreamt about my mother."
    Ex. I-biya-na niti nosidabi-t.
        "I dreamt about my mother."
    {Morph.: nosi-dabi- dream-lie.down}
notina－
V （TR）
＂to put away（of personal possessions）＂
Ex．I－no＇mahii－na a－notinA． ＂Put away your possessions．＂
nowiya－\(V\)（INTR）
＂to move（one＇s place of residence or dwelling）＂
Ex．Nitqwa nowiya－wai． ＂We are going to move．＂
```

\{Morph.: no-wiya- house-go\}

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noyo
                                    N
    "egg"
    Ex. Hano-sa' qainal-aa a-noyo-na iti a-digit-t?
        "Where did you put the chicken's eggs?"
    Ex. Qaina, mowa noyodo-p.
        "The chickens are laying (eggs) now."
noyodo- V (TR/INTR)
    "to lay eggs (of birds)"
    Ex. Tsiipa, mowa noyodo-di.
        "Birds are laying eggs now."
    {Morph.: noyo-do- egg-make}
nozido
                    N
    "meadow lark"
    Ex. Mowa nozido pitiet.
        "Now the meadow lark is here."
no'a
                                    N
    "roe, fish eggs"
    Ex. Aagai-na a-no'a na-gumaya-sI tsau qama-di.
        "Salmon roe tastes good when it's cooked."
    Ex. Aagai-na a-no'a-ma taaqwa pakwiga-gaa-wai.
        "We're going fishing with salmon eggs."
no'apE
                                N
    "afterbirth"
    Ex. Puku-bo' ti-no'ape-na timka-di.
        "Dogs eat their afterbirth."
    {Morph.: no'a-pE roe-ABS}
no'i (also: no'i') N
    "type of tree mushroom" (grows in the fall especially after
    heavy rains) (Unidentified genus)
    Ex. Niti-bo' ewa-kU no'i'-aa ti-wa'yít.
        "I found a lot of tree mushrooms."
    {Use: food}
no'mahii' (also: no'mahii) N
    "(personal) belongings, possessions"
    Ex. I-no'mahii'-aa a-wabitsabi!
        "Take care of my belongings!"
    {From Spanish "ropaje"}
no'mini- (also: no'mahi-) V (TR)
    "to buy"
    Ex. Niti-bo' pakwibodono-na no'mahi-gaa-wai.
        "I'm going to go buy a fishing-pole."
-nU [see: -n]
nuduhidabi- (also: nududuhidabi-) V (INTR)
    "to lie (of roots)"
```

Ex. Ewa-kU níi $a-t i d i n a-n a$ a-boni-tI nududuhidabi-daa. "I see its roots lying (all) around."
odo'odo' (also: odo'odo'na') N
"turkey"
Ex. I-biya odo'odo'-aa kumaya-wai tai-'oogi-qwee-tU tai-tika-wai-n.
"My mother is going to cook a turkey for us to eat at our celebration."
\{Morph.: this word is onomatopoeic\}
ohi-
V (INTR)
"to cough"
Ex. Mahu-bo' ohi-di.
"That one is coughing."
ohinaqwetit
N
"left side (of an animate body)"
Ex. Ti-'ohinaqweti-ma tika-t.
"He ate with his left hand."
\{Morph.: ohi-naqwe-ti ill-side-ABS\}
\{Sem.: opposite of tsaunaqweti "right side"\}
ohiyee-
V (INTR)
"to have a cold, have the flu"
Ex. I-bini-tsi' ohiyee-di. "My little sister has a cold."
\{Morph.: ohi-yee- cough-become\}
\{Sem.: this verb refers to any illness that causes one to cough $\}$
oho

## N

"bone"
Ex. Puku-na a-'oho-na a-giya.
"Give the dog a bone."
ohobanagi-
V (INTR)
"to be yellow, tan, brown"
Ex. A-nobi-bo' ohobanagi-di-ma na-deega-di.
"His house is painted yellow."
ohobi
N
"strong (one)"
Ex. Mahu-bo $\dot{i}-\mathrm{kw}$ isI nohi ohobi. "That thread of yours is very strong."
Ex. Mahu-wモ na-naana nohi ohobi. "Those men are very strong."
ohowane-
V (INTR)
"to be strong, be sturdy"
Ex. I-ginu-tsi' qama-nee qadu' ohowane-t. "when my grandfather was sick, he didn't have strength."
ohowaneki-
V (TR)
"to make strong, make sturdy, give support (to)"
Ex. I-gunani-na niti ti-waapa'i-ku-s ti-'ohowaneki-wai. "I'm going to make my fence stronger."
\{Morph.: ohowane-ki- be.strong-CAUS\}

PN
(a man's name)

## omaa-

"to salt"
Ex. Paapasi-na a-'omaa. "Salt the potatoes."
Ex. Nehe ewa mahu a-'omaa-t. "He salted it too much."
omabi
N
"salt"
Ex. Mahu i-gumaya-n omabi-si'主 a-yigwi-t. "He made my cooking too salty."
omagama'
N
"salt clover" (unidentified genus)
Ex. Omagama'-aa niti tsoba-gaa-wai. "I'm going to gather some salt clover."
\{Morph.: oma-gama-1 salt-taste-AGNT\}
\{Use: the plant is eaten as a green or used as a seasoning\}
Omoxadi (also: Omo'oxadi) PN
(a woman's name)
onnnoho
"then"
Ex. Onnoho-yaisi pidisu miya-goi-t.
"And then they finally left."
\{Morph.: onno-ho then-B\}
onoowí' N
"ball"
Ex. Onoowi'-aa a-giya!
"Give him the ball!"
\{Sem.: this is the name of the wooden ball used to play Indian shinny which has now been generalized semantically to include all balls\}
oogi-
V (INTR)
"to celebrate"
Ex. Mowahusu nijimx oogi-wai. "Tomorrow the Indians will celebrate."
oogiwahi-
V (INTR)
"to go enthusiastically to a celebration"
Ex. Oogiwahi-wai-daaqwa.
"We'll gladly go to the celebration."
\{Morph.: oogi-wahi- celebrate-pursue\}

```
oogiwiya-
                                    V (INTR)
                            "to attend a celebration, go to a celebration"
    Ex. I-bini-tsi' oogiwiya-t.
                            "My little sister went to the celebration."
    {Morph.: oogi-wiya- celebrate-go}
OO&a
                                    N
    "clam shell; coin purse; padlock; turtle"
    Ex. Ooga_-na nitqqwa paya-wee-kU a-zoba-t.
        "We picked up clam shells in the water."
    Ex. Ti-'ooga-na inatugu-hu ti-watsiki-t.
    "She lost her (own) purse around here."
    {Sem.: this word has been generalized in meaning from "clam
    shell" based on a similarity in shape}
oono'
                                N
    "gold (metal); goldenrod (flower) (Solidago sp.?)"
    Ex. Oono'-aa niti tiga-nimi-gaa-wai.
        "I"m going to gather goldenrod seeds."
    Ex. Oono'o-ma mahu a-na-waya-n,
            "It's made of gold."
    {From Spanish "oro"}
oposowa [see: aposowa]
oposowabi̇ [see: aposowabit]
oqogama' N
    "orange" (Citrus sinensis)
    Ex. Ewa-tU oqogama' na-boni-t.
        "A lot of oranges are seen."
osA
                                N
    "bottle"
    Ex. osa-dugu hibi-t.
        "She drank it from (through) a bottle."
osponoowi'
                                    N
    "oak galls"
    Ex. Nohi ewa-tU osponoowi'' yagga'a-ma na-boni-t.
        "A lot of oak galls are seen on the white oak tree."
otsoqoi' N
    "a large variety of toad (unidentified species)"
    Ex. Paaba-tU otsoqoi' i-di-naa-ki-qwee na-boni-t.
        "The big toad was seen in my garden."
owaa'
                                    ONM
    (the sound a baby makes when crying)
owaa 'nugu'' N
    "baby"
    Ex. Owaa'nugu' imi-di.
        "The baby is sleeping."
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owaa'tsits\underline{i}
                                    N
    "baby"
    {Morph.: owaa'-tsi-tsi' ONM-DIM-DIM}
    {Sociol.: this is an older term for a baby than owaa'nugu'}
Owiyaxadi
    PN
    (a woman's name)
OwuuwU PN
    "Rock Creek"
oyoopoyee- V (INTR)
    "to be drunk, be intoxicated"
    Ex. Mahu-wま na-naana oyoopoyee-di.
        "Those men are drunk."
O'i-
                            V (INTR)
    "to vomit"
    Ex. Niti o'i-naama-t.
        "I feel like vomiting."
O'noki''N
    "kingsnake (Lampropeltis sp.)"
    Ex. O'noki'-aa nit a-boni-t.
        "I see the kingsnake."
O'onitwitti
    PN
    (the place where Judge Coletti lives)
O'ooná' N
    "rooster"
    Ex. Mowahususu o'oona' na-naqa-tI yaga-dit: 0'00'00.
        "In the morning the rooster always crows: cockadoodle
        doo."
    {Morph.: o'oo-na' ONM-it.says}
O'OO'OO ONM
    "cockadoodle doo" (the sound a rooster makes when it crows)
```

V SUFF
(shows change of state or completion of action) [marked as COMPL]
Ex. Mowa nozido piti-p.
"Now the meadow larks have arrived."
\{Phon.: this suffix is actually -pI\}
ABS SUFF
(this is an absolutive suffix added onto verbs to make them into nouns and noun phrases) [marked as ABS]
Ex. a-tika-pæ "what was eaten"
V PREF
"with water" (instrumental prefix)
Ex. pa'maga- "to give water"
Ex. pahabi- "to swim"
Ex. pasa'i- "to drip"
Ex. Paya-na a-bazawa.
"Pour the water."

```
-paa N SUFF
    (this is the oblique form of the absolutive suffix -pm)
    [marked as OBL/ABS]
    Ex. A-tika-paa niti a-boni-t.
        "I see what was eaten."
```

paaba-tU [see: paba-tU]
paadede' N
"Church; church-goer, Christian"
Ex. Niti a-na-baadede'e-qwee miya-wai.
"I'm going to the church."
Ex. Mahu-dai-bo' paadede'.
"That person is a church-goer (Christian)."
\{From Spanish "padre"\}
paagú $N$
"type of pink mushroom (which is very rich tasting and
grows in soil rich in manure, e.g. around corrals, after
rains) (Unidentified genus)"
Ex. Niti-bo' paagu'u-ga-wai.
"I'm going to gather (this particular type of)
pink mushrooms."
\{Use: food\}
paaha-
V (INTR)
"to menstruate"
Ex. Mahu-bo' híipi' paaha-di.
"That woman is menstruating."
paaná
N
"shovel"
Ex. Paana'a-ma pasiyapi-na a-witsikwina'i-t. "He removed the sand with the shovel."
\{From Spanish "pala"\}

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Paani'
    PN
    (a female dog's name)
    {Sem.: compare with Aanu'}
```


## paapass

"potatoes"
Ex. Mahu paapasi-na a-sawa-t. "She cooked (by boiling) the potatoes."
\{From Spanish "papas"\}

## paapI

 N"blood"
Ex. Niti a-paapi-na a-boni-t tuzitsigi-daa.
"I see his blood spurting out."
Ex. Kima-nee niti tithita-na a-paapi-na a-boni-kinee nitimiboyo-naapaa.
"On my way I saw deer blood on the trail."
paaqa- ${ }^{\text {"to bleed" }} \mathrm{V}$ (INTR)
"to bleed"
Ex. I-wübi paaga-di.
"My nose is bleeding."
paaqonap
N
"gulley, wash"
Ex. Paaqonapi-wee-tugu a-dakwina'i-gaa.
"Go throw it in the gulley."
paaqwA (also: apaaqwA) N
"a deer stomach which is filled with lungs, liver, heart and other edible organs and roasted over coals"
Ex. I-biya apaaqwa-na tit-zaha-di. "My mother is cutting up the deer stomach to dry (after having roasted it)."
paaqwabi (also: apaaqwabi) $N$
"a bush which has poisonous, black, cherry-like berries"
(unidentified genus)
Ex. Mino' paaqwabit-na a-tuku-na a-dika-nee. "Don't eat the paaqwabi bush's berries."

## paasibi

N
(unidentified plant that grows in wet places; it is dark green and has no leaves)
Ex. Ewa-tU paasibi i-bazo'o-wee naa-di. "Lots of this (particular type of) plant grow at my spring."
(Use: stems are used to make rope-bags by braiding them)
"plum (Prunus domestica)"
Ex. Nit-bo' paatubína a-sutsaa-di.
"I like plums."
\{Use: food\}

```
paba-tU (also: paaba-tU) ADJ
    "big (of smaller objects)"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' nana nohi paba-tU.
        "That man is very big."
    Ex. Mahu-wæ na-naana pa-paaba-tU.
        "Those men are big."
    Ex. Mahu paba-kU nana-na a-boni-t.
        "He sees the big man."
    {Morph.: plural form is pa-paaba-tU RDP-big-ADJ}
    {Sem.: compare with ino'o-tU "big (of larger objects)"}
pabi''
    "older brother"
    Ex. I-babi'' pidi'isU piti-wai.
        "My older brother is coming soon,"
pabo
    N
    "tumpline" (strap attached to the forehead used for carrying
    a burden basket)
    Ex. I-babo-na i-giya-ki.
        "Bring me my tumpline."
pabodo- [see pobodo-]
pabodu- V (INTR)
    "to make a tumpline or pack-strap"
    Ex. I-hutsi' pabodu-di.
    "My (paternal) grandmother is making a pack-strap."
    {Morph.: pabo-du- tumpline-make}
pabono
                                    N
    "deep water"
    Ex. Mino' pabono-wee miya-nee.
        "Don't go in the deep water."
padagwinigi-
    "to be naked"
    Ex. Nitimi nabakiya-nee padagwinnigi-di.
        "The people are naked when they are bathing."
Padasiná'
                            PN
    (a man's name)
pada'
                                    N
    "butter"
    Ex. 五kumasa'-aa pada'a-ma a-deega.
        "Spread the butter on your bread."
    {From English "butter"}
pada'ana-
```

    "to put butter on (something)"
    Ex. 五kumasa'a-ma a-bada'anna.
        "Put butter on your bread."
    {Compare with pada' "butter"}
    padigiz-
V (TR)
"to soak"
Ex. I-no'mahii-na paya-wee a-badigit.
"Soak your clothes in the water."
Ex. Ti-badigit-t.
"She soaked them."
padi'' [see: padi'aa]
padi'aa (also: pad\dot{\prime'}) N
"forehead"
Ex. I-badi''aa-ma-ku niti na-gwiya-t.
"I was hit on my forehead."
padowibi [see: towibi]
{Morph.: pa-dowibi water(IP)-cattail}
paduu- V (TR)
"to pour out (liquid) with a dipper; strain, filter"
Ex. Paya-na a-baduu!
"Pour out the water (using a dipper)!"
paginaa-
V (INTR)
"to be foggy"
Ex. Tabewanno paginaa-dì.
"Today it is foggy."
paginapE
N
"fog"
Ex. Paginape-na niti a-boni-t.
"I see the fog."
pa_ga
N
"arrow, bullet"
Ex. I-bagag-na nitit titwatsiki-t.
"I lost my arrow."
pagati- V (INTR)
"to settle to the bottom (in liquid)"
Ex. Pas抆inabi pagati-t.
"The mud settled to the bottom."
{Morph.: pa-gati- water-sit}
paha
N
"mortar, pounding place"
Ex. I-baha-wee niti miya-di.
"I'm going to my mortar."
pahabi-
"to swim"
V (INTR)

```

Ex. Patsiyata-wee pukU pahabi-t.
"The dog swam in the lake."
\{Compare with nabakiya- "to bathe; swim"\}
```

pahabitsI
N
"bear"
Ex. Pahabitsi-na niti a-boni-t.
"I see a bear."
Paheeti'
PN
(a man's name)
pahi-i/pahi-tU NUM/NUM ADJ
"three"
Ex. Pahi-kU tihitta-na niti a-boni-ki-nee.
"I saw three deer on my way."
{Synt.: either form is used in counting; and only the form
pahi-tU is used for enumerating objects}

```
pahiwano-tU
"thirty"
pahikwapE
"hailstorm"
Ex. Mowa pahikwape piti-p.
"Now the hailstorm has arrived."
\{Morph.: pa-hikwa-pE water-be,windy-ABS\}
pahuu-
V (INTR)
"to flow (of water, in a small creek or river)"
Ex. Paya pahuu-di.
"The water is flowing."
\{Morph.: pa-huu- water-flow\}
pahuupu'i-
V (INTR)
"to dive into water"
Ex. Na-na'atsi'́-wま pahuupu'i-pa'i-goi-t. "The boys are continuously diving."
pahwa
N
"aunt (father's sister)"
Ex. I-bahwa qonowoi-na i-waqa-t.
"My (paternal) aunt gave me some acorn biscuits."
\{Soc.: this term only refers to one's paternal aunt, maternal aunts are called piya\}
pakipaki
ONM
(sound made by the pileated woodpecker when pecking)
pakipakina \({ }^{\prime}\)
"pileated woodpecker"
Ex. Pakipakina' wo'abi-na tìka-di. "The (pileated) woodpecker is eating worms."
\{Morph.: pakipaki-na' ONM-it.says\}
"fish (general term)"
Ex. Mahu nana sooha'ani-kU yuhubi-na pa-paaba-kU pakwi-na tíza'noo-t. "He caught some beautiful, big, fat fish."
pakwibodono N
"fishing pole"
Ex. I-bakwibodono-ma niti pakwiga-gaa-wai.
"I'm going to go fishing with my fishing pole."
\{Morph.: pakwi-bodo-nO fish-stick-NR\}
```

pakwidíka'
N
"crane"

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Pakwidika'a-bo' paya-na a-ho-wee-kU na-boni-di.
"The crane is seen along the edge of the water."
\{Morph.: pakwi-dika-' fish-eat-er\}
pakwiga-
V (INTR)
"to fish"
Ex. Niti-bo' pakwiga-gaa-wai. "I'm going fishing."
\{Morph.: pakwi-ga- fish-gather\}

\section*{pakwiisI}

N
"fishing line"
Ex. Hano-sa' i-bakwiisI?
"Where is my fishing line?"
\{Morph.: contracted from pakwi-wisibi "fish-string"\}
pakwitipl

\section*{N}
"fishing weight"
Ex. Pakwitipi-na níi tiwaapa'i-di. "I'm making fishing weights."
pamaa- "to wade (in water)" \(V\) (INTR)
Ex. I-bini-tsi' paya-wee pamaa-t. "My little sister waded in the water."
pamadi
ADV
"up(hill)"
Ex. Pamadi niti miya-wai. "I'm going uphill."
Ex. Pamadi-tugu a-budawa. "Look up."
\{Sem.: opposite of tibeewま\}
pamo [see: pamopl]
```

pamopI (also: pammo)
N
"cigarette, native tobacco"
Ex. Pamopi-na i-no'mihi-ki-gi.
"Go buy me cigarettes."

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pamo'i- (also: pamu'i-) V (TR/INTR)
"to smoke (cigarettes, pipe, etc.)"
Ex. Niti-bo' pammo'i-wai.
"I'm going to smoke."
Ex. To'isi-dugu a-bamo'i.
"Smoke it in the pipe."
pamu'i- [see: pamo'i-]
panaatad' N
"woodpecker"
Ex. Panaatada'-bo' mowa suuna-di.
"The woodpeckers are storing (food)."
Panaawm
PN
(A man's name)
panaqozabi N
"mountain manzanita bush" (Arctostasphylos sp.)
Ex. Panaqozabi̇ toyabbi-ma-kU na-boni-di.
"Mountain manzanita bushes are seen on the mountain."
{Use: the berries of this variety of manzanita are not used
for making cider}
paneedaba' (also: paneedíbá') N
"sugar pine nuts"
Ex. Paneedaba'-aa nit a-buya-gaa-wai.
"I'm going to beat the sugar pine nuts out of the cones."
{Use: food}
paneewinipim
N
"sugar pine tree" (Pinus lambertiana)
Ex. Ewa-tU paneewinipm na-boni-t toyabi-ma.
"A lot of sugar pines can be seen in the mountains."
{Morph.: panee-winimp sugar.pine-tree}
paniiyu'
N
"cloth, yardage, material, rag"
Ex. Paniiyu'u-ma a-dotsi'a.
"Wipe it with the rag."
{From Spanish "pano"}
pani- V (TR)
"to bring and unload, dump"
Ex. I-gatinu-na a-bani-qe'e.
"He brought my chair."
paniyenta'
N
"black pepper" (Piper nigrum)
Ex. Paniyenta'a-ma a-wa'iha.
"Mix it with the black pepper."
{From Spanish "pimienta"}
paniyoona'
N
"Spanish,-Mexican"

```

Ex. Mahu paniyooná' qwena'a-ti a-pitì-n. "The Spanish came from far away."
\{From Spanish "espanol"\}
panaggapi
N
"west, the Coast Range"王qwa-bi' panagapi-naqwe-ti nitmi?
Ex. "Are you Indians from the west?"
panoo-
\(V\) (TR)
"to fetch, get, carry (of liquids)"
Ex. Paya-na a-banoo-qaa.
"Go get some water."
\{Morph.: pa-noo- water-carry\}
panoomawi N
"a species of lizard (with red markings around its neck)"
(unidentified)
Ex. Panoomawi a-dika-t.
"The lizard ate it."
\{Morph.: pa-noo-mawi water-carry-squirrel\}
panoont N
"bucket"
Ex. Panoonu-wee-kU paya-na a-banoo-gaa.
"Go get some water in the bucket."
\{Morph.: pa-noo-nU water-carry-NR\}
```

papaaba-tU [see: paba-tU]

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\section*{paqaazibi N}
"a type of plant" (unidentified genus)
Ex. Paqaazibit-na niti noo-gaa-wai aa-ma i-suuna-wai-n.
"I'm going to get (paqaazibi) sticks to build an acorn granary with."
\{Use: the sticks from this plant are used in making the acorn granary\}
paqapE N
"leaching bin"
Ex. Mino' i-baqape-wee-tu tibiha-nee.
"Don't play in my leaching bin."
\{Cult.: traditionally the leaching bin was made out of sand next to running water, such as a stream\}
pasa- "to be dry, dried out" (INTR)
Ex. I-no'mahii mowa pasa-p.
"My clothes are dry now."
Pasaapi'itweet主
PN
(an unidentified location north of the mill in Northforks
pasawa-
V (TR)
"to heat (a liquid)"
```

    Ex. I-nawa qope'-aa pasawa-t.
    "My father is heating the coffee."
    {Morph.: pa-sawa- water-boil}
    pasabayee-
V (INTR)
"to have tuberculosis"
Ex. Mahu-bo' pasabayee-di.
"He has tuberculosis."
{Morph.: pasa-ba-yee- be.dry-water-feel}
pasaggi

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\section*{N}
```

"bridge"
Ex. Pasagi-na nit a-bopi-t.
"I crossed over the bridge."
pasakI
N
"receiving basket"
Ex. Hano-sa' a-pasakI?
"Where is his receiving basket?"
\{Cult.: This cradle-board basket is made before baby is born, and since the child's sex is not yet known, no design is put on the hood.\}

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pasaki-

```
pasaki-
                                    V (TR)
"to dry"
Ex. I-biya pakwi-na a-basaki-t. "My mother dried the fish."
\{Morph.: pasa-ki- be.dry-CAUS\}
```


## pasaya

```
N
"mud hen"
Ex. Kima-nee nit patsiyata-wee-kU a-boni-t pasaya-na.
"Along the way I saw the mud hens in the lake,"
pasa'i- V (INTR)
"to leak"
Ex. I-nobi-ba'a-tunee paya pasá'i-di. "The water is leaking from my house."
pasigoqq \(A\)
N
"gopher snake"
Ex. Pasigoqa-na niti nohi iddit-kU a-boni-t. "I see a very long gopher snake."
pasiitapま
N
"(mountain) alder tree" (Alnus tenuifolia)
Ex. Pasiitapi naa-di paya-na a-huu-qwee. "The alder trees grow where the water is flowing."
\{Use: shade\}
pasiyani'i-
V (INTR/TR)
"to visit"
Ex. Niti pasiyani'i-gaa-wai nitimína Tsabodibau-taa. "I'm going to visit the Indians living at Tsibodibau."
Ex. I-biya i-basiyani'i-t.
```

"My mother visited me."

```
pasiyani'inṫwi- V (INTR)
    "to go around visiting"
    {Morph.: pasiyani'i-niwi- visit-walk}
```

pasiyapı
N
"sand"
Ex. I-wana-tsi' pasiyapi-wee-tU tibiha-t. "My little brother played in the sand."
pasłkwinabi
N
"mud"
Ex. Paya pasłkwinabi-si'í. "The water is mostly mud."
Pasisis ..... PN
"Jack Norris's place" (where there is a big spring)
Ex. Pasisí a-wee qati-ti' noo-wiya-p. "The Indians who used to stay at Jack Norris's place have moved away."

## pasłtugu'i-

"to be dry from thirst"
Ex. I-gawaayu' na-zakina-di pasłtugu'i-ge'e. "My horse, which is tied up, is dry from thirst."
\{Sem.: compare with payatee- "to be thirsty"\}
pasímigi-
"to drizzle (on)"
Ex. A-pasi'migi-ma-kU tibooop壬 paya-ge-tU. "The ground is soaked from the drizzle."
pasłqoya
N
"hole in rock (created by water)"
pasoowind
N
"acorn-cracker (a cracking rock for acorns)"
Ex. Tu-tuwapi' i-basoowinu-na i-witi-ki-t. "The children took my acorn-cracker."
pasugu
"water snake"
Ex. Iya pasugu pahabi-t. "There's a water snake swimming there."
pasuwaqa- $V$ (INTR)
"to be windy (before rain)"
Ex. Mowa tiboop $\mathrm{p}^{\text {pasuwaqa-p. }}$
"Now it's become windy (before the rain)."
\{Morph.: pa-suwaqa- water-breathe\}
patagowa'
a type of water snake (which is long, black on the top and red on the underside) (unidentified species)

Ex. Patagowal tsau na-woowi-di.
"The water snake has a good pattern on it."
patakwi'na- $V$ (INTR)
"to get soaking wet (of things)"
Ex. I-no'mahii patakwi'na-tI a-dìikwa-s. "My things got soaking wet when it rained."
\{Sem.: compare with patata'i- "to get sopping wet (of people)"
pataqai'
N
"raccoon"
Ex. Pataqai' togawano iyonno pitit-t.
"The raccoon came during the night."
\{Sem.: note the similarity to pataqa'aa.\}
pataqa'aa
N
"eyebrow (s)"
Ex. $\ddagger$-pataqa'aa a-zibi!
"Pluck your eyebrows!"
\{Synt.: this word does not take the oblique case suffix when used as the object of a verb\}
patata'i-
V (INTR)
"to get sopping wet, be sopping wet (of people)"
Ex. I-wana-tsí patata'i-tI a-díikwa-s toyanixwi-nee. "While hunting, my Iittle brother got sopping wet when it rained."
\{Sem.: compare with patakwi'na- "to get soaking wet (of things)"
patsa-
V (TR)
"to kill"
Ex. Mahu-bo' tihita-na tí-batsa-t. "He killed a deer."
patsaga-
V (TR)
"to wash"
Ex. $\quad$-maya-na a-batsaga-gaa! "Go wash your hands!"
patsanabi
N
"wild rose bush" (Rosa californica)
Ex. Patsanabitna a-diyabuni, mahu tidona-ti'. "Beware of the wild rose bush--it's got stickers."
patsibuhi-
V (INTR)
"to emerge, climb out (from something)"
Ex. Mahu paya-wee-tunee patsibuhi-t.
"He climbed out from the water."
\{cult.: This term is also used to refer to ending the traditional period of mourning after a relative's death.\}
\{Sem.: compare with tatsibuhi-\}

```
patsibuhidi
                            N (NOM V)
            "mourning ceremony; annual mourning anniversary"
    {cult.: This term refers to the ceremony held to mark the
    end of mourning after a person's death. Traditionally this
    ceremony was held a year after the funeral, although richer
    villages would also hold a general ceremony to commemorate
    all the deceased of that village (the annual mourning
    ceremony).}
    {Morph.: patsibuhi-dì climb.out-PROG}
patsiyatA
                                    N
    "lake, reservoir, (a body of water)"
    Ex. Patsiyata-wee-tU nitqwa nabakiya-kinee.
        "We (EXCL) swam in the lake." (Lit.: We've come from
        bathing in the lake.)
    Ex. Patsiyata-wee-tunee niit pakwi-baa-tU na-gi'noo-t.
        "I got the fish in the lake."
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patsobit [see: pazobit]
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patsobit [see: pazobit]
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Paunayee' PN

```"Shuteye Peak (eagle's nest on Shuteye Ridge)"
pawa-
                            V (INTR)
    "to swell"
    Ex. I-waya pawa-di.
        "My hand is swollen."
Pawakitwa'
                                    PN
    (A woman's name)
pawahabiz
                                    N
    "meadow"
    Ex. I-bi̇ni' pahi-kU tihitta-na pawahabi-wee-kU a-boni-t.
        "My little sister saw three deer in the meadow."
pawi
                                    N
            "vein(s)"
    Ex. A-pawi na-boni-t.
        "His veins can be seen."
pawiyapz
                                    N
    "blue oak tree" (quercus douglasii)
    Ex. Nitmi-bo' pawiyapi-maa a-poqa-na a-doqoba-si
        tsiqo'ono-du'i-di.
        "The Indians make their stirring sticks from the blue
        oak tree."
    {Morph.: pawiya-pæ blue.oak-CLSFR}
    {Use: the wood is used to make stirring sticks}
pawiya
                                    N
    "blue oak acorns"
    {Morph.: pa-wiya water-black,oak.acorns}
    {Use: food}
```

```
pawitsiduu-
    V (TR)
    "to drain"
    Ex. Paapasi-na a-bawitsiduu.
        "Drain the potatoes."
pawi'a-
                            V (INTR)
    "to mist, dew"
    Ex. Tìboopm pawí'a-dì.
        "The environment is damp."
pa_ya
                                    N
    "water"
    Ex. Paya-na niti a-hibi-t.
        "I drank the water."
payaga-
                            V (INTR)
    "to get wet"
    Ex. I-no'mahii payaga-t.
        "My clothes are wet."
    {Morph.: paya-ga- water-get}
payagama- V (INTR)
    "to taste watery, taste juicy"
    Ex. Santiiya' payagama-t.
        "The watermelon tastes juicy."
    {Morph.: paya-gama- water-taste}
payatee-
                    V (INTR)
    "to be thirsty"
    Ex. Qadu' paya-na hibi-nee niif payatee-t.
        "From not drinking water I became thirsty."
    {Sem.: compare with pasætugu'i- "to be dry from thirst"}
payawi-
                                V (INTR)
    "to be watery"
    Ex. I-busI payawi-t.
        "My eye is watery."
paya-na a-qwatsa'i-n
    "water fall(s)"
    Ex. Paya-na a-qwatsa'i-qwee taaqwa miya-wai.
        "We're going to the water fall."
    {Morph.: paya-na a-qwatsa'i-n water-OBL its-fall-NR}
payogabi
N
"greenish or brownish slime (that grows in water)"
```



``` "When the environment is hot, the greenish slime can be seen in the spring."
\{Morph.: pa-yoga-bi water-nasal.mucus-ABS\}
```

Payuutsu'
PN
(a man's name)
pazadatagi-
V (INTR)

```
    "to drip down (of water); splash (of water)"
    Ex. Mahu i-bazadatagi-ki-t.
        "He splashed me (with water)."
pazawa- V (TR)
    "to pour (a liquid)"
    Ex. Paya-na a-bazawa.
        "Pour the water."
pazawaki- V (TR)
    "to pour (a liquid) for (someone)"
    Ex. Paya-na a-bazawaki.
        "Pour some water for him."
    {Morph.: pazawa-ki- pour-CAUS}
    {Synt: the addition of the causative suffix enables this
    verb to take both a direct and indirect object}
pazigopiina'
                                    N
    "swallow"
    Ex. Pazi&opiina' mowa piti-p.
        "Now the swallows have come."
pazoobi
                                    N
    "moss, lichen" (Unidentified genus)
    Ex. Pazoobit-na tipi-maa-kU niti a-boni-t.
        "I see the moss on the rock."
pazononogi-
                            V (INTR)
    "to drip"
    Ex. Paya pazononogi-t.
        "Water is dripping."
pazo' "spring (of water)" N
    Ex. Mowa i-bazo' pasa-t.
        "My spring is dry."
pazumi- V (INTR)
    "to be drained out"
    Ex. Paya pazumi-t.
        "The water's drained out."
pazuuku
    N
    "beaver"
    Ex. PazuukU paya-na a-díwa-di.
        "The beaver is damming up the water."
pazuu'
                                    N
    "(big leaf) clover" (unidentified genus)
    Ex. Pazuu'-aa nitit tika-di.
        "I'm eating the clover."
    {Use: the whole plant is used as food}
-pa'i- AUX V
    "X-ing on and off, X-ing continuously"
```

Ex. Nitimi tika-pa'i-t.
"The people were eating off and on."
Ex. Ewa-tU pukU piti-pa'i-t.
"A lot of dogs kept coming."

```
pa'magwida- (also: pa'mugwida-)
(TR)
    "to rinse (out), wring (out)"
    Ex. I-no'mahii-na a-ba'magwida.
        "Rinse out your clothes."
pa'maga-
                                    V (TR)
    "to pour, give (of liquids)"
    Ex. Paya-na i-ba'maga.
        "Pour me a drink of water."
pa'mugu-
                                V (TR)
    "to hold (liquid in one's mouth without swallowing)"
    Ex. Paya-na a-ba'mugu!
        "Hold the water (in your mouth)!"
pa'mutsiya'
                            N
                            "water-skater (common water strider) (Gerris remigis)"
    Ex. Ewa-tU pa'mutsiya'' pazo'o-wee-kU na-boni-t.
        "There are a lot of water-skaters in the spring."
```

pa'oop王 N
"gravel"
Ex. Pa'oopit-na a-noo-ki.
"Go get some gravel and bring it back."
pa'otoso N
"pollywog"
Ex. Ewa-tU pa'otoso na-boni-t.
"A lot of pollywogs are visible."
pa'owaa'
N
"water-baby"
Ex. Pa'owaa'-aa nit a-naqa-tI yaga-daa.
"I hear the water-babies crying."
\{Morph.: pa-'owaa' water-ONM\}
\{cult.: this is a being which is found in springs and
streams\}
pa'witogo
N
"tadpole"
Ex. Patsiyata-na a-howee pa'witogo na-boni-t.
"Tadpoles can be seen along the edge of the lake."
pedawi
ADV
"down"
Ex. Onoowi'-aa pedawi-tugu a-dakwíná'I.
"Throw the ball down the hill."
\{Sem.: compare with pamadi "up"\}
pedisI
N
"wild onion (Allium sp.)"
Ex. Mowa-hu-daaqwa pedisi-ga-gaa-wai. "Now we're going to get wild onions."
(Use: bulb -- food\}

```
pedi+

N
"daughter"
Ex. £-pedi siyadimi. "Your daughter is a beautiful girl."
"bone die (used in hand-game, without a band around it)"
\{Cult.: there are two bone dice used in hand-game, one has a
black band around it and the other does not; this term
refers to the one without the band\}
\{Sem.: same meaning as owaya and ooya\}
pee-
V (TR)
"to call"
Ex. N主-bo' na-bee-t. "I was called."
Ex. İ-bo' \(\dot{y}\)-nawa-baa-tU na-bee-t. "You were called by your father."
Ex. E-pini'-aa a-bee-gaa!
"Go call your little sister!"

\section*{peena}

\section*{N}
"bee"
Ex. Peena-baa-tU niti na-dana-t. "A bee stung me."
peesu'
N
(a unit of money)
Ex. I-biya waha-ku peesu'-aa i-giya-t. "My mother gave me two peesu'."
\{From Spanish "peso"\}
\{Soc.: this is an older term which is no longer used\}
pee'akI N
"grapes (wild and domestic)" (Vitis sp.)
Ex. Pee'aki-na niti tika-di. "I'm eating grapes."

Pee'akintw
PN
"the old Teaford Ranch"
pegi- "to add to (something) " (TR)
Ex. Omabi-na a-begi. "Add salt (to it)."
pegiki-
V (TR)
"to add (something) on for; increase (something) for"
Ex. I-biya i-naawaku-na i-begiki-t. "My mother added on to my money for me."

Ex. I-biya i-dikamaibi-na i-begiki-t.
"My mother added on some more food for me."
\{Morph.: pegi-ki- add-CAUS\}
\{Synt.: the addition of the causative suffix enables this verb to take both a direct and indirect object\}
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pego
"penis"
Ex. Tsagibi a-pego-ma mai-sI a-bihadagiki-t.
"When he got some poison oak on his penis, it itched."
PesInau
PN
"Fresno, California"
Ex. Ewą-tU init' PesInau qati-dì.
"A lot of white people live in Fresno."
{From English "Fresno"}
Pexenautit
PN
"A1 Cunningham's place"
Ex. Mahu-w干 nitimi piti-di Pexenauti.
"Those Indians that came are from Pexenau."
{Morph.: Pexenau-ti PN-ABS}
pi-
V PREF
"with the lower back, by sitting" (instrumental prefix)
Ex. piqamaki- "to be sore from sitting"
Ex. pihigi'i- "to fall on one's tailbone"
Ex. piki'noo- "to have one's clothes ride up between the
buttocks"
piibi
N
"cotton"
Ex. Piibí-na-daaqwa tsoba-gaa-wai.
"We're going to pick cotton."
piboisI (also: pipoisI) N
"stink bug"
Ex. Piboisitna mino' a-wagthi-nee.
"Don't tease the stink bug."
pida- v (TR/INTR)
"to burn (something); make a fire"
Ex. Tsiini' i-bida-t.
"The chile pepper burned me."
Ex. Nitmi-na nit pida-daa ai-boni-kinee.
"I saw Indians making a fire on the way."
pidayagwagi-
V (INTR)
"to be short and wide (fat)"
Ex. Mahu-bo' nitimf nohi yuhubi pidayagwagi-di.
"That woman is fat and wide."
(Morph.: pidayagwa-gi- short.and.fat-be)
pidayaqwa_'
N
"person who is short and wide"

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    pidiki- V (TR)
    "to fight"
    Ex. Kidii'-aa pukU a-bidikit-t.
        "The dog fought with the cat."
    pigatusu
N
"purse"
Ex. Hano-sa' i-bigatusu?
"Where is my purse?"
{Compare "ooga"}
piguduyu'

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\section*{N}
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"pear" (Pyrus communis)
Ex. Piguduyu' nihi-zau-qama-tI pihadagi-di. "The sweet pear tastes good."
pihabi
N
"manzanita cider"
Ex. Pihabi-na niti hibi-t.
"I drank the manzanita cider."
\{Morph.: piha-bi sweet-CLSFR\}
pihadagi-1
V (INTR)
"to be sweet (in taste)"
Ex. Pihadagi-di.
"It's sweet."
pihadagi- ${ }^{2}$ V (INTR)
"to be itchy"
Ex. Niti pihadagi-tI ma'na'a-baa-tU na-giyí-sI. "My mosquito bite is itchy."
pihadagiki-1
V (INTR)
"to sweeten, make sweet"
Ex. I-glope'-aa a-bihadagiki. "Make my coffee sweet."
\{Morph.: pihadagi-ki- be.sweet-CAUS\}
pihadagiki_ ${ }^{2}$
v (INTR)
"to make itchy"
Ex. Tsagibina ti-pego-ma a-wai-sI a-bihadagiki-t. "When he got some poison oak on his penis, it was itchy."
\{Morph.: pihadagi-ki- be.itchy-CAUS\}

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"Soda Springs"
\{Morph.: pihadagi-wee-ti be.sweet-LOC-ABS\}
pihagama-
V (INTR)
"to taste sweet"
Ex. A-pihabi a-ti-waapa'i-n pihagama-t. "The cider that she made tastes sweet."
\{Morph.: piha-gama- sweet-taste\}

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piha', N
"sweet (used as ADJ); jelly, jam; anything sweet"
Ex. Mahu nohi-biha'.
"That is very sweet."
Ex. Piha''a-ma a-deegA!
"Put some jelly on it!"
piha'ayee-
V (INTR)
"to become itchy, become rash-like"
Ex. Mahu-bo' hapopo'o-baa-tU na-giyit-sI piha'ayee-t.
"When he was bit by a spider, he became itchy."
{Morph.: piha'a-yee- itchy-become}
pihi-
V (INTR)
"to be rotten"
Ex. Mahu aapa'nI a-pihi-p.
"That apple is rotten."
Ex. Mahu kuna paya-ga-sI pihi-wai.
"When that wood gets wet, it's going to rot."
pihika- V (INTR)
"to be(come) infected, be(come) inflamed"
Ex. I-'立ya pihika-t.
"My sore is inflamed."
pihigi'i- V (INTR)
"to fall on one's tailbone"
Ex. I-bini-tsi' wi'i-sI na-pihigit'i-t.
"When my little sister fell, she fell on her tailbone."
piiku'
N
"pick, pickax"
Ex. Piiku'u-ma a-dihoowi.
"Dig it with a pick."
{From Spanish "pico"}
piinisI
N
"beans"
Ex. Piinisi-na nititit-saawa-wai.
"I'm going to cook beans."
{From English "beans"}
piitisI
N
"peach"
Ex. Piitisi-na a-wisipo'I!
"Peel the peach!"
Ex. PiitisI i-dika-n nihi-zau-qama-t.
"The peach I ate tasted good."
{From English "peach"}
piitisibi
N
"peach tree" (Prunus persicum)
Ex. Piitisi-bi ewa-tU a-na-di-naa-ki-n mowa si'a-p. "A lot of peach trees that were planted are starting to bud now."

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        piki'noo- Vo vave one's clothing(INTR)
            "to have one's clothing ride up between the buttocks"
            Ex. Mahu-bo' híipi' ti-naawasi-na a-biki'noo-t.
        "That woman has her dress between her buttocks."
    {Morph.: pi-ki'-noo- lower.back-in.mouth-carry}
        Pikuwi'
            (a man's name)
        pimaata- V (INTR)
    "to leave behind"
    Ex. I-bini'-aa nit a-piya-baa a-bimaata-kinee.
        "I dropped my little sister off at her mother's on my
    pimigooni-
    "to back up"
    Ex. Qawaayu'-aa a-bimigooni-ki.
        "Back the horse up."
    Pimi'isinauti
PN
"deMaster's place"
-pina(-) PP \& ADV
"to go behind; behind after"
Ex. Nii-puku nii-bina-su kima-t.
"Our dog came behind us."
Ex. Nii-puku nii-binna kima-t.
"Our dog came behind us."
pinamowahusu
ADV
"day after tomorrow"
Ex. Pinamowahusu taagwa pakwigqa-gaa-wai.
"We're going to go fishing the day after tomorrow."
{Morph.: pina-mowahusU after-tomorrow}
pinasu
ADV
"again, some more"
Ex. Pinasu a-waqqA.
"Give him some more."
pinatsI
N
"peanuts" (Arachis hypogaea)
Ex. I-wana-tsi' pinatsi-na i-dika-tijwit-t.
"My little brother asked me to eat peanuts."
pinee-
"to leave (some), save, conserve, reserve"
Ex. Aa-ma-taa a-binee-t.
"She saved part of it."
{Sem.: opposite of tsasu'a-}
piniiku'
N
"wheat"

```

Ex. Ewa-kU niti piniiku'u-ge-tU. "I have a lot of wheat."
\{Use: food\}
\{From Spanish "trigo"\}
```

pinto [see: pintu']
pintu' (also: pinto) N
"spotted horse"
Ex. Mahu-bo' qawaayu' pintu'.
"That horse is spotted."
{From Spanish "pinto"}
piqama-
V (INTR)
"to be sore from sitting"
Ex. Ni̇i-bo' wanaaha'i-sI piqama-t.
"While playing cards, I got sore from sitting."
{Morph.: pi-qama- by.sitting-hurt}
piqo
N
"lower back"
Ex. I-biqo i-gama-ki-t.
"My lower back hurts."
piqwina'i-
V (TR)
"to overtake, leave (someone) behind (because they're slow)"
Ex. I-babi'' poyoha-nee tiqwana-tsi'-aa a-biqwina'i-t.
"My little brother left his older brother behind while
running."

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Pisakwi'a
                            PN
    "Balloon Dome"
```

pisapI
N
"red pigment obtained from clay"
Ex. 位-bi' pisapi-ge-tU?
"Do you have some red pigment?"

```
pisI "leaf" N
pisi'mee N
    "apron"
    Ex. I-biya ti-pisi'mee-na ti-batsaga-di.
        "My mother is washing her apron."
pisi'meeya- (also: pisi'naya-) V (INTR)
    "to wear an apron"
    Ex. I-biya kumayaa-nee pisi'naya-t.
        "My mother wore an apron while she was cooking."
    \{Morph.: pisi'mee-ya- apron-wear\}
pisIkuutú
                                N
    "hummingbird"
    Ex. PisIkuutu'u-bo' sukwa'ni'i-tU.
"Hummingbirds are cute."
```

pisItoona'
N
"pistol"

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        "Do you have a pistol?"
    {From Spanish "pistola"}
    pisi'naya- [see: pisi'meeya-]
pita N/ADV
"south, to the south"
pitadaa-
"to squat"
Ex. I-wana-tsi'-aa niti pitadaa-daa a-boni-t.
"I saw my little brother squatting."
pitat咅from N/ADV
"from the south"
Ex. Mahu nibabi a-piti
"That snow came from the south."
{Morph.: pita-ti south-ABS}
pitati nitimm
N
"Yokuts Indians"
{Morph.: pitati ni̇mi from.the.south Indians}
piti- "to arrive" V (INTR)
"to arrive"
Ex. Ewa-tU nitimm a-na-'ogi-qwee pitit-t.
"A lot of Indians arrived at the celebration."
pitsi- V (TR/INTR)
"to suck"
Ex. Mahu-bo' owaa'nugu' ti-piya-na pizi'-aa pitsi-di.
"The baby is sucking its mother's breast.""
pitsoga N
"hips and lower back"
Ex. I-bitsoga i-gama-kit-t.
"My lower back is hurting me."
pituusu'i- V (INTR)
"to fart noiselessly"
Ex. Hagge-yaga pituusu'i-t. Ni主 a-'egwi-t.
"Someone farted. I smell it."
{Sem.: compare with tseedeyaga- "to fart noisily"}
piya N
"mother; mother's sister(s)"
Ex. I-biya tsaha'-aa tsoba-t.
"My mother collected golden oak acorns."
piyada''
N

```
"(small-leafed) sheepsorrel, purslane, miner's lettuce" (Rumex sp., Portulaca sp., Montia sp.)
Ex. Pazo'o-wee-kU piyada'-aa niti a-boni-kinee.
"I saw miner's lettuce at the spring on my way."
\{Use: the whole plant is used as food, the seeds for medicine\}
```

piyagg五 N
"caterpillar (which feeds on sugar-pine trees) (Unidentified
species)"
Ex. Ewa-kU piyagit-na niti a-boni-t.
"I see a lot of caterpillars (of this type)."
{Use: food}
piya'
N
"beer"
{From English "beer"}
piyu
N
"heart"
Ex. Niti-bo' tihitag-na a-piyu-na a-sutsaa-di a-na-gumayaa-n.
"I like the deer's heart that is cooked."
pizí'
N
"breast; milk"
Ex. Owaa'nugu' tí-piya-na a-pizi'-aa pitsi-di. "The baby is sucking its mother's breast."
pizo
N
"blanket"
Ex. Pizo-ma a-wisaga! "Cover him with a blanket!"
-pi'i- V SUFF
(something flexible, non-rigid)
Ex. tsaqopi'i- "to snap (something flexible) (by hand)"

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pi'noo- V (TR)

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pi'noo- V (TR)
"to pack (something) (on one's back)"
Ex. I-bini' tit-no'mahii'-aa a-bi'noo-t.
"My little sister packed her belongings (on her back)."
\{Morph.: pi'-noo- with.lower.back-carry\}
pídí-
V PREF/ADV PREF
"just, early"
Ex. pidit-tawanno "early spring"
Ex. Mahu pidi-piti-t.
"He just arrived."
\{Synt.: this prefix is added to verb stems to give them the meaning of "just" or to adverbs to add the meaning of "early"\}
pidis
ADV
"finally"
Ex. Pidis pitit.
```

＂He finally arrived．＂

$$
\begin{array}{ccc}
\text { piditipi } & N \\
\text { "new (one), young (one)" } \\
\text { Ex. } & \text { I-naawasI pidititp } . \\
& \text { "My dress is new." }
\end{array}
$$

piditotsisu
ADV
＂upon awakening，when first getting up＂
Ex．Mahu piditotsisu tika－t． ＂When he first got up，he ate．＂
\｛Morph．：pidi－totsi－sU just－get．up－SUBR\}

```
pidi'isu
```

ADV
＂pretty soon＂
Ex．Pidi＇主SU tìikwa－wai． ＂Pretty soon it＇s going to rain．＂
pihi
N
＂skin，hide＂
Ex．Tihita－na a－pihit－na a－zaqwetA！ ＂Skin the deer！＂

```
pitsi'主
ADV
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＂by oneself＂
Ex．Mahu pitisi＇住 pakwiga－ge＇e． ＂He went fishing by himself．＂
pisisu
N SUFF
＂oneself，to oneself＂
Ex．I－biya pitisU na－zikwaha－t． ＂My mother made herself vomit．＂
peni＇
N
＂younger sister，little sister＂
Ex．Hano－sa＇i－pini＇？ ＂Where is your little sister？＂
pipidisu
ADV
＂every now and then，occasionally＂
Ex．Mahu－WE nitmi pipiddisu piti－pa＇i－t． ＂Every now and then a person came．＂
\｛Morph．：pi－pidisU RDP－finally\}
pitt

## N

＂arm＂
Ex．I－bittA i－gama－kit－t． ＂My arm hurts．＂
－pitabi PP
＂in the presence of，in front of＂
Ex．Mino＇o－daa ai－pitabi yagga－di． ＂Don＇t ever cry in their presence．＂
pitithi－V（INTR）
"to unravel, split, come apart"
Ex. A-moqo a-na-'atsuna-qwee-tu pitihi-t.
"His shoes came apart at the seams."
píya
"duck, mallard"
Ex. Píya mowa nohabi-p. "The ducks are nesting now."
piyy [see: piya]
piziwídigi- V (INTR)
"to be wide-eyed, surprised, shocked"
Ex. I-biya nana-na a-boni-sI padagwinigi-daa piziwidigi-t. "When she (my mother) saw the man naked, her eyes became big."
po-
V (TR)
"to cut hair"
Ex. I-wana' na-bo-t.
"My little brother had a hair cut."
pobodo- (also: pabodo-) $V$ (TR)
"to braid (anything long, such as hair, vines, etc.)"
Ex. Tigfapo-na a-bobodo! "Braid the rope!"
Ex. I-beditna niti a-qwoopi-na ti-babodo-wai. "I'm going to braid my daughter's hair."
 "Today I am going to grind (acorns)."
podanu
N
"pestle, mano"
Ex. I-bodanu-na hage i-noqaga-ki-t. "Someone stole my pestle."
\{Morph.: poda-nU grind-NR\}
podiya-
V (TR/INTR)
"to make (out of rocks)"
Ex. Yaisi-bo'o-diya ai-pakwitipl podiya-s wisuwabebi-ma a-na-waapa'i-n. "And also, their fishing weights were made of soapstone rocks."

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podo "digging stick, cane"
    Ex. Tidinapi-na nit pocdo-ma ti-hoowi-&gaa-wai.
        "I'm going to dig roots with my digging stick."
```

PogesI
PN
(A man's name)
pogo 'ya
N

## "lizard"

Ex. Pogo'ya i-domohabi-t.
"The lizard peeked at me."
pohenabi
N
"chief"
Ex. Mahu Poipoi tai-pohenabi. "That's Poipoi our chief."
\{Sem.: compare with natenabi "chief's assistant"\}
\{Cult.: this is the name of the hereditary chief; among the Northfork Mono each moiety in a village had its own chief, while among the other Western Mono bands each village had a single chief; usually the chief came from the Eagle lineage\}

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pohitA
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N
"skunk"
Ex. A-diyaboni pohita-na! "Beware of the skunk!"

Poipoi
PN
(A man's name)
poji [see pozi]
pomi $N$
"praying mantis (Mantidae sp.)"
Ex. Pomi-ma niti pakwiga-di. "I'm fishing with praying mantises."
ponaa- $V$ (TR)
"to beat, win against (in contest or competition); be better
than (in a comparison)"
Ex. Ti-niha-qwee i-biya i-bonaa-t.
"My mother is better than I in making coiled baskets."
poni- (also: puni-) V (TR/INTR)
Ex. Qawaayu'-aa niti a-boni-t.
"I see the horse."
Ex. Ti-piya-na kima-daa i-wana' ti-boni-t. "My little brother saw his (own) mother coming."
\{Sem.: compare with tibuni- "to wake up (INTR)"\}
poniika'
N
"sheep"
Ex. I-gínu' poniika'-aa ti-deeni'i-di. "My (paternal) grandfather is taking care of the sheep."
\{From Spanish "borrega"\}

## ponipiti-

"to find"
Ex. I-buku-tsi'-aa edaa-paa niti a-bonipiti-t,
"When I found my little dog, it was dead."
\{Morph.: poni-piti- see-arrive\}
\{Sem.: opposite of watsiki-\}

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Poniwini(wま)
    PN
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    (unidentified location)
    ponoowi' (also: qonoowi') $N$
"grass-nut" (possible "nigger-toe," a Dichelostemma sp.)
Ex. Niti-bo' ponoowi'-aa tinoowi-nitwi-di.
"I'm going around digging up grass-nuts."
\{SOC.: this is a generic term for bulbs that are used as
food
\{Use: the bulb is used for food\}

## poobizi

 N"fifty-cent piece, half dollar (coin)"
Ex. Iyo poobizi i-naawaku-maqa-n.
"Here's fifty cents of the money that I'm giving you."
\{From English "four bits"\}
\{Sem.: compare with tubizi "twenty-five cents"\}
Poonono (w $\mathbf{~}$ )
PN
(a location just east of Bass Lake)
Poopi'
PN
(A man's name)
Poowinai
PN
(A woman's name)
popi- "to cross (through water), cross over (water)
Ex. Nitiqwa paya-na popi-t. "We (EXCL) crossed (over) the water."
popi'nA (also: popi'nI) N
"paper; book"
Ex. Popi'na-ma a-zimoowi. "Write it on the paper."
\{From either Spanish "papel" or English "paper"\}
poqA
N
"branch, (tree) limb"
Ex. Hubuhtya-na a-poqa-na łdit-kU a-na-daqopi'i-n. "Long elderberry branches were cut."
posowinu
N
"rock used to crack acorns, nut-cracker"
Ex. I-bosowinu-na i-giya. "Give me my nut-cracker."
poso ${ }^{\prime}$
"friend, partner"
Ex. Mahu i-boso'.
"That's my friend."
\{Sem.: same meaning as kwitidí ${ }^{\text { }}$ \}
"sugar pine tree" (Pinus lambertiana)
Ex. Ewa-tU pancewinịpt na-boni-t toyabi-ma.
"A lot of sugar pines can be seen in the mountains."
\{Morph.: panee-wininpI sugar.pine-tree\}
paniiyu'
N
"cloth, yardage, material, rag"
Ex. Paniiyu'u-ma a-dotsi'a.
"Wipe it with the rag."
\{From Spanish "pano"\}
pani-
V (TR)
"to bring and unload, dump"
Ex. I-gatinu-na a-bani-qe'e.
"He brought my chair."
paniyenta' $\quad \mathrm{N}$
"black pepper" (Piper nigrum)
Ex. Paniyenta'a-ma a-wa'iha.
"Mix it with the black pepper."
\{From Spanish "pimienta"\}
paniyoona' $\quad \mathrm{N}$
"Spanish, Mexican" Ex. Mahu paniyooná qwena'a-tì a-pitiz-n.
"The Spanish came from far away."
\{From Spanish "espatrol"\}
panagapi $\quad \mathrm{N}$
"west, the Coast Range"
İqwa-bi' panagapip-naqwe-tit nitimt?
Ex. "Are you Indians from the west?"
panoo- V (TR)
"to fetch, get, carry (of liquids)"
Ex. Paya-na a-banoo-gaa.
"Go get some water."
\{Morph.: pa-noo- water-carry\}
panoomawi
N
"a species of lizard (with red markings around its neck)" (unidentified)
Ex. Panoomawi a-dika-t.
"The lizard ate it."
\{Morph.: pa-noo-mawi water-carry-squirrel\}
panoonU N
"bucket"
Ex. Panoonu-wee-kU paya-na a-banoo-gaa.
"Go get some water in the bucket."
\{Morph.: pa-noo-nU water-carry-NR\}
papaaba-tU [see: paba-tU]
paqaazibi N
"a type of plant" (unidentified genus)
Ex. Paqaazibitna nit noo-gaa-wai aa-ma i-suuna-wai-n.
"I'm going to get (paqaazibi) sticks to build an acom granary with."
\{Use: the sticks from this plant are used in making the acorn granary\}
paqapE $N$
"leaching bin"
Ex. Mino' i-baqape-wee-tu tibiha-nee.
"Don't play in my leaching bin."
\{Cult: traditionally the leaching bin was made out of sand next to running water, such as a stream $\}$
pasa- V (INTR)
"to be dry, dried out"
Ex. I-no'mahii mowa pasa-p.
"My clothes are dry now."

## Pasagpi'iweeti PN

(an unidentified location north of the mill in Northfork)
pasawa- $V(T R)$
"to heat (a liquid)" Ex. I-nawa qope'-aa pasawa-t.
"My father is heating the coffee."
\{Morph.: pa-sawa- water-boil\}
pasabayee- V (INTR)
"to have tuberculosis"
Ex. Mahu-bo' pasabayee-di.
"He has tuberculosis."
\{Morph.: pasa-ba-yee- be.dry-water-feel\}
pasagi $\quad \mathrm{N}$
"bridge"

```
    "My (paternal) grandfather is being treated."
    Ex. Mahu puha-ge-tU ti-buhaawi-madika-t.
                            "That shaman has finished doctoring."
    {Sem.: compare with puhaa-; tibuhaawidi}
    puhagetU
    "shaman, curer, someone with supernatural power"
    Ex. PuhagekU a-diyabuni.
        "Beware of the shaman."
    {Morph.: puha-ge-tU power-have-ADJ}
    {Synt,; this word is treated as an adjectival phrase; the
    oblique form is puhaqekU}
puhai-
    "to look for, search for"
    Ex. I-wana-tsi' ti-moqo-na ti-buhai-t.
        "My little brother is looking for his shoe."
puhibonogi-
                                V
    "to be blue"
    Ex. Puhibonogi-di i-zaqeeda.
        "My sweater is blue."
puhiduwa- (also: puhidu'a-) v (INTR)
    "to be green"
    Ex. Mowa tumaate'-aa a-si'a-n puhiduwa-p.
        "The tomato leaves are green now."
puhidu'a- [see: puhiduwa-]
puhigede
        N
    "abalone shell"
    Ex. Puhigede-na a-dooyaga-s a-nootinna.
        "When it thunders, put the abalone shell away."
    {Use: this shell was used as money in pre-contact times; it
    was also ground up and used as a poison}
Puhiyuni
                                    PN
    (a woman's name)
pukU N
    "pet; totem (moiety symbol or personal spirit helper); dog"
    Ex. I-buku-na niti ti-buhai-di.
        "I'm looking for my dog."
pumaazi-
                            V (TR)
    "to recognize"
    Ex. I-buku i-bumaazi-t.
        "My dog recognized me."
punuha-
                                    V (INTR)
    "to smell, stink"
    Ex. Híbiga' tsau punuha-t.
        "Flowers smell nice."
```

Pusa
Pn
(a man's name)
pusi ${ }^{1}$ N
"eye"
Ex. Mahu-bo simi'-aa-si'iti pusi-ge-tU.
"He has only one eye."
pusi ${ }^{2}$
N
"seed, bulb"
Ex. Mowa-hu híbiga'-aa a-pusI sía-p.
"Now the seeds of the flowers are sprouting."
pusi'a
N
"lice"
Ex. Mahu-bo' hibitsí' nehe ewa-kU pusi'a-ge-tU. "That old lady has a lot of lice."
putaa-
$V$ (TR)
"to search for, look for (unsuccessfully)"
Ex. I-bini'-aa nìi ti-buhai-nee a-butaa-t. "I searched for my little sister but didn't find her."
putsi'ma- V (TR)
"to inspect, look up and down at, look over"
Ex. Mahu ini' piti-di tai-butsi'ma-t. "The white person who came is looking us over."
puuhi-
$V$ (TR/INTR)
"to blow, blow out"
Ex. A-buuhi! "Blow it out!"
puusi- $V$ (INTR)
"to bloat, be blown up"
Ex. Mahu qawaayu' puusi-maa-p. "That horse has already bloated (after dying)."
\{Sem.: bigger than swollen\}
puu' $n a{ }^{\prime}$
N
"red-tailed hawk"
Ex. Puu'na'-aa niti a-boni-t. "I see a red-tailed hawk."
Ex. Puu'na' aqabanagi-daa kwazi-ge-tU. "The red-tailed hawk has a red tail."
puweetsI
N
"field mouse"
Ex. Mahu-dai-bo' puweetsI. "That's a field mouse."
puya- $V$ (TR/INTR)
"to remove (acorns, nuts, pinenuts, etc. from a tree) by twisting them off the plant"
Ex. Ni立-bo' wi'oopi-na puya-gaa-wai.
pasuwaqa- $\quad V$ (NTR)
"to be windy (before rain)"
Ex. Mowa tiboopt pasuwaqa-p.
"Now it's become windy (before the rain)."
\{Morph: pa-suwaqa- water-breathe\}
patagowa' N
a type of water snake (which is long, black on the top and red on the underside) (unidentified species) Ex. Patagowa' tsau na-woowi-di.
"The water snake has a good pattern on it."
patakwi'na- $\quad \mathrm{V}$ (INTR)
"to get soaking wet (of things)"
Ex. I-no'mahii patakwi'na-tI a-dieikwa-s.
"My things got soaking wet when it rained."
\{Sem.: compare with patata'i- "to get sopping wet (of people)"\}

```
pataqai+ }\mp@subsup{}{}{+}\textrm{N
```

"raccoon"
Ex. Pataqai' togawano iyonno pitz-t.
"The raccoon came during the night."
\{Sem.: note the similarity to pataqa'aa \}
pataqa'aa $\quad \mathrm{N}$
"eyebrow(s)"
Ex. I-pataqa'aa a-zibi!
"Pluck your eyebrows!"
\{Synt.: this word does not take the oblique case suffix when used as the object of a verb\}
patata'i- $\quad V$ (INTR)
"to get sopping wet, be sopping wet (of people)"
Ex. I-wana-tsi' patata'i-tI a-dijikwa-s toyanizwi-nee.
"While hunting, my little brother got sopping wet when it rained."
\{Sem.: compare with patakwi'na- "to get soaking wet (of things)"\}
patsa-
"to kill" $\quad \mathrm{V}$ (TR)
"to kill"
Ex. Mahu-bo' tihita-na tì-batsa-t.
"He killed a deer."
patsaga- V (TR)
"to wash"
Ex. I-mayal-na a-batsaga-gaa!
"Go wash your hands!"

## patsanabi <br> N

"wild rose bush" (Rosa californica)
Ex. Patsanabitina a-diyabuni, mahu tidona-tìt.
"Beware of the wild rose bush--it's got stickers."
patsibuhi- V (INTR)
"to emerge, climb out (from something)"
Ex. Mahu paya-wee-tunee patsibuhi-t.
"He climbed out from the water."
\{Cult: This term is also used to refer to ending the traditional period of mouming after a relative's death.\}
\{Sem.: compare with tatsibuhi-\}
patsibuhidi $\quad \mathrm{N}$ (NOM V)
"mourning ceremony; annual mourning anniversary"
\{Cult.: This term refers to the ceremony held to mark the end of mourning after a person's death. Traditionally this ceremony was held a year after the funeral, although richer villages would also hold a general ceremony to commemorate all the deceased of that village (the annual mourning ceremony).\}
\{Morph.: patsibuhi-di climb.out-PROG\}
patsiyatA $\quad \mathrm{N}$
"lake, reservoir, (a body of water)"
Ex. Patsiyata-wee-tU nit qwa nabakiya-kinee.
"We (EXCL) swam in the lake." (Lit.: We've come from bathing in the lake.)
Ex. Patsiyata-wee-tunee niè pakwi-baa-tU na-ga'noo-t.
"I got the fish in the lake."
patsobi [see: pazobi]
Paunayee' PN
"Shuteye Peak (eagle's nest on Shuteye Ridge)"
pawa- $\quad V$ (INTR)
"to swell"
Ex. I-waya pawa-di.
"My hand is swollen."
Pawakíwa' PN
(A woman's name)
pawahabi $N$
"No Indians came."

```
    qadu'utu- V (INTR)
    "to disappear, vanish"
    Ex. I-nitimi-tsi' mowa qadu'utu-p.
        "That one vanished."
    {Morph.: qadu'u-tu- NEG-make}
```

qagi
N
"foreskin"
qagass
N
"crackers"
Ex. Tu-tuwapi'-aa qagasi-na ai-waqA.
"Give the children some crackers."
\{From English "crackers"\}
qaha-
N PREF/V PREF
"big, much"
Ex. Mahu nohi qaha-giki-ge-tU.
"He has very big feet,"
Ex. Mahu-bo' hítpi' qaha-zede-ge-tu.
"She has a big butt."
\{Synt.: this word can be prefixed to either nouns or verbs;
when prefixed, the following consonant becomes lenis\}
\{Sem.: compare to qahamaya, qahawoo and qahasuwaqa-\}
\{Soc.: this is regarded as an archaic term\}
qahamaya

N
"a person with big hands"
\{Morph.: qaha-maya

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big-hand)
```

qahasuwaqa- $V$ (INTR)
"to pant, breathe heavily"
Ex. I-wana-tsi' poyoha-biti-sI qahasuwaqa-t.
"When my little brother came running in, he was breathing heavily."
\{Morph.: qaha-suwaqa- big-breathe\}
qahawoo

## N

"a person with a large head"
Ex. Hani'isa'a-bo' mahu nana nohi qahawoo-ge-tu?
"Why does that man have such a big head?"
\{Morph.: qaha-woo big-head\}
qahi

## N

"grouse"
Ex. Qahi toyabi-ma-tU mowa qadu'utu-p. "The grouse on the mountain have disappeared."
qahip
N
"brush, bushes, waste from plants"
Ex. Qahipit-na a-dinai-gaa! "Go burn the brush!"

```
qaho'nA
                                    N
    "box"
    Ex. Qaho'na-ba'aa a-gatm.
        "Sit on top of the box."
    {From Spanish "cajon"}
qaina' (also: qaiina') N
    "chicken"
    Ex. Qaina' tabewanno noyodo-di.
        "The chickens are laying (eggs) today."
    {From Spanish "gallina"}
qakibi
                                    N
    "beads"
    Ex. I-bini-tsi\underline{i}}\mathrm{ ' i-gakibi-na i-díqwi'ną-t.
        "My little sister spilled my beads."
qakiya-
                            V (TR)
    "to wear around the neck"
    Ex. Qakibi-na qakiya-di.
        "She's wearing beads around her neck."
qakiyannU N
    "necklace"
    Ex. Powenai-na a-qakiyannU a-hutsi'i-baa-tU
        a-na-waapa'i-kitn.
        "Powenai's necklace was made for her by her
        grandmother."
qama-1
                                    V (INTR)
    "to taste"
    Ex. I-biyą-na tiqnA a-kumaya-n tsau qama-t.
        "The meat that my mother cooked tastes good."
qama-2
    "to be sick, hurt"
    Ex. Tapayuni woo-qama-t.
        "Tapayuni has a head-ache."
    {Morph.: the body part which hurts is prefixed onto the
    verb}
qamaki-
                                    V (TR)
    "to cause pain, hurt"
    Ex. I-na-doqoba-n i-qama-ki-t.
        "The cut on my finger is hurting."
    {Morph.: qama-ki- hurt-CAUS}
qamebi
                                    N
    "tasty (one)"
    Ex. Tasitu' nohi qamebi.
        "The mushrooms are very tasty,"
qamO
                                    N
    "jackrabbit"
    Ex. Wiga qamo-na a-pihi-ma a-na-waapa'i-n.
```

"The rabbit skin blanket is made of jackrabbit skins."

```
qana (also: xana)N
"beard, moustache"
Ex. I-gana-na nitit ti-siba-di. "I'm shaving my beard/moustache."
```

qanaagá
N
"black person"
Ex. Ewa-tU qanaaga' pititt.
"A lot of black people came."
\{From Hawaiian "kanaka" (lit.: "man")\}
qanaatu'
N
"cow"
Ex. I-bu' qanaatu'-aa ti-dakima-ki-di. "My (paternal) uncle is herding forward the cows."
\{From Spanish "ganado"\}
qanabuugi- V (INTR)
"to be hunched over"
Ex. Mahu nana qanabuugi-di. "That man is hunched over."
qanabuuginoo- $V$ (INTR)
"to walk hunched over"
qaniida'
N
"candy"
Ex. Mino'o-daa qaniida'-aa tidka-di. "Please don't eat candy."
\{From English "candy"\}
qaninigi-
$V$ (INTR)
"to ring (of a bell)"
Ex. Qawaayu'-aa a-qanipaana' qaninigi-t. "The horse's bell rang."
qanipaana'
N
"bell"
Ex. Qawaayu' qanipaana'a-ya-dt. "The horse is wearing a bell."
\{From Spanish "campana"\}
qaniwoosa'
N
"jail, prison"
Ex. PesInau i-wana-tsi' qaniwoosa'a-wee na-zaniga-di. "My little brother was put in jail in Fresno."
\{From either Spanish "calabozo" or English "calaboose"\}
qap $E$

## N

"bed"
Ex. Poipoi ti-qape-ma qati-di. "Poypoy is sitting on his own bed."
\{Sem.: Same as habinu, but qapE is more archaic sounding.\}

```
-qapeyaqA EXPR
    "give (someone/something) the right-of-way, give
    (someone/something) room"
    Ex. I-gapeyaqA!
        "Give me room!"
    Ex. Iyo winadihibł mowa kima-p. A-gapeyaqA!
        "Here comes the whirlwind. Give it the right-of-way!"
    Morph.: this expression acts like a verb in that it takes
        an oblique pronominal prefix}
    {Phon.: the initial "q" is lenis}
qapitanA
                                    N
    "leader, captain"
    {From Spanish "capitan"}
qasA
    N
    "feather; leaf"
    Ex. Puu'na'-aa a-qasa-na a-zibi.
        "Pluck the feathers of the redtail hawk."
qasiinA
        N
    "sage seeds"
    Ex. Qasiina-na a-boda.
        "Grind the sage seeds."
    {Use: the seeds are ground into a flour for food}
qasiqasina}\mp@subsup{}{}{\prime
                                    N
    "white-coated Bigfoot"
    Ex. Qasiqasina' nibabi-dugu kima-nee "qasIqasI"
        na-naqa-gima-t.
        "The white-coated Bigfoot made a noise as it was
        coming through the snow."
    {Morph.: qasiqasi-na'' ONM-it.says}
    {Sem.: compare with qauqauna' "brown-coated Bigfoot"}
    {Cult.: Bigfoot has a white coat during the winter, and the
        sound "qasiqasi" is made by its feet as it walks in the
        snow}
Qasoowoho N
    "Gashowu Yokuts"
QataawannI PN
    (a man's name)
    Ex. QataawanI seexayu'-aa puhai-ge'e.
        "Qataawani went to look for mushrooms."
qati-
                                V (INTR)
    "to sit, stay, live"
    Ex. I-hutsi' ti-nobi-wee qati-tuha-sU qooni-t.
                "My (paternal) grandmother went to her house (and then
                came back)."
    Ex. Kwi'naa' toyabi-ma qati-di.
        "The golden eagle lives in the mountains."
```

```
-qati-
                                    AUX V
    "to continue X-ing"
    Ex. I-biya-tsi'' ti-pedi-na agadu'utusI yaga-qatit-t.
        "When her daughter passed away, my mother cried
        continuously."
-qatininna
PP
    "in front of (relating to objects)"
    Ex. Mahu nana ti-toonobi-na a-gatinitna qati-di.
        "He's sitting in front of his wickiup."
    {Morph.: this postposition acts like a verb in that it takes
    an oblique pronominal prefix}
qatìki-
                            V (TR)
    "to stack, place (one on top of another)"
    Ex. Sonabi-na a-gatiki!!
        "Stack the hay!"
    {Morph.: qati-ki sit-CAUS}
qatinnU
    "chair"
    Ex. Qatinu-ba'aa qatm.
        "sit on top of the chair."
    {Morph.: qati-nU sit-NR}
    {Sem: same meaning as tikatinu}
qotob=
        N
    "(tree) stump"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' qotobit pihi-pm.
        "That (tree) stump is rotten."
qatsa'nahapm
                                    N
    "dry pine cone"
    Ex. Qatsa'nahapí-na niti tsooba-niwwi-di aa-ma i-bida-wai-n.
        "I'm going around picking up pine cones with which I'll
        start a fire."
Qatsuwa'
                                    PN
    (a man's name)
qauqauna'
        N
    "brown-coated Bigfoot"
    {Morph.: qauqau-na'' ONM-it.says}
    {Sem.: compare with qasiqasina"' "white-coated Bigfoot"}
    {Cult.: Bigfoot has a brown coat during the summer, and the
    sound "qauqau" is made by its feet walking over dried
    leaves}
qawa (also: xąwa) N
    "woodrat"
    Ex. Niti qawa-na a-nobi-na a-guhida-t.
        "I smoked the woodrat's house."
    {Use: food}
```

qawaanA
N
"leached acorn paste"
Ex. $\quad$-qawaanA sita-qama-t.
"Your acorn paste tastes bitter."
qawaayu'
N
"horse"
Ex. Qawaayu' toyabi-ma-kU na-boni-t. "The horse was seen on the mountain."
\{From Spanish "caballo"\}
quwanom ${ }^{\text {I }}$
N
"fairwell-to-spring (flower) seeds"
Ex. Nit qawanomi-na tiga-niwi-di. "I'm going around gathering fairwell-to-spring seeds."
qawanomabi
N
"fairwell-to-spring (flower) plant" (unidentified genus)
Ex. Qawanomabit-na a-tidina-na a-dihoowi. "Dig the fairwell-to-spring plant's roots."
qawitha
N
"jaw"
Ex. Mahu ti-qaẃh $h a-m a$ na-dopagida-t.
"He was hit on his jaw (with a fist)."
qayuwanibi
N
"a type of small bush (which grows near water)"
(unidentified genus)
Ex. Qayuwanibi a-paya-qwee-tU na-boni-di. "The 'qayuwanibi' bush is seen where it is damp."
Ex. Qayuwanibit-na Poipoi ti-doqoba-di aa-ma ti-paga-du-wai-n. "Poipoi is cutting the 'qayuwanibi' bush to make arrows."
\{Use: the stalks are used to make arrowshafts\}

## qa'nisu'

N
"pants, trousers, shorts"
EX. 王-tuwa-na a-qa'nisu'-aa a-batsaga-ki. "Wash your son's pants for him."
\{From Spanish "calzon"\}
V SUFF
"just X-ed" (indicates action was completed in recent past)
[marked as REC/PAST]
Ex. I-biya miya-qe'e.
"My mother just left."
qobe

## N

"face"
Ex. Mowa-hu i-golbe a-kidugi-p玉. "My face is wrinkled now."
-qobewee PP
＂in front of，ahead of（in relation to persons）＂
Ex．Niti－bo＇a－qobewee wini－wai．
＂I＇m going to stand in front of him．＂
\｛Morph．：－qobe－wee－face－LOC\}
－qobena PP
＂in front of，before＂
Ex．Mahu nana i－gobena winit－t． ＂That man stood in front of me．＂
qoda－
V （TR）
＂to put the finishing touch on（something），put the last detail on（something）＂
Ex．王－naawasi－na a－goda．
＂Finish up your dress（by putting on the hem）．＂
Ex．モ－＇apo－na a－gooda．
＂Finish up your basket（by putting the edging on）．＂
qogihá
N
＂Mariposa lily＂（Calochortus sp．）
Ex．Ewa－tU qogihá＇mowa－hu si＇a－p． ＂A lot of Mariposa lilies are in bloom now．＂
\｛Use：the bulbs are used as food\}
qohi
N
＂stomach＂
Ex．I－gohi i－gama－kit－t．
＂My stomach hurts．＂
Ex．Niti－bo＇qohi－gama－t． ＂I have a stomach ache．＂
qohiya－
v（INTR）
＂to be pregnant＂
Ex．I－bíni＇qohiya－di． ＂My little sister is pregnant．＂
\｛Morph．：qohi－ya－stomach－wear\}
qohowi－ V（TR）
＂to scorch（food，clothes，etc．）＂
Ex．Ti－no＇mahii＇－aa ti－doqwi＇na－nee tí－gohowi－ki－t． ＂She scorched her clothes while ironing．＂

QohoyonI
PN
（a man＇s name）
qoi－＂to kill＂V（TR）
＂to kill＂
Ex．Ewa－tU humunuwa＇iné＇i－baa－tU na－goi－t． ＂A lot of valley quails were killed by the whiteman．＂
qoin土wi－
＂to hunt＂
V （TR）
Ex．I－wana－tsi＇tsipiti－na qoiníwi－ge＇e． ＂My little brother went hunting for mountain quails．＂
\｛Morph．：qoi－niwi－kill－walk\}

```
Qoiqoi'is
                                    PN
    (a man's name)
Qomeená' Pn
    (a man's name)
    Ex. Qomeena' toyaniwwi-gaa-p.
        "Qomeena' has gone hunting."
Qonihinau-(tit) PN
    "South Fork, California (where the mill is)"
    Ex. Qonihinau taaqwa miya-wai.
        "We're going to South Fork."
    Ex. Qonihinau-tU na-'ogi-wai.
        "They're going to have a celebration at South Fork."
qono- V (INTR)
    "to stand in a group"
    Ex. Ewa-tU tihittA na-boni-t iya qono-di.
        "A lot of deer are visible there standing in a group."
qonopi
                                    N
    "hood of a baby basket (cradle-board)"
    Ex. Owaa'nugu'-aa a-qonopæ na-zaqoti'i-t.
        "The hood of the baby's cradle-board was broken."
qonoowi'' [see: ponoowi']
qonowoi'
N
"acorn biscuits"
Ex. Mahu-bo' i-bahwa-tsi' nohi-zau qonowoi-du-dí.
            "That aunt of mine makes very good acorn biscuits."
    {cult.: these are dumplings made by pouring the hot acorn
        mush into a tub of cold water}
qoomai-
                            V (TR)
    "to do something in honor of (someone), sacrifice for
    (someone); be in mourning for (someone)"
    Ex. A-piya ti-pedi-na a-goomai-t.
                            "Her mother did something in honor of her (own)
                    daughter."
    Ex. I-biya tit-nawa-na a-goomai-di.
                            "My mother is in mourning for her father."
    {cult.: the first meaning of this verb refers to doing some
        ritual activity (such as dancing at the Annual Mourning
        Anniversary) in honor of someone who is deceased.}
qooni-
                                    V (INTR)
    "to return, come back, go back"
    Ex. Hauhauna' mowa qooni-p.
                            "The wild geese are going back now."
qoowini-
                                    V (INTR)
    "to have an erection"
    Ex. Mahhu pukU qoowini-di.
```

"That dog has an erection."
qope'
N
"coffee"
Ex. I-nawa qope'-aa pasawa-di.
"My father is heating the coffee."
\{From either Spanish "cafe" or English "coffee"\}
qoso
N
"fire, matches"
Ex. Qoso-na i-giya-ki.
"Give me the matches."
Qosonateeni'idi PN
"Music Mountain look-out"
\{Morph.: qoso-na teeni'i-di fire-obL take.care. of-HAB \}
\{Soc.: this is also known as Qosonapuhaidi in Mono\}
qusonoo'
N
"railroad train, automobile"
Ex. Qosonoo'o-baa-tU mahu na-dokina-t.
"He was run over by a train."
\{Morph.: qoso-noo-' fire-carry-AGNT\}
Qosoo 'moho
N
"Southern Sierra Miwok"
Qosowe PN
(a man's name)
qotsI N
"pig"
Ex. I-gínu' qotsi-na ti-waga-dí.
"My (paternal) grandfather is feeding the pigs."
\{From Spanish "cochino"\}
qotsoho'pai'nu' (also: qotsopai'na') N
"mountain bluejay"
Ex. Si-simi' qotsoho'pai'nu' na-boni-di toyabi-ma-kU. "Some bluejays are visible on the mountain."
qotsopai'na' [see: qohotso'pai'nu']
Qowami'a
N
"December"
Ex. Qowami'a-ma níbaa-dí. "It snows in December,"
qo'iqo'i (also: qo 'iqo'i') $N$
"decorated yarn belt"
Ex. Mahu sibitimx nitmx qo'iqo'i'-aa natiya-di. "That (Owens Valley) Paiute man is wearing a decorated belt."
\{Sem.: compare with natI "belt"\}

```
    Ex. Piti_sI i-dika-n nihi-zau-qama-t.
    "The peach I ate tasted good."
    {From English "peach"}
piitisibi
        N
    "peach tree" (Prunus persicum)
    Ex. Piitisi-bi ewa-tU a-na-dit-naa-kì-n mowa si'a-p.
    "A lot of peach trees that were planted are starting to bud now."
piki'noo- V (INTR)
    "to have one's clothing ride up between the buttocks"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' hïtipi' tì-naawasi-na a-biki'noo-t.
            "That woman has her dress between her buttocks."
    {Morph.: pi-ki't-noo- lower.back-in.mouth-carry}
Pikuwí' PN
    (a man's name)
pimaata- V (INTR)
    "to leave behind"
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```
            "I dropped my little sister off at her mother's on my .way."
pimigooni- V (INTR)
    "to back up"
    Ex. Qawaayu'-aa a-bimigooni-ki.
            "Back the horse up."
Pimi'isinautí PN
    "deMaster's place"
-pina(-) PP & ADV
    "to go behind; behind after"
    Ex. Nii-pukU nii-bina-sU kima-t.
            "Our dog came behind us."
    Ex. Nii-pukU nii-bina kima-t.
            "Our dog came behind us."
pinamowahusU ADV
    "day after tomorrow"
    Ex. PinamowahusU taaqwa pakwiga-gaa-wai.
            "We're going to go fishing the day after tomorrow."
    {Morph.: pina-mowahusU after-tomorrow}
```

```
qwatsa'i-
V (INTR)
    "to drop, fall"
    Ex. Mowa wilya qwatsa'i-p.
        "The black oak acorns are falling now."
qwatsa'iki-
                                V (TR)
    "to drop"
    Ex. Ti-naawaku-na ti-gwatsa'iki-t.
        "He dropped his money."
    {Morph.: qwatsa'i-ki- fall-CAUS}
-qwee [see: -wee]
    {Morph.: this locative postposition is a variant of -wee
        that is suffixed to verbs and adverbs}
qwena'a
                            ADV
    "far away, a long distance"
    Ex. Qwena'A n立立 miya-wai-ti.
        "I'm going far away."
    {Sem.: not as far in distance as tahani'ipaa}
qwezu- V (INTR)
    "to wither (of flowers), detumesce"
    Ex, Aapa'nI qwezu-t.
        "The apple withered."
qwetsI (also: kwitsI) N
    "gray hair"
    Ex. Mowa-hu i-biya-na a-qwetsI na-boni-p.
        "My mother's gray hair can be seen now."
qwiddabo- [see wi̇dabo-]
qwiqono [see: wíqono]
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-s [see: -sI]
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Saaga'anau-ti PN
"Saginaw Creek, near Kinsman Flats"
saamo N
"siblings of the opposite sex: sister (said by a man),
brother (said by a woman)"
Ex. Simi'-aa Sí'i-bo' niti saamo-ge-tU.
"I have only one brother (said by a woman)./ I have only one sister (said by a man)."
saapini'i- $V$ (INTR)
"to be faded"
Ex. I-naawasI saapini'i-t. "My dress is faded."
saapini'iki-
"to fade, make fade"
Ex. Mahu a-saapini'ikit-t. "He made it fade."
Ex. Tadabe a-naawasi-na a-saapini'ikit-t. "The sun made her dress fade."
\{Morph.: saapini'i-ki- fade-CAUS\}
Saapono'
PN
(a woman's name)
Ex. Saapono' i-bini-tsí. "Saapono' is my little sister."
saaqwa
EXPR
"I wish (that)"
Ex. I-nobi-wee saaqwa-bì niti miya-wai-ti. "I wish I could go home."
Ex. I-biya saaqwa piti-duwa-p.
"I wish my mother could come."
\{Sem.: this expression is added to a sentence to show that the speaker wishes it to happen, but that it is unlikely\}
saasigati-
V (INTR)
"to blister"
Ex. I-dapeqo'o-ma saasigatit-t.
"A blister formed on my heel."
saasi' N
"a species of mushroom" (unidentified genus)
Ex. Saasi'-aa niti ti-basa-ki-di.
"I'm drying the mushrooms."
saatuwibi
N
"bear clover" (Chamaebatia sp.)
Ex. Saatuwibi-na niti a-'egwi-t.
"I smell the bear clover."
\{Use: the leaves and roots are boiled and then the water is used as an eyewash; or drunk as a tea to purify the blood.\}

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sabasiba'abi
N
    "a type of fern" (unidentified genus)
    Ex. Nitqwa sabasiba'abit-na a-tídina-na ti-hoowi-gaa-wai.
        "We're going to go dig the roots of the fern."
    {Use: its roots are used in basket-making}
saga- V (TR)
    "to scorch slightly (of seeds, nuts, etc.)"
    Ex. Oono'-aa nititi-saga-wai.
        "I'm going to scorch slightly the goldenrod seeds."
```

sagwadaya
"friendship dance"
\{cult.: a social dance for happy occasions, may be danced at any times
sagwadaya'i- (also: saqwadaya'i-) V (INTR)
"to dance the friendship dance"
Ex. Taaqwa sagwadaya'i-wai. "We're going to dance the friendship dance."
sagwanowi' N
"green garden worm" (Unidentified species)
Ex. Paba-tU sagwanowi'. "The green garden worm is big."
sakima'

## N

"salty clover" (unidentified genus)
Ex. Nit ewa-kU sakima'-aa naa-daa a-boni-kinee. "On my way I saw a lot of salty clover growing."
\{Use: as food\}
Sakima'
PN
(a man's name)
samaneena' (also: someneena') $N$
"hat"
Ex. Mahu-bo' paba-kU samaneena'a-ge-tU.
"He has a big hat."
\{From Spanish "sombrero"\}
Samoowadi' PN
(a woman's name)
Ex. Mowahusu Samoowadi' piti-wai. "Tomorrow Samoowadi' will arrive."
sanapI
N
"pitch (from trees)"
Ex. Sanapi-ma a-deega!
"Apply the pitch to it."

```
sana'eeqo'i-
    "to be sticky"
    Ex. A-maya sana'eeqo'i-t.
        "His hand is sticky."
santiiyá'
    N
    "watermelon" (Citrullus vulgaris; C. lanatus)
    Ex. Santiiya'-aa niti a-na-di-naa-ki}-n a-boni-t
        "I see the watermelon which has been planted."
    {Use: food}
    {From Spanish "sandia"}
sapida-
                            V (TR)
    "to feud with, have a falling out with, not be able to see
    eye to eye with"
    Ex. Mahu i-sapida-t.
        "He doesn't see eye to eye with me."
saqwa'abí
                            N
    "fir tree" (Abies sp.)
    Ex. Manno-ho saqwa'abit winit-di.
        "There stands a fir tree."
    Ex. Saqwa'abit toyabi-ma naa-di.
        "Fir trees grow in the mountains."
    {Use: the seeds are used for food.}
sawa- (also: saawa-) V (TR)
    "to boil, cook (by boiling)"
    Ex. Mahhu paapasi-na a-sawa-t.
        "She boiled the potatoes."
sawetusU (also: sewetusU) ADV
    "uncooked, unripe"
    Ex. Mahu tumaate' sawetusu.
        "That tomato is not ripe."
    {Synt.: this adverb is used as a nominal adjective.}
saya- "to draw blood, bleed"" V (TR)
    Ex. Mahu hibitsi' na-saya-di.
        "That old lady is having blood drawn."
Sayu'
                                    PN
    (a woman's name)
-sa' SUFF
    (used to ask questions) [marked as Q]
    Ex. 王-sa! miya-wai?
        "Will you go?"
sa'i N
    "thigh(s)"
    Ex. Tíhitta-na a-sa'i-na a-doqoba!
        "Cut the deer's thighs!"
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sa'naazI
                            N
    "cocoon; rattle made from a cocoon"
    Ex. I-sa'naazi-na i-giya!
            "Give me my rattle!"
sa'y主壬
                            N
    "a type of wild tulip" (unidentified genus)
    Ex. Ewä-kU sa'yipit-na niti a-boni-t.
        "I see a lot of wild tulips."
Sa'yipit'í-wee-tit
                            PN
                            (a location about six miles north of Northfork)
Seedakiwa_'
        PN
    (a woman's name)
SemA
PN
    (a man's name)
seenowa' N
    "a variety of elderberry collected at lower elevations"
    (Sambucus sp.)
    {Use: a secondary food choice, because these are not
        considered as tasty as those collected at higher
        elevations}
seexayü'}\mp@subsup{}{}{\prime}
    "white oak mushroom (grows under white oak trees)"
    (Unidentified genus)
    Ex. Nit-bo' seexayu'-aa a-sutsaa-di.
        "I like white oak mushrooms."
    {Use: food}
sente'nI
    N
    "frying pan"
    Ex. Niti-bo' toopo-na tigusaani'i-wai sente'ni'i-wee-kU.
        "I'm going to fry mushrooms in the frying pan."
    {From Spanish "sarten"}
-sI (also: -s) V SUFF
    "after X-ed, when X-ed" [marked as SUBR]
    Ex. I-biya-tsi' tanomina-sI taimiya-t.
        "When my mother sprained her ankle, she fell down
        gradually."
    {Phon.: the final vowel on this suffix is usually not
        pronounced}
    {Morph.: if the subject of the verb which takes this suffix
        is different from the subject of the main verb, then it
        appears in the form of an object pronoun prefixed to the
        verb}
    {Synt.: this suffix is used to form perfective relative
        clauses}
siba-

Ex. A-siba!
"Shave it!"
\{Sem.: compare with nasiba- "to shave oneself"\}
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sibi-ti
N

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"east, from the east; on the eastern side of the Sierra"
Ex. Muu'atsi-nijmま sibi-taa nitmi \(n a\) a-basiyani'i-tí.
"The Indians long time ago used to visit the Indians in the east."
\{Morph.1: sibi-t I \(^{\text {I }}\) east-ABS\}
\{Morph. 2: the oblique case of this noun is sibi-taa\}
sibitimm
N
"Owens Valley Paiutes; Northern Paiutes; crow"
\{Morph.: sibi-tie-mI east-ABS-PL\}
\{Cult.: this term literally refers to those living on the eastern side of the Sierra Nevada; it is used in reference to crows because they come from the eastern side of the mountains too.\}
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sibooya' [see: siwooya'']

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Siginau-ti PN
(A location north of deMaster's place)
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sigOgohi- V (INTR)
"to slide"

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Ex. Isa' tipi-maa-tu-nee sigogohi-t. "Coyote slid on the rock."
sihi
N
"intestines"
Ex. Mahu-dai tihita-na a-sihi. "That's the deer's intestines."
sihigi- \(V\) (TR)
"to gut, clean (animals, fish, etc.)"
Ex. Tihita-na a-sihigi.
"Gut the deer."
\{Morph.: sihi-gi- intestines-cut\}
siidabi-
V (INTR)
"to wet the bed"
Ex. I-wana' siidabi-t.
"My little brother wet the bed."
\{Morph.: sii-dabi- urine-lie\}
siina-
"to urinate (INTR), urinate on (TR)"
Ex. Mahu puku a-siina-t. "That dog urinated on it."
siip
N
"urine"
Ex. Mahhu-dai puku-na a-siip
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        "That's dog urine."
    Ex. Puku-na niji a-siipaa a-boni-t.
            "I see the dog's urine."
    {Morph.: this noun has two oblique case forms, siipitna and
    siipaa}
    siiyá'
N
"saddle"
Ex. Siiya'-aa a-wikweni-gaa.
"Go hang up your saddle."
{From Spanish "silla"}
siki- [see: i-sikkI]
sikibada
N
"perch (fish)"
Ex. I-hutsi' sikibada'-aa ti-batsa-t.
"My (paternal) grandmother caught a perch."
sikibadagi-
V (INTR)
"to be flat"
Ex. A-taaya' sikibadagi-t.
"His tire is flat."
Ex. Mahu teebunu sikibadagi-di̇ a-ba'a-t主.
"That table is flat on top."
sikiwä'
N
"snow drops (flowering plant species)" (Unidentified genus)
Ex. Ewa-kU niti sikiwa'-aa a-boni-t.
"I see a lot of "snow drop' flowers."
Ex. Sikiwa'-aa a-pusi-na niti tiga-niwi-gaa-wai.
"I'm going to gather 'snow drop' seeds."
{Use: seeds are used for food}
siki'napaa
ADV
"slantwise, on a slant, slanted"
Ex. Siki'napaa a-woowi!
"Make your pattern at a slant!"
sima'nI
N
"week"
Ex. Simit' sima'nI.
"One week."
{From Spanish "semana"}
Simono
PN
(a man's name)
siqoowa_'
N
"squash"
Ex. Siqoowa'-aa niti kumaya-di.
"I'm cooking squash."
{From English "squash"}
Sisigadi'' PN

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(a woman's name)
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siitanI
N
"wild green onion" (unidentified genus)
Ex. Toyabi-ma-ku niti siitani-na a-boni-t.
"I saw the wild green onions on the mountain."
{Use: the bulbs and stems are used as food}
siwaatu'
N
"barley" (Hordeum sp.)
Ex. Siwaatu'-aa mahu a-dinaakit-t.
"He planted barley."
{Use: food}
{From Spanish "cebada"}
siwakwiyunuhi- [see: suwakwinnunuhi-]
Siwatu'
PN
(a woman's name)
siwayuni'
PN
(a woman's name)
siwooya' [also: sibooya'] N
"(domestic) onion" (Allium sp.)
Ex. Sibooya'a-maa i-kumaya-n a-wa'yitha.
"Mix in onions with what you are cooking."
{From Spanish "cebolla"}
siyabbe
PN
(a woman's name)
siyabbi [see: esiyabbí]
siyadimi
N
"young, beautiful girl"
Ex. I-bini-tsi'i-bo' siyadimi.
"My little sister is a beautifuI young girl."
Siyatoni'
PN
(a woman's name)
siyoni- [see: siyuni-]
siyuni- (also: siyoni-) V (INTR)
"to lose leaves (of trees)"
Ex. Mowa winipif siyuni-p.
"Now the trees are losing their leaves."
sídapm N
"someone who is mean, mean (one)"
Ex. I-buku sidapm.
"My dog is mean."
Ex. I-buku-du'i siddapi-yee-tit', mi'i'i-bo' tsau-tu.
"My dog used to be mean, but now he's good.""

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Ex．Sidapi－na niti puku－na a－boni－kinee． ＂On my way I saw the mean dog．＂
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sih主bi
N
"(Pacific) willow tree" (Salix lasiandra)
Ex. Sithitbi-maa a-digwisI!
"Make your (twined) basket with willows!"
{Use: The withes (sticks) are used in basket-making; they
are the tan withes.f
Sihibi-wee-tit PN
"Hooker's Cove"
{Morph.: sihibit-wee-ti willow.tree-LOC-ABS}
siniga- V (INTR)
"to gather sticks (for basket-making)"
Ex. Niti-bo' sihiga-gaa-wai.
"I'm going to gather sticks."
Ex. Niti sihitga-daa a-boni-t.
"I saw someone gathering sticks."
Ex. Niti-bo' sihigga-ku-gaa-s.
"I'm going to have gathered sticks first (before doing
anything else)."
{Morph.: sinit-ga- willow.sticks-gather}
sinitwooi'
N
"sparrow" (Unidentified genus)
Ex. Mowahu sihiwooi' nohabi-di.
"Now the sparrows are sitting."
simi' "one" NUM
simi' anazitn NUM
"one hundred"
{Morph.: simi' a-na-ziwiz-n one its-PASS-count-NR}
Sinninigi-
V (INTR)
"to quiver, shiver (from fear, cold, etc.)"
Ex. I-biya-tsi' izi''主-si sininnigi-t.
"My mother shivers when she's cold."
s主s主mi', PRO/DEM
"some (of them)"
Ex. Sisimit' nitimi yawi-t.
"Some of the Indians laughed."
{Morph.: si-simm' RDP-one}
sitsi''a
N
"young girls (plural only)"
Ex. Mahul-wi sisi'A a-piddi-pititn.
"Those young girls just arrived."
{Sem.: this term refers to a specific group of young girls,
and not just young girls in general}

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        sisit'miganaa
                ADV
    "every now and then, sometimes"
    Ex. Sisi'migganaa i-bukU pitit-t.
        "Sometimes my dog comes home."
    sitaqama-
    "to taste bitter"
    Ex. I-po'oni-n ekibe sitaqama-t.
        "The acorn that you are leaching tastes bitter."
    {Morph.: sita-qama- bitter-taste}
    sita'i-
V (INTR)
"to freeze (from cold), be freezing cold"
Ex. Mahu sita'i-t.
"She is freezing cold."
Ex. Mahu toyaniwi-nee a-'izi''i-sI sita'i-muusu'i-t.
"He almost froze while hunting."
Sinitmis
EXPR
"(You) poor thing!"
Ex. I-bini-tsi'' sinitmis nanna-sUtihnai-t.
"My little sister, the poor thing, we feel sorry for
her."
Siwibaatisu
ADV
"of a different kind"
Ex. Mahu hibiga_' siwibaatis.
"That flower is of a different kind."
{Synt.: this adverb is used as a nominal adjective.}
siwíkudaa
ADV
"always"
Ex. Siwikkudaa mahu puku iyo pitit-dit.
"That dog always comes here."
siwinna ADV/ADJ
"together, grouped together, all together"
Ex. Siwitna a-wiqadìki!
"stack them all together!"
Ex. Siwina-kU niti nitga-daa nitimí-na a-boni-t.
"I saw them all together dancing."
{Morph.: when used as an adjective, this word must take the
adjectival suffixes -tU and -kU}
siwinno-tU
NUM
"ten"
siwino-tU anazitin NUM
"one thousand"
{Morph.: siwino-tU a-na-ziwít-n ten-ADJ its-PASS-count-NR}
siyee-
"to be afraid"
Ex. A-datso'i-s niti siyyee-t.
"I'm afraid when it gets dark."

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si'a- "to bud, sprout (of vlants)"
"to bud, sprout (of plants)"
Ex. Tumaate' mowahu si'a-p.
"The tomatoes have sprouted now."
-si'主"only, exclusively, N SUFF
Ex. 五kumaya-n tsini'i-si'主.
"Your cooking has too much pepper."
Ex. I-kumaya-n omabi-si'主.
"Your cooking is too salty."
skunu
N
"school"
{From English "school"}
skunu'i- V (INTR)
"to go to school"
Ex. Niti-bo' skunu'i-gaa-wai.
"I am going to go to school."
Ex. I-bedi tokitabena-tugu skunu'i-wai.
"My daughter goes to school just till noon."
skunu'inobiN
"schoolhouse"
Ex. Tutuwapi' mowahu skunu'inobi-wee-tugu iga-t.
"The children are going into the schoolhouse."
{Morph.: skunu-'i-nobi school-do-house}
sodo
N
"water oak acorns"
Ex. Ewa--kU niti sodo-na a-boni-t.
"I see a lot of water oak acorns."
{Use: The acorns are used as food, but are not preferred
since it tends to make the acorn mush watery.}
sodobbi
N
"water oak tree" (Quercus sp.)
Ex. Paba-kU sodobí-na niti a-boni-t.
"I see a big water oak tree."
{Morph.: sodo-bi}\mathrm{ water.oak-CLSFR}
sodoga
N
"a type of mountain mushroom" (unidentified genus)
{Use: as food}
Sodogwwati'i-wee-tis PN
(an unidentified location in Bill Ellis's field)
Sohog玉
PN
(a man's name)
someneena' [see: samaneena']

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    sonaa-
        V (TR)
    "to spread (something) out on the ground (such as a
    tablecloth, etc.)"
    Ex. A-sonaa-s a-gatま!
        "Sit on what you've spread out."
    sonabit
N
"hay, straw" (Unidentified genus)
Ex. Sonabit-na a-gita-gaa!
"Go cut the hay!"
{Use: for cover and lining of acorn granary}
sono
N
"lung(s)"
Ex. Tihita-na a-sono qadu' na-dika-di.
"The deer's lungs are not eaten."
sontaati' [see: suntaati']
sooga
N
"little red ants"
Ex. Ewa-tU sooga piti-t.
"A lot of (this particular species of) little red ants
came."
{Sem.: compare with tadago' and wowa', other types of red
ants}
sooga
N
"clam shell ash"
Ex. I-sooga-tika-wai-hoo-kU tawaagu'-aa a-wa'yitha.
"Mix the clam shell ash with the tobacco."
{Use: this is used with tobacco or alone as an emetic}
sogatikka-
V (INTR)
"to take an emetic"
Ex. I-hutsi' soogatitka-di.
"My (paternal) grandmother is taking an emetic."
{Morph.: sooga-tika- clam.shell.ash-eat}
sooha'ani-tU
ADJ
"beautiful, especially nice"
Ex. Sooha'ani-tU i-naawasi-ya-n.
"Your dress is beautiful."
soosibi
N
"soaproot plant" (Chlorogalum sp.)
Ex. Soosibi-na niti tihoowi-niwi-di.
"I'm going around digging up soaproot plants."
{Use: the plant is made into a brush called winazU; the
roots are used to make a soap}
soosina- (also: nasoosina-) V
"to wash (someone's) hair"
Ex. 隹-sa' soosina-maa-p?
"Have you already washed her hair?"

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Soosoni'
N
"Shoshone Indian"
s00'Yabe
N
"ants"
Ex. Soo'yabe tai-tikamaibi-na a-su'a-wai.
"The ants are going to eat up our food."
sopononogi-
V (INTR)
"to have the chills"
Ex. Puku izi''its sopononogi-t.
"When the dog is cold, it gets the chills."
sowi (also: sowi') N
"pigeon"
Ex. Ewa-tU sowi' yotsi-di.
"There are a lot of pigeons flying."
Soyaxanitwま(-ti) PN
"Kinsman Flats"
soyono
N
"elk"
Ex. Uno'o-ho-sU soyono na-boni-ti्!'. Mi'i'i-bo' qadu'u-tu_p.
"A long time ago elk were seen, but now they've
vanished."
so'o
N
"cheeks"
Ex. Maa'na' a-so'o-maa-kU a-dana-t.
"The mosquito stung her on her cheek."
So'okI
PN
(a woman's name)
so'yogi- V (TR/INTR)
"to fit loosely on (someone); be loose"
Ex. I-woqo i-so'yogi-t.
"My shoes are too loose on me."
Ex. I-dawa so'yogi-t.
"My tooth is loose."
su-
V PREF
"with the mind"
Ex. sukwa- "to think"
Ex. sumi'a- "to forget"
Ex. sutihai- "to pity"
{Morph.: this is an instrumental prefix that regularly comes
directly before the verb root.}
ADVR
{Morph.: this suffix turns a word into an adverb) [marked as
ADVR]

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sudaa- (also: sudawa-) V (TR)
"to underestimate; slight; disbelieve"
Ex. I-biya i-sudaa-t.
"My mother underestimates me."
sudawa- [see: sudaa-]
sugana' (also: sugga') N
"sugar"
Ex. 位-bi' suggana'a-ge-tU?
"Do you have any sugar?"
{Morph.: From either Spanish "azücar" or English "sugar"}
{Sem.: compare with piha'}
suhi
"body hair (other than facial hair)"
Ex. A-suhi nohi wogo-tu.
"His body hair is very thick."
SUku'unuwま PN
(an unidentified location at Corinne Lake in a hole north of
the lake)
sukwa-
"to think (thoughts)"
Ex. Niti-bo'o-diya mani'i-hu-sU sukwa-di.
"I was also thinking the same thing."
sukwa'ni'i-tU
ADJ
"cute (of anything)"
Ex. Piskuutu' sukwa'ni'i-tU.
"Hummingbirds are cute."
sumi'a-
"to forget"
Ex. I-biya tí-'ooga-na ti-sumi'a-t.
"My mother forgot her wallet."
{Sem.: same meaning as tisukwaida-}
sunawi-
V (INTR)
"to look, appear, think, wonder"
Ex. I-biya-tsi'' tiha'abi-ni-sU sunawi-t.
"My dear mother looks like a pathetic person."
Ex. Mahu nana i-ma'ani-sU sunawi-t.
"That man looks like you."
Ex. Niti-bo' qadu' itma'ani-sU sunawi-di.
"I don't think like you do."
suntaati' (also: sontaati') N
"forest ranger, soldier"
Ex. Suntaati'' i-za'wiki-t.
"The forest ranger shook my hand."
{From Spanish "soldado"}
supana'i-
V (TR)

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"to think of"
Ex. Ti-nawa-na mahu a-supana'i-dí.
"He is thinking of his father."
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supita-
V (TR)
"to have an opinion of/about"
Ex. Mahu qadu' tsau ti-supita-di.
"He doesn't think good of anyone."

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supuweenu'
N
    "spurs"
    Ex. Mahu qawaayu'-aa qati-di supuweenu'u-ge-tU.
        "That one riding the horse has spurs on."
    \{From Spanish "espuela"\}
susi'yee-
V (TR)
    "to dislike"
    Ex. I-boso'o-wま i-susi'yee-t.
        "My friends disliked me."
sUtabihi- (also: sxtabihi-) V (TR)
    "to know, be aware of, understand"
    Ex. Piditsu i-biya a-sUtabihi-t.
        "My mother finally became aware of it."
    Ex. I-biya-na nit a-piti-wai-n a-sUtabihi-t.
        "I knew when my mother was coming."
    Ex. Mahu-bo' híbi-tsi' \(\dot{\text { in }}{ }^{\prime} '^{\prime-a}\) a-taduha-n qadu'
        tí-sUtabihi-di.
        "That old lady cannot understand English."
sutihai-
                                V (TR)
    "to pity, feel sorry for"
    Ex. Maqahu-na nana-na niti a-sutihai-t.
        "I feel sorry for that man."
sutikwigimogaadi EXPR
    (indicates disgust or contempt)
sutsaa-
                                    V (TR)
    "to like, love"
    Ex. I-boso'o-wま i-sutsaa-t.
        "My friends liked me."
suugu
                                    N
    "robin"
    Ex. Manno-ho suugu.
        "There's a robin."
suuna- \(V\) (TR/INTR)
    "to store (solids, foodstuffs, etc.)"
    Ex. Mowa panaatada' suuna-dy.
        "The woodpeckers are storing (food) now."
    Ex. Nit-bo' wiya-na mowa ti-suuna-wai.
        "I'm going to store the (black oak) acorns now."
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suunanU N (NOM V)
"acorn granary"
Ex. I-biyą-na a-suunand nohi-baba-tU.
"My mother's acorn granary is very big."
{Morph.: suuna-nU store-NR}
suwakwini- [see: nasuwakwini-]
suwakwi̇nunuhi- (also: siwakwiyunuhi-) V (INTR)
"to be dizzy"
Ex. Niti suwakwinunuhi-t.
"I got dizzy."
suwapaa- V (INTR)
"to rest"
Ex. TihittA qahipi-'aqA suwapaa-di.
"The deer is resting in the brush."
suwapaaki-
V (TR)
"to make rest"
Ex. Owaa'nugu'-aa a-suwapaaki.
"Put the baby to rest."
{Morph.: suwapaa-ki- rest-cAUS}
suwaqa-
V (INTR)
"to breathe"
Ex. I-biya qaha suwaqa-t.
"My mother breathed very hard."
suwati'mi-
V (INTR)
"to drown"
Ex. I-buku-tsi' suwati'mi-t.
"My little dog drowned."
su'a-
V (INTR)
"to eat (something) up, eat (it) all"
Ex. Ti-na-duwaqa-n a-su'a-t.
"He ate up everything that was fed to him."

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-t [see: -tI]
ta- (also: tai-) POSS PRON
"our (INCL)"
Ex. ta-nobi "our (INCL) house"
ta- INDEF PRO
"someone's...., a person's..."
Ex. Ta-bizi'" "a person's breasts ('Fuller's Buttes')"
ta- N/V PREF
"with the limbs (either arms or legs); pertaining to the feet"
Ex. ta'wizogo "ankle"
Ex. tasido "toenails"
\{Morph.: this is an instrumental prefix which comes directly before the verb or noun root\}
\{Sem.: contrast with ma- "with the hand"\}
taapi'ni \(e^{N}\)
"board, plank; table"
Ex. Taapi'ni-maa mahu qaho'na-na maapa'i-di. "She made a box with the boards."
taapono'
N
"shawl"
Ex. Sooha'ani-kU i-biya taapono'o-ge-tU. "My mother has a beautiful shawl."
\{From Spanish "trapo"\}

\section*{taaqwa}

PRON
"we (inclusive)"
\{Sem.: this form of the first person plural subject pronoun includes the hearer (s), and contrasts with nitiqwa "we (exclusive)"\}
taawano ADV
"spring, springtime, in the spring"
Ex. Mowa taawano mai-p. "Now it's become spring."
taayá
N
"tire"
Ex. A-taaya' sikibadagi-t.
"His tire is flat."
\{From English "tire"\}
taba
N
"testicles"
Ex. I-gínu' nabakiya-nee ti-taba-na na-boni-ki-t.
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                            "When swimming, my (paternal) grandfather's testicles
    were visible."
tabagata- V (TR)
"to castrate"
Ex. I-ginn' tiwaldahi-di ti-dabagata-nee.
"My (paternal) grandfather knows how to castrate."
{Sem.: same meaning as tabatsoyo-}
tabapI (also: taba'ya) N
"gooseberries" (Ribes sp.)
Ex. Taaqwa tabapi-na a-wiqqa-q|aa-wai.
"We're going to gather gooseberries (by knocking them
off of the plants)."
{Sem.: taba'ya seems to be a more archaic word}
{Use: food}
tabatsoyo-
"to castrate"
{Sem.: same meaning as tabagata-}
tabatso'
N
"gelding; male without testicles, eunuch"
Ex. Mahu qawaayu' tabatso'.
"That horse is a gelding."
{Morph.: taba-tso' testicles-without}
taba'ya [see: tabapI]
tabeso'a- v (INTR)
"to shine (of the sun)"
Ex. Tabewanno tabeso'a-di.
"Today the sun is shining."
tabewano
ADV
"today, (during the) daytime"
Ex. Tabewano toonaa-t.
"Today it's cloudy."
tabezibuhi-
V (INTR)
"to rise (of the sun)"
Ex. Mowa tabezibuhi-p.
"Now (the sun) has risen."
{Morph.: tabe-zibuhi- sun-climb}
tabi-
"to strike, pound"
V (TR)
Ex. Togoqa-na tipi-ma a-dabi-t.
"He hit the rattlesnake with a rock."
tabigoitapm
N
"rainbow"
Ex. Mino' tabigoitapaa a-zitsuga-nee!
"Don't point at the rainbow!"
{Morph.: oblique form is tabigoitapaa}

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tabipa'i-
V (TR)
"to strike repeatedly, pound repeatedly"
Ex. Nanna-piddiki-goi-nee nanna-dabipa'i-goi-t.
"While fighting, they hit one another repeatedly."
tabitapA
N
"the unpulverized acorns after grinding"
Ex. I-biya a-tabitapa-hoo-kU poda-di.
"My mother is grinding the unground acorns."
Tabizi'
PN
"Fuller Buttes"
{Morph.: ta-bizi' someone's-breast}
{Sem.: these two buttes are also known as Tithititopogi}
tabiha-
V (INTR)
"to be light (outside), be daylight"
Ex. a-dabina-s
"tomorrow (said at night) (lit.: when it's light
outside)"
Ex. Mowa tabiha-p.
"Now it's become light out."
tabiha'
N
"morning star"
taboida- (also: tapoida-) V (INTR)
"to be piled up, to be piled on top of one another (said of
papers or rags)"
Ex. I-no'mahii taboida-t.
"Your clothes are all piled up (on top of each other)."
tabo' (also: tabu') N
"brush rabbit" (Sylvilaqus bachmani)
Ex. Tabo-tsi'-aa niti kima-nee mi'i-mowahusU a-boni-kinee.
"This morning I saw a brush rabbit along the way."
tabu' [see: tabo']
tadabe N
"sun; clock"
Ex. Mowa tadabe tsibuhi-p.
"Now the sun has begun to rise."
Ex. I-wana-tsi' ti-tadabe-na pudawa-di.
"My little brother is looking at his watch."
tadagai- V (INTR)
"to be fruitful, be plentiful (of plants or animals), come
into being"
Ex. Wiyapm wiya-na ewa tadagai-t.
"The (black) oak trees have a good crop (of acorns)."
tadaggo'
N
"red ants"

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Ex. Tadago'-aa niti a-boni-kinee.
"I saw red ants along the way."
\{Sem.: compare with sooga and wowa', other types of red ants
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tadami'a [see: tadawi''a]
tadawí'a (also: tadami''a) N
"moon, month"
Ex. Mowa tadawi'a pudi'i-p.
"The moon has come out now."
tagi'atsitsi'' ADV
"extremely thin"
Ex. Ti̇ina-na tagi'atsitsi' a-doqoba.
"Cut the meat extremely thin."
tagi'atsitsi'i- V (INTR)
"to be extremely thin (of solid objects), to be extremely
sheer (of fabric)"
Ex. Mahu a-naawasi-yaa-n tagi'atsitsi'i-t.
"That dress of hers is extremely sheer (implying you
can almost see through it)."

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tahani'ipaa
        ADV
    "far away, a long distance"
    Ex. \(\begin{aligned} & \text {-piya tahani'ipaa miya-wai-tit. }\end{aligned}\)
        "My mother is going far away,"
    \{Sem.: farther in distance than qweena'a\}
tahi' "wife's in-laws (i, N
    "wife's in-laws (i.e., the husband's parents in relation to
    his wife)"
    Ex. I-dahi'i-w \(\ddagger\) piti-wai.
        "My (husband's) in-laws are coming (said by a woman)."
tai- V PREF
    "us (inclusive)" (first person plural inclusive object
    pronoun)
    Ex. Mahu nana tai-bee-t.
        "That man called us."
    \{Phon.: the following consonant becomes fortis (voiced)\}
tai- N PREF
    "our (inclusive)" (first person plural inclusive possessive
    pronoun)
    Ex. Tai-paya kusibisi'主.
        "Our water is murky."
    \{Phon.: the following consonant remains fortis (unvoiced)\}
taimiya-
                            V (INTR)
    "to fall down slowly (without much force)"
    Ex. I-biya-tsi' natomina-s taimiya-t.
        "My mother fell down (slowly) when she sprained her
        ankle."
\{Soc.: archaic\}
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takimaki-
V (TR)
"to drive (something) on, drive (s,th.) forward, herd" (in
reference to animals)
Ex. Qanaatu'-aa tiddakimaki-t.
"He drove the cows forward."
Ex. Qawaayu'-aa wakitA a-dakimaki.
"Drive the horses this way (in direction of speaker)."
{Morph.: ta-kima-ki- with.limb-come-CAUS}
{Sem.: opposite of taqooniki- "to drive back" and tawiyaki-
"to drive back"}
takìiwi- V (TR)
"to throw (something) at"
Ex. Togoqa-na niti tipi-ma a-dakitiwi-pa'i-t.
"I threw rocks (continuously) at the rattlesnake."
takuna'i-
V (TR)
"to throw away"
takwina- V (TR)
"to wipe, wipe up, scrape (food, using finger, bread or
tortilla)"
Ex. I-'apo-na a-howee-taa ekibe-na a-dakwina.
"Wipe up the acorn mush from the edge of the basket."
takwi'na- [see: tidakwi'na-]
takwihi- V (TR)
"to plant, set up (by digging a hole and placing something
erect in it, such as a fence-post or plant)"
Ex. Ti-tumaate'-aa ti-dakwíhi-dì.
"He's planting his tomato plants."
takwìna- V (TR)
"to plant (upright in the ground), stand (something)
upright"
Ex. Winipit-na a-dakwína.
"Plant the tree."
{Sem.: compare with tinaaki- "to plant (seeds)"}
takwina'i-
V (TR)
"to release, throw"
Ex. Tipi-na a-dakwina'i-t.
"He threw the rock."
takwina'iki- V (TR)
"to throw (something) away (that belongs to someone else)"
Ex. I-dibihanu-tsi'-aa mahu i-dakwina'ikitt.
"He threw away my toy."
{Morph.: takwina'i-ki- release-CAUS}
TamaagisI
Pn
(a man's name)

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tamahoibi
N
"an object with a dull point"
tamihoowi- V (INTR)
"to give up (doing something); run out (of something); to
not be equal to (something) in value"
Ex. I-wana-tsi' poyoha-nee tamihoowi-t.
"My little brother gave up while running."
Ex. Tamihoowi-t.
"It's not enough (money)."
tamihoowiki-
V (TR)
"to run out of (something)"
Ex. I-naawaku-na niti ti-damihoowikitt.
"I ran out of money."
{Morph.: tamihoowi-ki- give.up-CAUS}
tamoya [see: tsamaya]
tana-"to sting" V (TR)
"to sting"
Ex. Peena-baa-tU niti na-dana-t.
"I was stung by a bee."
tanaanibi
N
"jimson weed" (Datura stramonium)
Ex. Tanaanibi ta-neetsa'yee-ki-di.
"Jimson weed makes us crazy."
{Use: narcotic}
Tanaani' PN
(a man's name)
tanaapu', N
"turnip" (Brassica rapa)
Ex. I-biya tanaapu'-aa tisawa-di.
"My mother is cooking turnips."
{From English "turnip"}
tanabodo (also: tanobodo, tonobodo) N
"knee"
Ex. Ti-tanabodo-ma wi'i-t.
"He fell on his knee."
tanabodo- V (INTR)
"to kneel"
tanabododabi- [see: tonobododabi-]
-tana'i-
AUX V
"stay, remain"
Ex. A-maya masidaa-tana'i-t.
"His hands stayed stretched out."
{Sem.: compare with maitana'i- "to stay (in a particular

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    position or location)"}
    tanipu'i- (also: ta'nipu'i-) V (TR)
"to knock the wind out of someone (by hitting them in the
stomach)"
Ex. I-wana-tsi' ti-bidimki-nee na-danipu'i-t.
"My little brother had the wind knocked out of him
while fighting."
tapatsA N
"tennis shoe, (soft) shoe"
Ex. Simi'-aa niti i-dapatsa-na ti-watsikitt.
"I lost my other shoe."
{From Spanish "zapato"}
Tapayuni
(a woman's name)
tapeda
N
"sole (of foot)"
Ex. I-dapeda-ma niti naapu'u-baa-tU na-dona-t. "I was pricked by a nail on the sole of my foot."
tapedagi-
V (INTR)
"to be barefoot, go around barefoot"
Ex. I-hutsi' tapedagi-di. "My (paternal) grandmother is going about barefoot."

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tapeqo' [see: tapiqo']

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tapeqo' [see: tapiqo']
tapidigidi' N
"a species of hawk (which is little, gray and very fast)" Ex. Tapidigidi' nohi-zikwídap. "The little gray hawk is very fast."
tapigini'
N
"sheepsorrel" (Rumes sp.)
Ex. Tapigini'-aa a-'omaz-s a-dikA.
"Eat the sheepsorrel with salt."
\{Sem.: this is a different plant from piyada', which in
English is also often called sheepsorrel by Monos\}
tapino'a- (also: tapino'o-) V (TR)
"to meet, encounter"
Ex. Nit miya-nee a-dapino'a-t.
"I met her while going."
\{Sem.: compare with wegiya- "to meet, encounter (by accident)"
tapino'o- [see: tapino'a-]
tapiqo' (also: tapeqo') N
"heel"
Ex. I-dapeqo' paaqa-t.
"My heel is bleeding."
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    tapisona
        N
            "socks, stockings"
    Ex. Hano-sa' i-dapisona?
        "Where are my socks?"
    {Morph.: ta-piso-na with.feet-blanket-NR}
    tapisonayaa- V (INTR)
        "to put on/wear socks or stockings"
        Ex. Mahu tapisonayaa-di.
        "He's putting on his socks."
    {Morph.: tapisona-yaa- socks-wear}
tapogi
    "cave"
    Ex. PahabitsI tapogi-wee qati-di.
        "The bear stays in the cave."
    {Sem.: compare with toyagidi "hole, cave"}
tapoida- (also: taboida-) V (TR)
    "to be stacked, in a pile"
    Ex. I-no'mahii-tsi'' tapoida-qati-t.
        "My clothes are in a pile."
Tapoki'
                            PN
    "location of the old mission school in Northfork"
tapona-
                            V (INTR)
    "to come up, rise into view"
    Ex. Mowahu tadawi'a tapona-p.
        "Now the moon has risen into view."
tapotsitsi'ini-tU
                            ADJ
    "very short in length or height"
    Ex. I-buku-tsi'' tapotsitsi'ini-tU.
        "My dog is very short."
taqqA
                                    N
    "cocoon (of a caterpillar)"
    Ex. Taqa-na huuya'-aa a-hoo-kU a-zoba.
        "Gather some cocoons with the Pandora moth larvae."
taqaati'1 N
    "sourberries"
    Ex. Taqaati'-aa niti a-dika-naama-t.
        "I feel like eating sourberries."
    {Sem.: the name of the bush on which sourberries grow is
        called kwanunupi}
taqanitsI N
    "tonsils"
    Ex. A-taqanitsI pawa-t.
        "His tonsils are swollen."
taqapagga N
```

"arrowpoint, arrowhead (of obsidian)"
Ex. Nanaana taqapaga-dúu'i-di.
"The men are making arrowpoints."
\{Morph.: taqa-paga obsidian-arrow\}

## taqapI

N
"obsidian, volcanic rock; glass"
Ex. Taqapi-ma mahu pagga-du-di.
"He's making arrows with obsidian."
taqapoo-
V (TR)
"to brand, mark"
Ex. Tidaqapoo-ma ti-daqapoo-di.
"They're branding with their branding irons."
taqaputsu'i- $\quad \mathrm{V}$ (INTR)
"to be totally dark"
Ex. A-muusu'i-nu-wee-tit nohi-daqaputsu'i-di. "Where they have sweats, it's totally dark."
taqaqa'abi
N
"red bud" (Cercis occidentalis)
Ex. 王-po'no-na taqaqa'abi-ma a-woowi. "Make the pattern on your (twined) basket with red bud."
\{Use: the bark of the twigs is used to make the red-colored withes used in basket-making\}

Taqatoyá' PN
(a woman's name)
taqats I

## N

"eagle moiety"
Ex. I-wana-tsi'i-bo' taqatsi-naapaa-ti. "My little brother is on the eagle (moiety) side."

## taqaya

## N

"acorns in the shell"
Ex. Măhu wiya taqaya-ge-tU.
"The black oak acorns there have their shells on."
taqayabi

## N

(an unidentified plant)
Ex. Taqayabí aa-ma a-na-baga-tu-n.
"They make arrows with the 'taqayabi' plant."
taqazunA
N
"tip, top, point (of a long object)"
Ex. Mawi wínipitha a-taqazunA piti-hu-ge'e.
"The squirrel finally reached the top of the tree."
taqoda-
V (TR)
"to spread (something) out to dry"
Ex. Wiya-na ti-daqoda-t. "She spread her (black oak) acorns out to dry."

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    taqononohi- V (TR)
    "to roll (something that is round); cut around"
    Ex. Tipi-na a-daqononohi-t.
        "He rolled the rock."
    Ex. Wihi-ma a-daqononohi.
        "Cut it around with a knife."
    taqooniki-
                                V (TR)
    "to drive (something) back" (in reference to animals)
    Ex. Qawaay\underline{\prime}}\mathrm{ ' na-daqoonikitt.
        "The horses are being driven back."
    {Morph.: ta-qooni-ki- with.limbs-return-CAUS}
    {Sem.1: same meaning as tawiyaki-}
    {Sem.2: opposite of takimaki- "to drive forward"}
taqopi'i-
                                V (TR)
    "to cut (something long and hard, like a tree branch)"
    Ex. I-nawa a-poqa-na a-daqopi'i-s a-basa-ki-t.
        "When my father had cut the branch, he dried it."
taqwa- v (INTR)
    "to burn something and then place the ashes on one's skin
    (for medicinal purposes)"
    Ex. Nipitsi-ma a-daqwA.
        "Burn the nipitsi root and place it on your skin."
    {Cult.: this is a method used in traditional healing}
tasanabayee- (also: tasanabiyee-) v (INTR)
    "to become numb, fall asleep (of limbs)"
    Ex. A-huqA tasanabayee-t.
        "Her leg fell asleep."
tasa'a- V (TR)
    "to step over"
    Ex. Anaapí-na a-dasa'a-ki.
        "Come step over the log."
tasido
                                    N
    "toenails"
    Ex. I-tasido-na a-daqoba.
        "Cut your toenails."
    {Sem.: compare with masido "fingernails"}
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Tasiigwazi
(a man's name)
tasiqohi-
"to slip"
V (INTR)
Ex. Tipi-ba'a i-biya miya-nee tasiqohi-t. "My mother slipped while walking on the rock."
tasitu' N
"a species of mushroom" (unidentified genus)
Ex. Tasitur nohi qamebi.

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                            "The mushrooms are very tasty."
{Use: as food}
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tasiwwakinA
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tasiwwakinA
"toes (collectively)"
"toes (collectively)"
{Sem.: compare with masiwaakinA "fingers (collectively)"}
{Sem.: compare with masiwaakinA "fingers (collectively)"}
taso'yogi-
taso'yogi-
V (TR)
V (TR)
"to loosen (by hand)"
"to loosen (by hand)"
Ex. A-nati-na a-daso'yogi-ki.
Ex. A-nati-na a-daso'yogi-ki.
"Loosen his belt for him."
"Loosen his belt for him."
tatabinanee
tatabinanee
ADV
ADV
"everyday"
"everyday"
Ex. Mahu onnoho tatabithanee piti-qatit-t.
Ex. Mahu onnoho tatabithanee piti-qatit-t.
"He's coming everyday,"
"He's coming everyday,"
{Morph.: ta-tabiha-nee RDP-be.daylight-SUBR}
{Morph.: ta-tabiha-nee RDP-be.daylight-SUBR}
tatadi', N
tatadi', N
"chicken hawk"
"chicken hawk"
Ex. Iya}\mathrm{ tatadi' yotsi-di.
Ex. Iya}\mathrm{ tatadi' yotsi-di.
"A chicken hawk is flying there."
"A chicken hawk is flying there."
tatawa-
tatawa-
V (TR)
V (TR)
"to wait for"
"to wait for"
Ex. Puku-tsi' ti-tini'-aa a-datawa-qatis-t.
Ex. Puku-tsi' ti-tini'-aa a-datawa-qatis-t.
"The little dog waited (continuously) for its master."
"The little dog waited (continuously) for its master."
tatoba- V (TR)
tatoba- V (TR)
"to remove (shoes or other footwear)"
"to remove (shoes or other footwear)"
Ex. Niwi ti-moqo-na tatoba-di.
Ex. Niwi ti-moqo-na tatoba-di.
"Niwi took off his shoes."
"Niwi took off his shoes."
tatogo N
tatogo N
"toe"
"toe"
Ex. A-tatoggo a-gama-kit-t.
Ex. A-tatoggo a-gama-kit-t.
"His toe hurts."
"His toe hurts."
tatsa'a- V (INTR)
tatsa'a- V (INTR)
"to fall over (of objects)"
"to fall over (of objects)"
Ex. Qatinu tatsa'a-t.
Ex. Qatinu tatsa'a-t.
"The chair fell over."
"The chair fell over."
{Sem.: compare with kwatuha- "to fall over (of people)"}
{Sem.: compare with kwatuha- "to fall over (of people)"}
tatsee-
tatsee-
V (TR)
V (TR)
"to catch up with"
"to catch up with"
Ex. I-biya i-wagima-di i-datsee-t.
Ex. I-biya i-wagima-di i-datsee-t.
"My mother was chasing me and caught up with me."
"My mother was chasing me and caught up with me."
tatsibiya- V (INTR)
tatsibiya- V (INTR)
"to put forth a lot of effort, do one's best"
"to put forth a lot of effort, do one's best"
Ex. A-datsibiya-tiwi.
Ex. A-datsibiya-tiwi.
"Tell him to do his best."
"Tell him to do his best."
tatsibuhi- V (TR/INTR)

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tatsibuhi- V (TR/INTR)
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"to climb (using arms and legs)"
Ex. Na-na'atsi'i-wł winipi-na a-datsibuhi-t. "The boys climbed the tree."
\{Morph.: ta-tsibuhi- with.limbs(I.P.)-climb\}
\{Sem.: compare with patsibuhi-\}

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    tatsibuhinU
                                    N
            "ladder, something made to climb on"
            Ex. Tatsibuhinu-na niti a-we'ni-t.
        "I climbed down the ladder."
    {Morph.: ta-tsibuhi-nU with.limbs(IP)-climb-NOM}
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tatsitsuganu

```N"second toe"
    Ex. I-datsitsugganu-ma na-dona-t.
        "I was pricked on my second toe."
    {Morph.: ta-tsitsuga-nu with.limbs(IP)-point-NR}
    {Sem.: compare with matsitsuganu "index finger"}
tatsiya-
                                V
    "to sort, sort out (bad ones)"
    Ex. Wiya-na a-datsiya.
        "Sort out the (black oak) acorns."
    {Cult.: this verb refers to picking out the bad acorns or
    seeds during food processing.}
tatsiwi-
    "to count"
                                V (TR/INTR)
    Ex. Manigiwano-kU ni̇i nitimí-na a-datsitwit-t.
        "I counted fifty Indians,"
    {Sem.: compare with titsiwit- "to count"}
tatsixwi=-i/tatsixwie-tU
    NUM/NUM ADJ
    "seven"
    {Morph.: the form tatsiwit-i is used when counting, while the
        form tatsiwit-tU is used for counting objects}
tatsimìwano-tU
    NUM ADJ
    "seventy"
    {Morph.: tatsìwi-wano-tU "seven-tens-ADJ"}
tatsogo- V (TR)
    "to pound with a rock, smash by pounding"
    Ex. Taqaati'-aa tsau a-datsogo.
        "Pound the sourberries weli."
tatsogo'o-
        V (TR)
    "to step into (something sloppy)"
    Ex. Mahu qaina'-aa a-kwidapi-wee tatsogo'o-t.
        "He stepped in chicken feces,"
tatso'i- [see totso'i-]
taunU N
    "town"
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    Ex. Taaqwa tauna-wee miya-wai.
        "We're going to town."
    {From English "town"}
tawaN
    "tooth"
    Ex. I-wana'-aa a-tawa so'yogi-t.
        "My little brother's tooth is loose."
tawaag\underline{u}}\mp@subsup{}{}{\prime
    "(domestic) tobacco" (Nicotiana tabacum)
    Ex. I-dawaagu'-aa i-giya.
        "Give me my tobacco."
    {From Spanish "tabaco"}
tawaa'
                                ONM
    (sound made by the spotted towhee)
tawaa'na\underline{' N}
    "spotted towhee" (Pipilo sp.)
    Ex. Tawaa'na'a-bo' qadu' tipittabihi-dí.
        "The spotted towhee can't see ahead of itself."
    {Morph.: tawaa'-na_' ONM-it.says}
tawahani'i-
                            V (INTR)
    "to work"
    Ex. I-nawa tawahani'i-di.
        "My father is working."
    {From Spanish "trabajar"}
tawinU N (NOM V)
    "laugh, laughter"
    Ex. A-tawinU i-yawi-ki-di.
        "His laugh makes me laugh."
    Ex. A-tawinU niti a-naqa-t.
        "I hear his laugh (now)."
    Ex. A-tawinu-na niti a-naqa-t.
        "I hear his laugh (that is, the way he laughed, but not
        here or now)."
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tawiyakí-
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tawiyakí-
V (TR)
V (TR)
"to drive (something) back, herd (animals)"
"to drive (something) back, herd (animals)"
{Morph.: ta-wiya-ki- with.limb-go-CAUS}
{Morph.: ta-wiya-ki- with.limb-go-CAUS}
{Sem.1: same meaning as taqooniki-}
{Sem.1: same meaning as taqooniki-}
{Sem.2: opposite meaning of takimaki- "to drive forward"}
{Sem.2: opposite meaning of takimaki- "to drive forward"}
tazawąno
ADV
"summer, summertime, in the summer"
Ex. Mowa tazawano mai-p.
"Now it's become summer."
tazidowa- V (INTR)
"to be clear (of the night sky)"
Ex. Mowa tazidowa-p.
"Now it's cleared up (and you can see the stars)."

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    tazinopm
                                    N
        "stars"
    Ex. Ewa-tU tazinopま na-boni-t.
        "Many stars can be seen."
    Ta'aqai
                            PN
    (a man's name)
    ta'niga- V (TR)
    "to put (something on one's feet)"
    Ex. Ti-moqo-na a-da'niga-t.
        "He put on his (own) shoes."
    ta'niga- V (INTR)
    "to have a temper tantrum, jump up and down (from anger)"
    Ex. I-wana-tsi'' na-'iwi-timwi-s ta'nigga-t.
        "My little brother had a temper tantrum when he was
        told to go to sleep."
    ta'niqa- V (TR)
"to pack down, press down (of clothes, dirt, etc.) (using
the arms or legs)"
Ex. Tibipi-na a-da'nitqA.
"Pack down the dirt."
ta'noo- V (TR)
"to carry in claws (as of an eagle, etc.)"
Ex. Nana'yutsI tsugu-tsi'-tsi'-aa a-da'noo-t.
"The condor carried off the little old man in its
claws."
{Morph.: ta'-noo- with.limbs(IP)-carry.back}
ta'owwa
N
"ankle bone"
Ex. Ti-ta'owa-ma mahu na'atsi'' na-gwiya-t.
"The boy was hit on his ankle bone."
ta'wizogo
N
"ankle"
Ex. Ti-ta'wizogo-ma-kU iya-ge-tU.
"He has a sore on his ankle."
Ex. I-da'wizogo-ma niti a-domina-t.
"I sprained my ankle."
teebe'i- V (TR)
"to give credit to, lend money to"
Ex. Niti na-deebe'i-t.
"I was given credit."
{Morph.: teebe-'i- debt-do}
{From Spanish "deber"}
teebi
N
"shoulder"
Ex. I-deebi-ma-kU ni̇i kudu''u-baa-tU na-gwiya-t.

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"I was hit in the shoulder by (a piece of) the wood."
Ex. Ti-'ekibe-na ti-teebi-ma-kU a-noo-t.
"She carried the (cooked) acorn (in a basket) on her shoulder."
```

teebunU
N
"table"
Ex. Tsida-na teebunu-ba'aa a-digij.
"Put the dishes on the table."
{From English "table"}
{Sem.: same meaning as tikanU}
teega-
V (TR)
"to spread (medication, jelly), to apply, to paint"
Ex. Kumasa'-aa pihadagidì-ma a-deega!
"Spread the jelly on the bread."
Ex. Tit-nobi-na ti-deega-t.
"He painted his house."
teena'
N
"wild sweet potatoes" (Unidentified genus)
Ex. Teena'-aa taaqwa tihoowi-gaa-wai.
"We're going to go dig wild sweet potatoes."
{Use: bulb or tuber as food}
Teena'aa apisi
PN
"Shaver Lake"
{Morph.: teena'-aa a-pisI wild.sweet.potatoes-OBL its-
leaves}
teeni'i- V (TR)
"to take care of, watch over (living things)"
Ex. Mahu poniika'-aa teeni'i-di.
"He is taking care of the sheep."
{Sem.: compare with wabitsabi- "to take care of (non-living
things)"}
teewa N
"cottontail rabbit"
Ex. Teewa mowa tuwami-du-di.
"The cottontails are having little ones now."
tegwi
N
"vagina"
Ex. Hitipi'i-wi-bo' tegwi-ge-tu.
"Women have vaginas."
tendeeno' [see: tenteeno']
tenteeno' (also: tendeeno') N
"(whiteman's) store; town"
Ex. Tenteeno'o-wee taaqwa miya-wai.
"We're going to the store."
{Sem.: meaning has been extended from"store" to include
"town"}

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\｛From Spanish＂tienda＂\}
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-tI (also: -t)
V SUFF

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    (a tense marker) [marked as TNS]
    Ex. Iyo tihitA poyoha-t.
        "Deer run here."
    Ex. Niti tinita-na a-boni-t.
            "I see/saw the deer."
        \{Phon.: the final vowel on this suffix is usually silent\}
        \{Sem.: this verbal suffix usually marks the past tense with
        active verbs or the present tense with stative verbs; it
        also marks a timeless state\}
tigap
                                    N
    "leather"
    Ex. Tigapi-ma a-witawa.
        "Tie it with the leather."
tihausu
                                    CONJ
    "nevertheless"
    Ex. I-wana-tsí qadu' na-wiya-tíwi-di tihausu miya-t.
        "My little brother was told not to go, but he went
        nevertheless."
tisob干 [see: tsisob王]
tiya ADV
    "then"
    Ex. Mowahusu taaqwa tiya miya-wai.
        "Then tomorrow we'll go."
    \{Sem.: compare with -diya "also"\}
tiyawi-
                                    V (INTR)
    "to die"
    Ex. I-biya-tsí tiyawi-t.
        "My mother died."
-ti'i- V INFX
    (something brittle)
    Ex. tsaqoti'i- "to snap (something brittle) (by hand)"
七主
                                    V PREF
    "some, something" (indicates an unspecified object) [marked
        as UNSP]
    Ex. I-hutsi' qaina'-aa ti-zihi-di.
        "My (paternal) grandmother is plucking her (own)
        chickens."
    \{Phon.: the following consonant becomes lenis (voiced) \}
    \{Synt.: this prefix is used when the subject is first person
    singular and the object is a possession of the subject's\}
七i-
    N PREF
    "his (own), her (own), its (own)" (third person singular
    reflexive possessive)
    Ex. Ti-nobi-na ti-wabitsabi-di.
"She's cleaning her (own) house."
tibagi-

V (TR)
"to pack, put in (a container)"
Ex. Paapasi-na ti-kusa-wee ti-dibagi-t. "He put the potatoes into a (his) bag."
\{Sem.: opposite of tibani-\}
tibagiki-
V (TR)
"to pack for, put in (a container) for"
Ex. Maqahu-na kusa-wee aapa'níi-na a-díbagiki. "Put the apples in the bag for him."
\{Morph.: tibagi-ki- pack-CAUS \}
\{Synt.: the addition of the causative suffix enables this verb to take both a direct and indirect objects
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tibani-

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"to unload, unpack"
Ex. Ti-nobi-weetugu ti-kuna-na tibani-t. "He unloaded the wood at his house."
\{Sem.: opposite of tibagi-\}
tibá \({ }^{\prime}\)
"pinyon pine nuts" (Pinus edulis)
Ex. Sibitimi tiba'-aa tsoba-di. "The (Owens Valley) Paiutes are gathering pine nuts."
\{Use: as food\}
ADV
"down(hill); west (into the San Joaquin valley)"
Ex. Tibeew \(\ddagger\) nit miya-wai-ti . "I am going down (into the valley)."
Ex. tibeewi-ti
"in the (San Joaquin) valley"
\{Sem.1: this term is used to refer to a specific valley west of Western Mono territory, namely, the San Joaquin valley.\}
\{Sem.2: opposite of pamadi\}
tibihina

N/ADV
"middle, half, halfway"
Ex. Payä-na tíbihina-tugu mahu pahabi-t. "He swam to the middle of the lake."
Ex. Kumasa'-aa tibihina-matugu a-doqoba. "Cut the bread in half."
Ex. tibihina-tit "in the middle"
tibihinati atatogo N
"middle toe"
Ex. Tibihinati atatogo-ma saasigatit-t. "His middle toe blistered."
\{Morph.: tibihina-ti a-tatogo middle-ABS its-toe\}
tibiihaV (INTR)
```

    "to play"
    Ex. Nibabi-wee-tU nit tibiiha-t.
        "I played in the snow."
    tibiihanu
N (NOM V)
"toy, plaything"
Ex. £-tibiihanu-na a-notinnA.
"Put away your toys."
tibiiqa-1
V (TR)
"to sow (seeds)
Ex. Piniiku'-aa niti a-pusi-na tibilqa-dí.
"I'm sowing wheat."
tibiiqa-2
V (TR)
"to add sticks (to a basket in basket-making)"
Ex. Powanai mowa ti'apo-na ti-dibiiqa-di.
"Powanai is starting to add sticks to her basket now."
tibipahabitsI
N
"tarantula"
Ex. Pidit-y旡bano tibipahabitsI pudi'i-di.
"In the early fall the tarantulas come out."
{Morph.: tibi-pahabitsI dirt-bear}
tibipm
N
"dirt"
Ex. Tíbipi-ma a-guu!
"Bury it with dirt!"
tibiyu-
V (TR)
"to ask (someone for permission, information, etc.)"
Ex. I-'aamu'-aa a-dibiyu.
"Ask your boss."
[Sem.: compare with tittibiyu-]
tabizihuudi
N
"big river; San Joaquin river"
Ex. Tíbizihuu-daa taaqwa a-bopiqa-wai.
"We're going to cross the big river."
Ex. Tibizihuu-daa nitiqwa a-bopi-qe'e una-paa miya-nee.
"We just crossed the big river while going to the other
side."
{Morph.1: timbizi-huu-dí important-flow-PROG}
{Morph.2: the oblique form of this noun is tibizihuu-daa}
{Synt.: this word is a verbal form used as a noun}
{Sem.: this word is used to refer specifically to the San
Joaquin river by the Northfork band of Western Mono}
tibizi-tU "important" ADJ
"important"
Ex. I-biya-bo' tibizi-tU ni̇mm.
"My mother is an important person."
tibizitusU
EXPR

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"it's true; no kidding; for sure" (said by speaker to emphasize the truth of preceding comments)
Ex. Mahu pahabitsI i-boni-n, tibizitusU"
"I've seen that bear. It's true."
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tiboni- [see: tibuni-]

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tiboona ADV
"out in the open, anywhere in the environment"
Ex. Taaqwa iyo nohowaha-tiboona iwi-qaa-wai.
"We'll just sleep out here in the open."
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tiboopm N
"the environment, natural surroundings, country(side),
forest"
Ex. Mowahu tsau sunawi-di tiboop壬 na-boni-t.
"Now the beautiful countryside can be seen."
{Morph.: oblique form is tiboopaa}

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tibooti' N
    "haircutter, sheep shearer, someone who cuts hair"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' nana tibooti' poniika'-aa-diya tibootí'..
        "He's a haircutter or sheep shearer."
tibuhaawití'
                            N (NOM V)
    "doctor, curer"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' nana tibizi-tU tibuhaawiti'.
        "That's an important man. He's a healer."
    \{Morph.: ti-buhaawi-ti' UNSP-treat-AGNT\}
    \{Sem.: compare with puhaawi- "to doctor, cure, treat"\}
tibuni-
                            V (INTR)
    "to wake up"
    Ex. Mowa tibuni-na'i.
        "Wake up right now."
    Ex. Owaa'nugu' mowa tibuni-p.
        "The baby has waken up now."
    \{Sem.: compare with tsitibuni- "to wake (someone) up"\}
tibusi'aga- V (INTR)
    "to pick lice (out of hair)"
    Ex. I-biya-tsí' i-bini'-aa a-busi'aqa-t.
        "My mother is picking the lice out of my little
        sister's hair."
    \{Morph.: ti-busi'a-\&a- UNSP-lice-gather\}
tidakwi'na- (also: takwi'na-) V (TR)
    "to be finely ground (of acorn powder)"
    Ex. Mowa tidakwi'na-p.
        "Now it's finely ground."
tidamanaqa- \(V\) (TR/INTR)
    "to try on (shoes) for size, measure"
tidanatí'
    N
"stinging nettle"
\{Morph.: ti-dana-ti' UNSP-sting-AGNT\}
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tidinna
N
"root, roots"
Ex. Winipip-na a-tidigna na-boni-t.
"The tree's roots are visible."
{Sem.: same meaning as tidinapm}
tidinna
"deep"
Ex. Tidina a-dihoowi.
"Dig it deep."
Tidinnabaya!
PN
(a deep spring north of North Fork)
Ex. Nitmm Tiddinabaya'a-wee-tit pititt.
"The people from Tidinabaya have arrived."
{Morph.: tidina-baya! deep-water}
tidinnapm
N
"root, roots; sedge" (Carex sp.)
Ex. Mahu-dai winippí-na a-tidinnapま.
"Those are the tree's roots."
{Morph.: tidina-pi root-CLSFR}
{Sem.: same meaning as tidina}
{Use: sedge roots are used for the tan-colored withes in
baskets}
tidogoqadu-
V (INTR)
"to make rattlesnake designs (on a basket)"
Ex. Ti-'apo-na ti-woowi-nee tidogoqadu-t.
"When she was designing her basket, she put a
rattlesnake design on it."
{Morph.: tit-dogoqa-du- UNSP-rattlesnake-make}
tiga- V (TR/INTR)
"to collect seeds (action involves beating plant or shaking
plant with a special basket to knock off the seeds)"
Ex. Niti oono'-aa tiga-nimi-di i-ziku-tsi'i-ma.
"I'm gathering goldenrod seeds with my (seed-beating
basket."
{Sem.1: same meaning as tiwiqa-}
{Sem.2: compare with puya- "to remove acorns, nuts, etc. by
twisting them off"}
tigibím
Ex. I-buku-tsi'' nohi-digiibi.
"My little dog is very skinny."
tigiz-
V (TR)
"to place, put"
Ex. Kumasa'-aa teebunu-ba'aa a-diggi.
"Put the bread on top of the table."

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tigipa'a- V (TR)
"to split (sticks into strands for basketry withes)"
Ex. Taqaqa'abi-na i-biya tigipa'a-di.
"My mother is splitting the red bud (into usable
strands for basket-making)."
{Cult.: this verb describes the action of holding the stick
in one's teeth, and with a knife splitting off small enough
strands to be used in basket-making}
tigipeewiz-
"to split (sticks into strands for basketry withes)"
tigwisi-
V (TR)
"to twine, make (twined baskets)"
Ex. Tit-po'no-na tigwisi-di.
"She's making a twined basket."
{Morph.: ti-gwisi- UNSP-string}
{Sem.: compare with niha- "to make (coiled baskets)"}
tigwi''na-
V (TR)
"to spill, dump"
Ex. T主ka-nee ti-tikka-n a-digwi'na-t.
"He spilled his food as he was eating."
tigapo
N
"rope"
Ex. Tígapo-ma a-wittawa!
"Tie it with the rope!"
Ex. Qawaayu'-aa tiggapo-ma a-zaqa-ki.
"Bring the horse here with the rope."
{Sem.: thicker than wisibi}
tigoomai- [see: qoomai-]
tigo'olbe N
"grass" (generic term)
Ex. Pazo'o-wee ewa-tU tiggo'olbe.
"There's a lot of grass at the spring."
Ex. Nitimm Tsibodi-bau-tU puhiduwa-daa tigo'obe-na tieka-dit.
"They're eating green grass at Tsibodibau."
tigwati- V (TR)
"to spear"
Ex. Poipoi aagai-na tigwati-ge'e.
"Poipoi went to spear the salmon."
tihaa- "to bring bad luck to""(TR)
Ex. Pa'otoso mahu i-di-za'noo-n i-dihaa-t.
"The pollywog I caught brought me bad luck."
tihaamogaaadi
EXPR
(said to indicate surprise, amazement or disgust)

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tihanibí
N
"granite; gravel (composed of granite)"
Ex. TsatI tihanibi-wee naa-di.
"The chia seeds grow in gravel."
tiha'abi
"a pathetic person"
Ex. I-biya-tsi'' tiha'abi-ni-sU sunawi-t.
"My dear mother looks like a pathetic person."
Ex. nohi-dtha'abit
"(a) very pathetic (person)"
tihee'na N
"(pair of) scissors"
Ex. Tihee'na-ma a-doqoba.
"Cut it with the scissors."
{From Spanish "tijera"}
tihẏqwabí [see: tihuqwabi]
tihitAN
"deer"
Ex. Ewa-kU niti tihita-na kima-nee a-boni-t.
"I saw a lot of deer while I was coming."
{Sem.: compare with tihiyya "old buck deer"}
Tihititapogi
PN
"Fuller Buttes"
{Morph.: tihit-ti-tapogi deer-ABS-cave}
{Sem.: these two buttes are also known as Tabizi'}
tihiya
N
"old buck deer"
Ex. Yooho' tihiyag-na ti-batsa-t.
"Yoho' killed an old buck deer."
{Cult.: these deer are quite smart on account of their age
and therefore highly prized because they are so difficult
to hunt down.}
tihiya- "to trap (animals)" V (TR/INTR)
"to trap (animals)"
Ex. N住m{ teewa-na tit-d{hiya-t.
"The Indians trapped the cottontails."
Ex. Toseena' tihitya-niwi-gaa-p.
"Toseena' has gone trapping."
{Morph.: tix-hiya- UNSP-trap}
tihoowi-
V (TR/INTR)
"to dig, dig up"
Ex. Teena'-aa taaqwa tihoowi-wai.
"We will dig up the (wild) sweet potatoes."
Ex. Kiwa'-aa a-dihoowi-t.
"He dug up the angleworm."
tihoowitit'
N

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"diggers, grave diggers"
Ex. Tihoowiti'it-wína qobewee ai-dika-titw.
"Let the grave diggers eat first."
\{Morph.: tinoowi-tí' dig-AGNT\}

\section*{tihowai-}

V (TR)
"to miss (when throwing or shooting at a target)"
Ex. Tíhita-na tigwati-nee ti-dihowai-t. "When he shot at the deer, he missed it."
tinubi [see: tuhubi]
tihuupz N
"brush, a place full of brush"
Ex. TihitA tihuupi-'aga suwapaa-di. "The deer is resting in the brush."
tihuqwabí (also: tíhíqwabí) N
"expensive (one)"
Ex. Mahu apo tinuqwabi. "That (coiled) basket is expensive."
tinuyee-
V (INTR)
"to be mad, angry"
Ex. I-nawa-tsi' tihuyee-di. "My father is angry."
Ex. Mahu to'no' tihuyee-di, a-diyabuni! "The bull's mad, look out!"
Ex. Mahu i-nahi-dihuyee-kitt. "He is making me very angry."
\{Sem.: compare with tsabida- "to be angry at (s.o.)"\}
"to rain"
Ex. Tíikwa-wai. "It's going to rain."
Ex. Titiwa-daa niti a-boni-t. "I see it raining."
titikwapE
N
"rain"
Ex. Mowa tíikwape pititp. "Now the rain has come."
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titikwamaata-

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                                    v (INTR)
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                                    v (INTR)
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"to quit raining"
Ex. Títkwamaata-t.
"It quit raining."
\{Morph.: tìikwa-maata- rain-stop\}
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tíi ${ }^{\text {k }}$ kwi-
"to tell"
Ex. I-ginu'-aa niti a-ditikwi-qaa-wai. "I'm going to tell my (paternal) grandfather."

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    ti+moo-
    "to surprise"
    Ex. Ni̇mit-na niti piti-daa a-ditimoo-t.
        "I was surprised by the number of Indians who came."
    tieqnA
        N
    "meat"
    Ex. I-wana-tsi' titina-na tit-dinoggo-di.
        "My little brother is cooking the meat (by burying it
                in a pit of hot ashes)."
tika-
    "to eat"
    Ex. Taaqwa mowa tika-wai.
        "We're going to eat now."
    Ex. Ai-dikka-timwm.
        "Tell them to eat."
tikabuni-
    "to feed"
    Ex. £-puku-na a-ditka-buni-gaa.
        "Go feed your dog."
tikamaibe [see: tikamaibi]
tikamaibi (also: tikamaibe) N
    "food, groceries"
    Ex. I-dikamaibi-na niti no'mihi-gaa-wai.
        "I'm going to go buy my groceries."
    {Morph.: tíka-mai-bi eat-do-ABS}
tikanU N
    "table"
    Ex. Tsida-na tikanu-ba'aa a-dígì.
        "Put the dishes on the table."
    {Morph.: tika-nU eat-NR}
    {Sem.: same meaning as teebunu}
tikatinU
    N
    "chair"
    Ex. Tìkatinu-na a-wídabo-t.
        "He broke up the chair."
    {Morph.: tika-tim-nU eat-ABS-NR}
    {Sem.: same meaning as qatinu}
tikwigini-tu
    ADJ
    "a lot (more than one can count), a large number of"
    Ex. Tikwigini-kU niti ni̇mína poni-t.
        "I saw a large number of Indians."
timaditya'i-
                            V (TR)
    "to scare away, run off"
    Ex. PahabitsI tihitta-na timadìya'i-t.
        "The bear scared away the deer."
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timahi- V (TR)
    "to challenge (as in competition, fight), attack"
    Ex. I-wana-tsi' ti-dimahi-gaa-wai.
        "My little brother is going to challenge somebody."
    Ex. Mawi-na i-bukU a-dimahi-t.
        "My dog attacked the gray squirrel."
tima-
                                    V (TR)
    "to taste"
    Ex. A-'ekibe-na niti a-dima-t.
        "I tasted her acorn mush."
timoinu
                            N
    "pencil, pen"
    Ex. Mahu timoinu-ma ti-zimoowi-di.
        "He's writing it down with a pencil."
    {Morph.: ti-moowi-nU UNSP-draw-NR}
timu_
                            N
    "enemy; opponent; member of the opposite moiety (from
        oneself)"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' i-dimu'.
        "He is my enemy."
tinaaki-
                            V (TR)
    "to plant"
    Ex. Tumaate'-aa niti ti-dinaaki-di.
        "I'm planting tomatoes."
    {Morph.: ti⿱亠䒑-naa-ki- UNSP-grow-CAUS}
    {Sem.: compare with takwina- "to plant gin the ground
        upright, as of a tree)" and tibiiqa- "to sow (seeds)"}
tinaakin N (NOM V)
    "that which is planted, garden"
    Ex. Poipoi tumaate'-aa ti-tinaakin i-giya-t.
        "Poipoi gave me some of the tomatoes that he planted."
    {Morph.: tim-naa-ki-n UNSP-grow-CAUS-NR}
tinadìho'mi- [see: tinatino'mi-]
tinai- V (TR)
    "to burn"
    Ex. Ini'' tiboopit-na a-dinai-t.
        "The white man burns the land."
    {Morph.: ti-nai- UNSP-burn}
tinaqwE
        N
    "north"
    Ex. Tinaqwe-tic nitmm pitim-t.
        "The Indians from the north arrived."
    {Sem.: distance indicated with this word is not as far as
        kwiwi}
tinatiho'mi- (also: tinadiho'mi-) V (INTR)
    "to pay (back)"
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Ex. I-biya ti-na-deebe'i-n tinatiho'mi-t.
"My mother paid up where she had gotten credit."
\{Sem.: compare with nadiho'mi- "to pay (TR)"\}

```
tinimadiya- [see: nimadiya-]
tiniqwaa- V (INTR)
    "to deny (something)"
    Ex. Ni土m(metniqwaa-goi-t.
        "The Indians denied it."
    Ex. I-biya-tsí' ti-taduha-n tiniqwaa-t.
        "My mother denied what she (herself) had said."
    {Morph.: ti-ni-qwaa- UNSP-with.voice-(?)NEG}
    {Sem.: this verb is intransitive in Mono although the
        English equivalent must take an object, most often "it".}
tinitoo- [see: tini'itoo-]
tinitoobebi
        N
    "the Creator"
    Ex. Tinitoobe-na a-tinaa-ki-ma-kU nitqqua a-níimiduwa_-n.
        "From what the creator planted, we have come into
        existence."
    {Morph.: oblique form is tinitoobe-na}
    "master; owner of an animal"
    Ex. Puku-tsi' ti-tini'-aa ti-datawa-qati-t.
        "The little dog waited (continuously) for its master."
    {Sem.: compare with aamu' "boss"}
tini'itoo- (also: tinitoo-) V (TR)
    "to criticize"
    Ex. I-biya-na nitmm a-dinilitoo-t.
        "The Indians criticized my mother."
    {Sem.: compare with nito'o- "to criticize, make fun of"}
tinogo- (also: tí'nogo-) V (TR)
    "to cook (something) covered in hot ashes"
    Ex. I-wana-tsi' titina-na tit-dinogo-di.
        "My little brother is cooking the meat (by burying it
        in a pit of hot ashes)."
ti'nogo- [see: tinogo-]
tabaha
                                    N
    "grinding rock (area of flat rock with contiguous mortars)"
    Ex. Tabaha-wee niti piti-ge'e.
        "I gradually arrived at the grinding rock."
    {Morph.: ta-baha someone's-rock.mortar}
tipE
                                N
    "mouth"
    Ex. A-tipe-na nimi a-boni-t.
        "I see his mouth."
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tipebi
    "one who talks too much"
    Ex. Mahu nohi tipebi.
            "That one talks too much."
    {Morph.: tipe-bi mouth-ABS}
tipI
                                    N
    "rock"
    Ex. Ewa-kU tipi-na niti a-boni-t.
        "I see a lot of rocks."
tipiwituwa N
    "rock bowl (made of soapstone)"
    Ex. Sexaayu'-aa niti tipiwituwa-wee-kU ti-sawa-di.
        "I'm boiling the mushrooms in the stone bowl."
tipitabihi-
                                V (INTR)
    "to be able to see"
    Ex. Mahu tsau qadu' tipitabihi-di.
        "He can't see very well."
tipusudugi- [see: tìpusudugidi]
tipusugdugi-dí N (VN)
    "tunnel, hole"
    Ex. A-tipusudugi-dugu-daaqwa miya-wai.
    "We're going through the tunnel."
    {Morph.: tipusudugi-di be.a.hole-PROG}
tisibati'
                            N
    "barber, shaver, one who shaves"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' nana tisibatis'.
        "That man is a barber."
    {Morph.: ti-siba-ti' UNSP-shave-AGNT}
    {Sem.: compare with siba- "to shave"}
    "pocket, pouch"
    Ex. 五tiso-wee i-naawaku-na a-digi.
        "Put your money in your pocket."
    Ex. I-naawaku-na niti hagno i-di-diggis-n a-disukwaida-t.
        "I forgot where I put my money."
    {Sem.: same meaning as sumi'a-}
tisumiya-
                            V (INTR)
    "to ponder, think about"
    Ex. Mahu i-nawa-tsi' tsau tisumiya-di.
    "My father has good thoughts."
    {Morph.: tit-su-miya- UNSP-with.mind-go}
tisuwawi-
                                    V (TR)
```

"to enjoy seeing (something)"
Ex. Tu-tuwapi'-aa tibiha-daa nit ai-disuwawi-t. "I enjoyed seeing the children play."

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tisuyubituhu- V (INTR)
    "to be used to (doing something)"
    Ex. Mahu poyoha-nee tisuyu-bituhu-ge'e.
        "He is used to running."
    Ex. Mahu nitimí-na pamo'i-daa a-disuyuu-bituhu-ge'e.
        "He is used to the people smoking (that is, the people
        smoking around him)."
    {Synt.: this verb usually takes the verbal suffix -ge'e
        while the subordinate verb takes the imperfective suffixes
        -nee and -di.}
titibiyu- V (TR/INTR)
    "to ask, ask for"
    Ex. Mahu i-ditibiyu-t.
        "He asked me."
    {Morph.: ti-tibiyu- UNSP-ask}
    {Sem,: compare with tibiyu- "to ask for (permission,
        information, etc.)"}
tititwi-
                            V (TR)
    "to ask for (objects)"
    Ex. I-biya-na nìi naawaku-na a-dittiwit-t.
        "I asked my mother for some money,"
tito
                                N
    "entrance (to wickiup or hut)"
    Ex. I-ginu' a-tito-dugu iga-t.
        "My (paternal) grandfather went through the entrance."
titsI
                                    N
    "scales (on fish)"
titsiwis- V (TR)
    "to count"
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        "The whiteman is counting us."
    {Sem.: same meaning as tatsiwí-}
tiwa-
                            V (TR)
    "to dam, dam up"
    Ex. PazuukU paya-na a-diwa-t.
        "The beaver dammed the water."
    {Sem.: compare with anadiwann "dam"}
tiwahi-
    V (TR)
    "to chase, go after, come after"
    Ex. To'no' i-diwahi-t.
        "The bull chased me."
tiwanaqa-
    V (TR)
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tiwaniga-
                            V (TR)
    "to cause to run for cover, frighten and scatter"
    Ex. PưkU teewa-na a-diwahi-si a-dixwaniga-t.
        "The dog made the little cottontail run for cover."
tiwayaa-
                            V (INTR)
    "to be made, be constructed"
    Ex. Mahu apo i-biya-na a-tiwayaa-n.
        "That (coiled) basket was made by my mother."
tiwiyaki- V (TR)
    "to let (someone/something) get away"
    Ex. I-bakwi-na niti tiwiyaki-t.
        "My fish got away."
    {Morph.: ti-wiya-ki- UNSP-go-CAUS}
-tìwí-
                                    AUX V
    "to order to, tell to"
    Ex. I-biya-na niti a-dika-timwi-t.
        "I told my mother to eat."
tiWimadika-
                            V (INTR)
    "to finish eating"
    Ex. Nitmm mowa tiwimadika-maa-p.
        "The Indians have finished eating now,"
    Ex. Niwi' tiwimadika-si a-pitie-n.
        "Niwi" had eaten before he arrived."
tiwinabihi- V (TR)
    "to fell, chop down (of trees)"
    Ex. Mahu winipit-na tiwinabihi-dic.
        "He is felling trees."
tiwipo-
                    v (INTR)
    "to plow"
    Ex. I-g壬nu' tiwípo-di a-wee-tU ti-tit-naa-ki-wai-n.
        "My (paternal) grandfather is plowing so he can plant."
t主wiqqa- V (TR)
    "to gather (acorns, nuts, seeds, etc.) by beating them out
    of the plant with a stick"
    {Sem.1: same meaning as tiga-}
    {Sem.2: compare with puya- "to remove nuts, seeds, etc. (by
        twisting them off of the plant)"}
tiya
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## N

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＂grave＂
Ex．Nanaana tiya－wee－kU ti－dihoowi－di． ＂The men are digging a grave．＂
tiyaa－\({ }^{1}\)
＂to disbelieve＂
Ex．Nímま i－biya－tsi＇－aa a－diyaa－t． ＂The Indians didn＇t believe my mother．＂
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    tiyaa-2
        V (TR)
    "to find (someone/something) absent"
    Ex. I-wana'-aa niti tiyaa-t.
        "I found my little brother absent./I didn't see my
        little brother."
    tiyabuni-
        V (TR)
    "to beware of, be careful of"
    Ex. I-buku-na a-diyabüni.
        "Beware of my dog."
tiyawiya-
                V (INTR)
    "to run away in fright, flee"
    Ex. Poniika, tiyawiya-t.
        "The sheep ran away in fright."
tiyuna-
    V (TR)
    "to store (in a container), pour into"
    Ex. Wanini-wee niti ti-diyuna-wai.
        "I will pour it (unspecified) into the barrel."
    {Sem.: this term is used only for liquids, not for dry
        materials. For dry materials, see tiwagi-.}
tizagabì N
    "clay"
    Ex. MosiinA tizagabix-wee tsaki-t.
        "The car is stuck in the clay."
tizamiyakí- V (TR/INTR)
    "to steer, drive (a vehicle)"
    Ex. I-bini'' tizamiyaki-di.
        "My little sister is driving (the car)."
    {Morph.: ti-za-miya-ki- UNSP-with.fingers-go-CAUS}
tizinitigi-
                            V (TR/INTR)
    "to make a zigzag design (basketry or beadwork)"
tizipusiduwi- v (TR/INTR)
    "to make a diamond design (basketry or beadwork)"
tizooyee- v (INTR)
    "to be lonesome, feel lonesome"
    Ex. I-buku-tsi' tizooyee-t i-wiya-s.
        "My little dog felt lonesome when I left."
    Ex. Niti-bo' tizooyee-t.
        "I'm lonesome."
ti'apediwa-
                            V (INTR)
    "to sing a mourning song"
    Ex. I-biya-tsi'' ti''apedi-wa-di na-naqqa-gima-kie-t.
        "My dear mother was heard singing her mourning song as
        she came."
    {cult.: each family had its own distinctive mourning song
    which they would sing after a death in the family.}
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ti'asi-
    "to be frozen"
    Ex. Tibooopま ti'asi-t.
        "The land is frozen."
ti'atsunanU
    "sewing machine"
    Ex. Pidditipit-na niti ti'atsunanu-na no'mihi-t.
        "I bought a new sewing machine."
    {Morph.: tit'atsuna-nU UNSP-sew-NR}
ti'eeniwi- V (INTR)
    "to go out and look for game (to hunt)"
    Ex. I-ginnu' ti'eenitwi-di.
        "My (paternal) grandfather is out looking for game."
    {Soc.: this is considered a very archaic word}
ti'iyaa'i- V (INTR)
    "to stare, stare at people/things"
    Ex. Mahu-dai-bo' nana ti-di''iyya,'i-ti''.
        "That man stares at people."
    {Sem.: compare with iyaa'i- "to stare at" (TR)}
ti'mi- V (INTR)
    "to be plugged (up)"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' paya qadu' huu-t, hina-tU ti'mi-p.
        "The water isn't flowing; it's plugged up."
    Ex. I-naqA a-na-dotaagi-n tími-p.
        "The hole in my ear where it was pierced is plugged
        up."
ti'miki- V (TR)
    "to seal"
    Ex. AtaaginU a-di'miki.
        "Seal the hole."
    {Morph.: ti'mi-ki- plug.up-CAUS}
ti'na- V (TR)
    "to sift"
    Ex. I-poda-n a-di'na.
        "Sift what you have ground (referring to acorn
        preparation)."
ti'noho- [see: tinoho-]
ti'ohono N
    "fish hook"
    Ex. Paba-kU ti'ohono-na i-giya.
        "Give me the big fish hook."
to- "with an instrument" V PREF
    {Morph.: this instrumental prefix comes directly before the
        verb root}
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    toba-
                                    V (TR)
    "to unfasten, untie, free"
    Ex. Qawaayu'-aa a-doba-gaa.
        "Go untie the horse."
    Ex. A-nati-na a-doba-ki-gaa.
        "Go and unfasten his belt for him."
    tobagi-
        V (TR)
    "to shatter, break into small pieces"
    Ex. Tipi-na niti a-dobagi-di.
        "I'm smashing rocks."
    Ex. Naboninu-na a-dobagi-t.
        "He shattered the window."
tobakí-
                            V (TR)
    "to unfasten (something) for (someone)"
    Ex. Qawaayu'-aa a-qaniipana'-aa a-dobaki.
        "Unfasten his (horse's) bell (for him)."
    {Morph.: toba-ki- unfasten-CAUS}
tobayuhi- V (TR)
    "to split (wood), shatter (glass) (using an instrument)"
    Ex. Kuna-na a-dobayuhi-gaa!
        "Go split the wood!"
    {Morph.: to-payuhi- with.an.instrument(IP)-split}
todabo-
                            V (TR)
    "to break, destroy (something solid, as a table or
    chair, etc.) with a stick"
    Ex. I-wana!' i-gatinum-na kudu'u-ma a-dodabo-t.
        "My little brother broke my chair with a stick."
todagi-
                            V (TR)
    "to crack (something round, like fleas, an egg, etc.)"
todaya'
                                    N
    "dollar"
    Ex. I-biya todaya'-aa i-giya-t.
        "My mother gave me a dollar."
    {From English "dollar"}
todoyommo
                                    ADV
    "in the evening, eveningtime"
    Ex. Todoyommo nitimm piti-wai.
        "In the evening the Indians will arrive."
    {Sem.: compare with mi'itodoyommo "this evening"}
togi
                                    EXPR
    "(that's) fine, (that's) alright"
togisu EXPR
    "is that right? is that so?" (expresses surprise)
togi-tU . ADJ
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"enough, satisfied"
Ex. Mannoho $i$-naawakU. Mahu-bi' togi-tU?
"There's your money. Is that enough?"

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togwi'na-
    "to iron, press"
    Ex. Tíno'mahii'-aa ti-dogwi'na-t.
        "She ironed her clothes."
togaa'i- V (INTR)
    "to be bruised, be black and blue"
    Ex. I-busI togaa'i-t.
        "I have a black eye."
    Ex. I-bitta-ma i-na-dopagida-qwee togaa'i-t.
        "Where I was hit, I have a bruise on my arm."
togawano
    ADV
    "night-time, at night, during the night"
    Ex. Togawa_no nohi-dibizi híikwa-t.
        "Last night the wind blew very hard."
togonaa N
    "son-in-law"
    Ex. I-dogonaa piti-wai.
        "My son-in-law is coming."
    Ex. E-togonaa-na niti a-boni-kinee.
        "As I was coming I saw your son-in-law."
togoqA N
    "rattlesnake"
    Ex. I-wana-tsi' togoqa-baa-tU na-giyi̇-t.
        "My little brother was bitten by a rattlesnake."
togoqatai'nupま
                                    N
    "horned toad (lizard)"
    Ex. Togoqatai'nupz awa-tsi'i-ge-tU.
        "The horned toad has little horns."
togosawa- V (TR/INTR)
    "to cook (by dropping hot rocks into a basket)"
    Ex. Wisulwabebi-ma ti-dogosawa-t.
        "She cooked it with soapstone rocks."
    {Cult.: this is the traditional cooking method for preparing
        acorn.}
togᄋ`'
                    N
    "(maternal) grandfather, grandchild (by one's daughter)"
    Ex. I-dogo'' i-basiyani'i-gi-wai.
            "My (maternal) grandfather is coming to visit me."
    {Soc.: this is a reciprocal term, i.e., both the grandfather
        and the grandchildren call each other by this term}
toho'no [see: toho'notsi\mp@subsup{|}{}{\prime}]
toho'notsi'' (also: toho'no) N
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"snowbird" (this bird appears in winter and is grey with a black top-knot)
Ex. Toho'notsi' mowa na-boni-p.
"Now the snowbirds are visible,"
tokitabena ADV
"at noon, noontime"
Ex. Tokitabena a-wai-sI i-biya piti-t. "My mother came at noon."
tokitibihina ADV
"midnight"
Ex. Tokitibihina-tugu taaqwa hubiyadu-wai. "We will sing until midnight."

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tokina-
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"to run over"
Ex. Qosonoo'o-baa-tU na-dokina-t. "He was run over by a train."
tokwa'miki-
"to erase"
Ex. A-niwi-paa a-dokwa'miki! "Erase its tracks!"
\{Morph.: to-kwa'mi-ki-with.instrument(IP)-disappear-CAUS\}
tokwina- (also: takwina-) $V$ (TR)
"to scrape clean (an object by using another object, such as
fingers on a basket or bread on a plate)"
Ex. Apo-wee-taa a-dokwina.
"Scrape out what is in the basket."
tomahabi-
V (TR)
"to sneak a look at, peek around (an object) at, look over
(an object) at"
Ex. Ni主mi i-domahabit.t. "The Indians were looking at me (from some hidden location)."
tomono N
"age, year(s) old"
Ex. Hino'o-tu-sa' a-tomono?
"What is his age?"
Ex. A-tomono-bo' siewino-tU. "He is ten years old."
tona- $V$ (TR)
"to prick, stick (with sharp object); nail"
Ex. Awooha'a-baa-tU nie na-dona-t. "I was pricked by a needle."
Ex. Ti-nobi-na tí-dona-dí. "He's nailing his house."

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tonaki-
V (TR)
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"to puncture, nail"

Ex. Timoqo-na a-donaki-t.
"He punctured his shoe."
\{Morph.: tona-ki- prick-CAUS\}
tonanawi-
V (TR)
"to pin together, sew together, nail together"
Ex. Kudu'u-tsi'i-ma a-donanawi-t. "She sewed it together with little sticks."
tonki.

N
"donkey"
Ex. I-donki' poyoha-di. "My donkey is running."
\{From English "donkey"\}
\{Sem.: same meaning as tsagihagi' and tsagaasi'\}
tonobodo [see: tanobodo]
tonobododabi- (also: tanabododabi-) V (INTR)
"to lie with one's legs curled up"
Ex. Mahu tonobododabi-t.
"He went to sleep all curled up."
\{Morph.: tonobodo-dabi- knee-lie\}
tonoowi'
N
"bobcat"
Ex. Tonoowí' $i-g a a t u^{\prime}-a a \operatorname{i-batsa-k} \dot{\underline{i}}-\mathrm{t}$. "The bobcat killed my cat."
tontiya'
N
"tortilla"
Ex. Tontiya'a-ma a-dokwina! "Wipe it (sauce) up with your tortilla!"
\{From Spanish "tortilla"\}
tontiya'i- (also: tontiya'idu-) V (INTR)
"to make tortillas"
Ex. Mowahu i-biya tontiya'idu-di. "My mother is making tortillas."
\{Morph.: tontiya'-i-(du-) tortilla-do(-make)\}
toobe $N$
"year"
Ex. I-wana-tsi'-aa a-tomono pahi-tU toobe. "My little brother is three years old."

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toonaa-
V (INTR)
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"to be cloudy, be overcast"
Ex. Tabewano toonaa-t. "Today is cloudy."
toonobi
N
"winter house, wickiup, wigwam"
Ex. I-doonobi-na niti ti-waapa'i-wai. "I'm going to fix my house."
\{Morph.: too-nobi winter-house\}
\{Cult.: this is the name of the traditional Western Mono conical wood house which traditionally served as the principle residence during the cold season.\}

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toopE
                                    N
    "cloud"
    Ex. HitkwapE toope-na sibi-tugu a-wi'noo-t.
        "The wind carried the clouds to the east."
toopo
                            N
    "mountain mushroom" (grows underneath pine needles)
    (Unidentified genus)
    Ex. Toopo-na-daaqwa a-na-sawa-n tika-wai.
        "We (INCL) will eat the mountain mushrooms that have
        been cooked."
    {Use: food}
Tooseena'
                                    PN
    (a man's name)
toowano ADV
    "winter, wintertime, in the winter"
    Ex. Toowano izitix-di.
        "It is cold in the winter."
tooyagдa- V (INTR)
    "to thunder"
    Ex. 拄-bi' a-naqa-t tooyaga-daa?
        "Did you hear it thundering?"
    {Morph.: too-yaga- cloud-cry}
topagida-
                                V (TR)
    "to hit with a fist"
    Ex. A-pabi' ti-qwana-tsi'-aa a-dopagida-t.
        "His older brother hit his (own) younger brother (with
        his fist)."
topikwati-
                                    V (TR)
    "to kick"
    Ex. Qawaayu' i-dopikwati-t.
        "The horse kicked me."
    Ex. Qawaayu'u-baa-tU niti na-dopikwati-t.
        "I was kicked by the horse."
toqabo'i-
                            V (TR)
    "to slap (in the face)"
    Ex. N主-bo' na-doqabo'i-t.
        "I was slapped in the face."
toqadu'utuki-
                            V (TR)
    "to destroy, make vanish (with an instrument)"
    Ex. Poipoi winipit-na a-doqadu'utuki-t.
        "Poipoi destroyed the tree."
    Ex. HìikwapE winipipi-na a-doqadu'utukít.
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                            "The tree was destroyed by the wind."
    {Morph.: to-qadu'utu-ki- with.instrument(IP)-vanish-CAUS}
toqoba-
                    V (TR)
    "to cut
    Ex. I-natI na-doqoba-t.
        "My belt was cut."
    {Morph.: to-qoba- with.an.instrument(IP)-cut}
toqopi'i-
                                v (TR)
    "to cut off (something like string)"
    Ex. Wihi-ma wisibi-na a-doqopi'I.
        "Cut off the string with the knife."
    {Sem.: compare with kiqopi'i- "to cut (with teeth, saw,
        etc.)"}
toqwasiki- V (TR)
    "to cook (something) over hot coals, barbeque"
    Ex. Tìnna-na a-doqwasiki.
        "Barbecue the meat."
    Ex. N主飠 pakwi-na tid-doqwassiki-dì.
        "I'm barbecuing the fish."
tosaqamm N
    "mountain rabbit" (unidentified species)
    Ex. Toyabi-ma-kU niti tosaqami-na a-boni-t.
        "In the mountains I saw a mountain rabbit."
    {cult.: this species of rabbit is white and lives high in
        the mountains}
tosina-
                            V (TR)
    "to insert, put into (a pocket)"
    Ex. Ti-na-wanaaha'-aa tit-tiso-wee a-dosina-t.
        "He put his deck of cards in his pocket."
tosixkm
                                    N
    "hoof"
    Ex. Tihita-na niti a-tosikit-na a-boni-t.
        "I see the deer's hoof."
tosinininhi-
    V (TR)
    "to knock out (by a blow to the head)"
    Ex. I-wana-tsi' ti-bidikit-nee na-dosininini-t.
        "My little brother was knocked out while fighting."
tosogi- V (TR)
    "to rub, scrub (by rubbing together)"
    Ex. 五no'mahii-na a-dosogi.
        "Scrub your clothes."
    Ex. A-nitimit-na a-dosogi-kit.
        "Rub his body for him."
totaagi-
    V (TR)
    "to make a hole in (something)"
    Ex. A-moqo na-dotaagi-t.
```

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            "His shoe has a hole in it."
    Ex. Tigapí-na witi-ma tí-dotaagi-dí.
            "He's making a hole in the leather (now) with the awl."
    Morph.: to-taagi- with.an.instrument(IP)-be.open}
    {Sem.: compare with tsitaagi- "to open"}
    totiwa-
                                    V (TR)
    "to close, seal (a container)"
    Ex. Osa-na a-dotiwa.
        "Seal the bottle."
    {Morph.: to-tiwa- with.instrument(IP)-dam}
totsaa-
                            V (TR)
    "to dip (something) into food"
    Ex. Poipoi tontiiya'a-ma ti-dotsaa-t.
        "Poipoi dipped it with a tortilla."
totsabi
                            N
    "dirty (one)"
    Ex. A-maya nohi-dotsabi.
        "His hands are very dirty."
totsi-
    Ex. Mahu nohi mowahu'ususU totsi-t.
        "He got up very early in the morning."
totsidaagidi oono'
                                    N
    "silver"
    Ex. Totsidaagi-daa oono'-aa niti oono'o-ga-t.
        "I'm panning for silver."
    {Morph.: totsidaagi-dit oono' be.white-PROG gold}
totsina-
    "to insert, put under"
    Ex. I-no'mahii-'aqA i-naawaku-na a-dotsina.
        "Put your money under your clothes."
totsi'a-
    "to wipe"
    Ex. Tsida-na a-dotsi'a!
        "Wipe the dishes!"
totsi'aki-
                            V (TR)
    "to wipe (something) for (someone)"
    Ex. A-qobe-na a-dotsi'aki.
        "Wipe his face (for him)."
    {Morph.: totsi'a-ki- wipe-cAUS}
totso'i- (also: tatso'i-) V (INTR)
    "to be dark"
    Ex. Mahu nimoinu nohi-dotso'i-dit.
        "That brackenfern root is very dark."
towíbit N
```

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    "cattail" (Typha sp.)
    Ex. Ewa-tU towibi na-boni-t.
    "A lot of cattails can be seen."
    {Use: the roots are used as a secondary food for children}
```N
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toyabi

```
toyabi
                                    N
                                    N
    "mountain"
    "mountain"
    Ex. Nigmま toyabi-ma-taa toyaniwi-t.
    Ex. Nigmま toyabi-ma-taa toyaniwi-t.
        "The Indians are hunting on the mountain."
        "The Indians are hunting on the mountain."
Toyadie'
Toyadie'
                                    PN
                                    PN
    (a woman's name)
    (a woman's name)
toyagidi N (NOM V)
toyagidi N (NOM V)
    "hole"
    "hole"
    Ex. Minó' toyagidi-qwee ta-tigim-qaa-di i-natomina-qaa.
    Ex. Minó' toyagidi-qwee ta-tigim-qaa-di i-natomina-qaa.
        "Don't step in the hole, or you might sprain your
        "Don't step in the hole, or you might sprain your
        ankle."
        ankle."
    {Morph.: toya-gi-di mountain-enter-HAB}
    {Morph.: toya-gi-di mountain-enter-HAB}
Toyagiwa'
Toyagiwa'
                                    PN
                                    PN
    (a woman's name)
    (a woman's name)
toyaniwi- V (INTR)
toyaniwi- V (INTR)
    "to hunt, go hunting"
    "to hunt, go hunting"
    Ex. Mowahusu i-babi' toyan土wi-wai.
    Ex. Mowahusu i-babi' toyan土wi-wai.
        "My older brother is going hunting tomorrow."
        "My older brother is going hunting tomorrow."
    {Morph.: toya-niwi- mountain-stroll}
    {Morph.: toya-niwi- mountain-stroll}
toyasihimbi
toyasihimbi
    "mountain willow"
    "mountain willow"
    Ex. Toyasihibit-na nitmm toyabi-ma-taa sihitga-t.
    Ex. Toyasihibit-na nitmm toyabi-ma-taa sihitga-t.
        "The Indians gathered mountain willow sticks on
        "The Indians gathered mountain willow sticks on
            the mountain."
            the mountain."
    {Morph.: toya-sihi-bi mountain-willow-CLSFR}
    {Morph.: toya-sihi-bi mountain-willow-CLSFR}
-togo
-togo
                                    NOM SUFF
                                    NOM SUFF
    "appendage"
    "appendage"
    Ex. matogo "thumb"
    Ex. matogo "thumb"
    Ex. tatogo "toe"
    Ex. tatogo "toe"
    {Morph.: this form cannot be used alone, it must occur with
    {Morph.: this form cannot be used alone, it must occur with
        an instrumental prefix}
        an instrumental prefix}
to'apE
to'apE
    N
    N
    "timber wolf"
    "timber wolf"
    Ex. To'apE toyabi-ma-kU na-boni-di.
    Ex. To'apE toyabi-ma-kU na-boni-di.
            "The timber wolf can be seen in the mountains,"
            "The timber wolf can be seen in the mountains,"
to'isI
to'isI
                        N
                        N
    "pipe (for smoking)"
    "pipe (for smoking)"
    Ex. To'isi-dugu a-bamu'i.
    Ex. To'isi-dugu a-bamu'i.
            "Smoke it in a pipe."
            "Smoke it in a pipe."
to'noo- V (TR)
to'noo- V (TR)
    "to hit (something, by shooting or throwing)"
```

    "to hit (something, by shooting or throwing)"
    ```

Ex. I-wana-tsi' tihita-na ti-do'noo-t. "My little brother hit the deer."
\{Sem.: opposite of to'yigwi-\}
```

to'no'

```
                N
    "bull"

Ex. To'no'-aa a-diyabuni. "Beware of the bull."
\{From Spanish "toro"\}

\section*{N}
"burrow, hole in the ground"
Ex. Ekwit-na ma-hu a-to'o.
"That's a squirrel's burrow."
To 'oqooma
PN
"Blazier's Place"
```

to'yigwi-
v (TR)

```
"to miss (something that was aimed at with a weapon)"
Ex. I-wana-tsí ti-qwati-s ti-do'yigwi-t.
"My little brother missed when he shot."
\{Sem.: opposite of to'noo-\}
```

tsa- V PREF
"by hand, with the fingers, by pulling"
\{Morph.: this instrumental prefix comes directly before the verb root\}

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tsaagibi
N
"poison oak" (Toxicodendron diversiloba)
Ex. Tsaagibi na-bida-s ni-pusi-wee iga-t.
"When poison oak is burned, it gets into our eyes."
\{Use: the sap is used as a wart remover\}
tsaapani'
"a Japanese person"
Ex. Ewa-tU tsaapani' tai-dugu miya-t.
"A lot of Japanese people came by our place."
tsaapu \({ }^{\prime}\)
"midget, dwarf"
Ex. Mahu-bo' tsaapu'.
"He is a midget."

TsaatatA
(a man's name)
tsaatI N
"chia seeds"
Ex. Tsaati-na niti tiga-nìwi-di.
"I'm going around gathering chia seeds (by beating them out of the plants)."
\{Use: food; as thickener in manzanita cider; as flavoring in tea; used to get something out of the eye\}
```

tsaatibi
"chia plant" (Salvia columbariae)
Ex. Tsaatibi mowa naa-p.
"The chia is growing now."
{Morph.: tsaati-bi chia-CLSFR}
tsaa'ma'' N
"a blind person or animal"
Ex. I-ginu'u-tsi'i-bo' tsaa'ma'.
"My (paternal) grandfather is blind."
tsabayuhi- V (TR)
"to split (by hand)"
Ex. Seexayu'-aa a-zabayuhi.
"Split the mushroom."
{Morph.: tsa-bayuhi- by.hand(IP)-split}
{Sem.: compare with tobayuhi- "to split (with an
instrument)"}
tsabazi-
V (TR)
"to blind"
Ex. Nibabi i-zabazi
"The snow blinded me."
tsabida-
V (TR)
"to be angry at"
Ex. I-nawa i-zabida-t.
"My father was angry at me."
{Sem.: compare with tihuyee- "to be angry (INTR)"}
tsabo- V (TR)
"to pick (off of a plant)"
Ex. Niti monoi-na a-zabo-gaa-wai.
"I'm going to go pick blackberries."
{Morph.: tsa-bo- by.hand(IP)-pick}
Tsabodibau(-t主)
PN
(a location north of the San Joaquin River where the Wishon powerhouse is located)

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                            V (TR)
    tsaboniki-
tsaboniki-
"to show to (someone) in a dream or trance"
Ex. Nit-bo' $i$-nosi-qwee-tU na-zaboniki-t.
"I was shown (it) in a dream."
\{Morph.: tsa-boni-ki by.pulling(IP)-see-CAUS \}
\{Compare with tsaponiki- "to show (using one's hands)"\}

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\section*{tsabo'i-}
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$V$ (TR)
"to scratch"
Ex. Mino' i-pihadagi-nA a-zabo'i-nee. "Don't scratch your itch."
Ex. Mahu a-zabo'i-dí. "He's scratching it."
Ex. PukU a-zabo'i-t $t i-1$ yya-na.

```
"very short in length or height"
Ex. I-buku-tsi' tapotsitsi'inio-tU.
"My dog is very short."
taqA N
"cocoon (of a caterpillar)"
Ex. Taqa-na huuya'-aa a-hoo-kU a-zoba.
"Gather some cocoons with the Pandora moth larvae."
taqaatí \(\underline{1}^{\prime} \quad \mathrm{N}\)
"sourberries"
Ex. Taqaati'-aa nieq a-dika-naama-t.
"I feel like eating sourberries."
\{Sem.: the name of the bush on which sourberries grow is called kwanunupt\}
taqanitsI \(\quad \mathrm{N}\)
"tonsils"
Ex. A-taqanitsl pawa-t.
"His tonsils are swollen."
taqapaga \(\quad \mathrm{N} \quad\) "arrowpoint, arrowhead (of obsidian)"
Ex. Nanaana taqapaga-dúi-di.
"The men are making arrowpoints."
\{Morph.: taqa-paga obsidian-arrow\}
taqapI \(\quad \mathrm{N}\)
"obsidian, volcanic rock; glass"
Ex. Taqapi-ma mahu paga-du-di.
"He's making arrows with obsidian."
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taqapoo- V (TR)

```
"to brand, mark"
Ex. Tidaqapoo-ma tit-daqapoo-di.
"They're branding with their branding irons."
taqaputsu'i- \(\quad \mathrm{V}\) (INTR)
"to be totally dark"
Ex. A-muusu'i-nu-wee-tiz nohi-daqaputsu'i-di.
"Where they have sweats, it's totally dark."
```

taqaq\mp@subsup{a}{}{\prime}\mp@subsup{a}{b}{\prime}

```
"red bud" (Cercis occidentalis)
Ex. I-po'no-na taqaqa'abi-ma a-woowi.
"Make the pattern on your (twined) basket with red bud."
\{Use: the bark of the twigs is used to make the red-colored. withes used in basket-making\}
\(\underset{\text { (a woman's name) }}{\text { Taqatoya' }}\)
taqatsI
"eagle moiety"
"eagle moiety"
Ex. I-wana-tsíi-bo' taqatsi-naapaa-tì.
"My little brother is on the eagle (moiety) side."
taqaya \(\quad \mathrm{N}\)
"acorns in the shell"
Ex. Mahu wiya taqaya-ge-tU.
"The black oak acorns there have their shells on."

\section*{taqayabi \\ N}
(an unidentified plant)
Ex. Taqayabi aa-ma a-na-baga-tu-n.
"They make arrows with the 'taqayabi' plant."
taqazunA
N
"tip, top, point (of a long object)"
Ex. Mawi winipit-na a-taqazunA pitit-hu-ge'e.
"The squirrel finally reached the top of the tree."
taqoda- V (TR)
"to spread (something) out to dry"
Ex. Wiya-na tì-daqoda-t.
"She spread her (black oak) acorns out to dry."
taqononohi- V (TR)
"to roll (something that is round); cut around"
Ex. Tipi-na a-daqononohi-t.
"He rolled the rock."
Ex. Wịhi-ma a-daqononohi.
"Cut it around with a knife."
taqooniki- V (TR)
"to drive (something) back" (in reference to animals)
Ex. Qawaayu' na-daqoonikij-t.
"The horses are being driven back."
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    tsakwina'i- (also: tsakuna'i-) V (TR)
    "to throw (something) down to the ground"
    Ex. I-bini-tsi' na-wakwisi-s na-zakuna'i-t.
        "My little sister was thrown to the ground when she was
        lassoed."
    {Morph.: tsa-kwina-'i- by.pulling(IP)-throw-VR}
    tsamaya (also: tamoya) N
"winnowing basket"
Ex. I-zamaya-na i-giya-ki!
"Bring me my winnowing basket!"
tsama- V (TR)
"to straighten out, pull straight (a non-rigid object such
as a dress or blanket)"
Ex. 五-naawasi-na a-zama.
"Straighten out your dress."
tsamaata-
V (INTR)
"to quit, stop"
Ex. Ti⿱丶⿸⿰𠄌⿻コ一⿱丿丶土⿱亠䒑日儿}kwa-di tsamaata-t.
"It stopped raining."
tsamido-
v (TR)
"to turn inside out"
Ex. I-naawasi-na a-batsaga-s a-zamido.
"Turn your dress inside out when you wash it."
tsamina- V (TR)
"to change, exchange, turn (something) over, translate"
Ex. I-naawasi-na a-zamina-gaa!
"Go change your dress!"
tsamononohi-
V (TR)
"to turn over and over, turn around"
Ex. Mahu-wx na-na'atsi' nanna-pidikki-nee
nanna-tsamononohi-miya-goi-t.
"When those boys were fighting with each other, they
turned one another over and over."
tsanakisa'abi
N
"a poisonous berry" (unidentified genus)
Ex. Tsanakisa'abit-na mino' a-dika-nee.
"Don't eat the berry plant."
tsaniga- V (TR)
"to place in jail, capture, confine, pen up"
Ex. I-wana-tsi' ini'it-baa-tU na-zaniga-t.
"My little brother was put in jail by the white
people."
Ex. Qaina'-aa ai-zaniga-gaa!
"Go pen up the chickens!"
TsaniititI
PN

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(a woman's name)
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tsapa'ni-
V (INTR)
"to stick, get stuck"
Ex. Sanapæ i-waya-ma tsapa'ni-t.
"The pitch is stuck on my hand."
tsapedihi-
v (TR)
"to ransack; expose a secret"
Ex. I-biya a-zapedihi-t.
"My mother told the secret."
Ex. I-biya-na mahu a-no'mahii-na a-zapedini-ki-t.
"He ransacked my mother's belongings."
tsapidina- V (TR)
"to drag"
Ex. I-bukU teewa-na a-zapidina-piti-t.
"My dog came in dragging a cottontail rabbit."
Ex. Kuna-na pa-paaba-kU ti-zapidina-pititt.
"He came dragging in a lot of wood."
{Morph.: tsa-pidina- by.pulling(IP)-drag}
tsapika'na- V (TR)
"to tighten"
Ex. ま-nati-na a-zapika'na.
"Tighten your belt."
tsapino'a-
V (TR)
"to move (something only a little), move (something) over
(a little)"
Ex. 五qape-na uuta-tugu a-zapino'a.
"Move your bed over a little."
tsapitihi-
V (TR)
"to unstitch, unravel, untie (something that is sewn, such
as a seam, etc.)"
Ex. A-na-'atsuna-n na-zapitihi-t.
"What was sewn was unraveled."
{Morph.: tsa-pitithi- by.hand(IP)-unravel}
tsaponiki-
V (TR)
"to show (using one's hands)"
Ex. Ti-naawaku-na i-zaponikitt.
"He showed me his money."
{Compare with tsaboniki- "to show (in a dream or trance)"}
tsapo'a- V (TR)
"to open up, expose, take lid off of, lift off"
Ex. I-tiz-sawa-n a-zapo'a!
"Take the lid off of what you are boiling."
Ex. Ti-naawasi-na a-zapo'a-t.
"She lifted up her (own) dress."
{Morph.: tsa-po'a- with.fingers(IP)-expose}
tsapudi'i- V (TR)

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＂to take out，release（from an enclosure）＂
Ex．Ti－puku－na a－zapudi＇i－t．
＂She took her dog out．＂
\｛Morph．：tsa－pudi＇i－by．hand（IP）－exit\}
```

tsapupm
N
"stingy; a stingy person"
Ex. Toseena'a-bo' nohi tsapup⿱亠䒑⿱日十
"Tosena' is very stingy."
tsaqa-
V (TR)
"to lead (by hand)"
Ex. I-bini-tsi'' ti-qawaayu'-aa tsaqa-t.
"My little sister led her (own) horse."
Ex. Qawaayu'-aa a-zaqa-ki.
"Lead the horse back (toward the speaker)."
{Morph.: tsa-qa- by.pulling(IP)-fetch}
tsaqama- V (TR)
"to hurt (physically), hurt (one's feelings)"
Ex. Mahu yaduha-nee i-zaqama-t.
"When he was talking, he hurt my feelings."
{Morph.: tsa-qama- by.hand(IP)-hurt}
tsaqeeda'
N
"sweater, jacket, coat"
Ex. Mahu sooha'ani-kU tsaqeeda'a-ya-di.
"He is wearing a jacket."
{From Spanish "chaqueta"}
tsaqopi'i- (also: tsaqwapi'i-) V (TR)
"to break, break off (something flexible, by hand)"
Ex. Hibiga'-aa a-zaqopi'i-t.
"She broke off the flower (by hand)."
{Morph.: tsa-qo-pi'i- by.hand(IP)-cut-flexible}
{Sem.: compare with tsaqoti'i- "to snap, break off
(something brittle, by hand)"}
tsaqoti'i- (also: tsaqwati'i-) V (TR)
"to snap, break, break off (something brittle, by hand)"
Ex. I-'awooha'-aa niti ti-zaqoti'i-t.
"I broke my needle."
Ex. Kudu'-aa a-zaqoti'I.
"Break the stick."
{Morph.: tsa-qo-ti'i- by.hand(IP)-cut-inflexible}
{Sem.: compare with tsaqopi'i- "to break off (something
flexible, by hand)"}
tsaqwato'i- V (TR)
"to pull (someone's) hair"
Ex. Nanna-pidiki-goi-nee nanna-tsaqwato'i-t.
"While fighting, they pulled each other's hair."
tsaqwa- V (TR)
"to skin (something, by pulling)"

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    Ex, Teewą-na a-zaqwa-t.
    "He skinned the cottontail."
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tsaqwatsa'i-

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tsaqwatsa'i-
                            V (TR)
                            V (TR)
    "to drop (something/someone) off, take off"
    "to drop (something/someone) off, take off"
    Ex. Ti-puku-na a-zaqwatsa'i-qe'e.
    Ex. Ti-puku-na a-zaqwatsa'i-qe'e.
        "He just dropped off his (own) dog."
        "He just dropped off his (own) dog."
    Ex. Qawaay\underline{u}
    Ex. Qawaay\underline{u}
        na-zaqwatsa'i-t.
        na-zaqwatsa'i-t.
        "My little sister was taken off the horse by my
        "My little sister was taken off the horse by my
    mother."
    mother."
    {Morph.: tsa-qwatsa'i- by.hand(IP)-fall}
    {Morph.: tsa-qwatsa'i- by.hand(IP)-fall}
tsasiyyihi- (also: tsasiyyyyihi-) V (TR)
tsasiyyihi- (also: tsasiyyyyihi-) V (TR)
    "to shake (a tree), shake (something) down (from a tree)"
    "to shake (a tree), shake (something) down (from a tree)"
    Ex. Winipi-na a-zasiyyiyihh.
    Ex. Winipi-na a-zasiyyiyihh.
        "Shake the tree."
        "Shake the tree."
tsasiyiyyihi- [see: tsasiyinhi-]
tsasiyiyyihi- [see: tsasiyinhi-]
tsasutu'i-
tsasutu'i-
                                    V (TR)
                                    V (TR)
    "to pull out, extract"
    "to pull out, extract"
    Ex. Poipoi naapu'-aa a-zasutu'i-dí.
    Ex. Poipoi naapu'-aa a-zasutu'i-dí.
        "Poipoi is pulling out the nail."
        "Poipoi is pulling out the nail."
tsasu'a- V (TR)
tsasu'a- V (TR)
    "to use (something) up"
    "to use (something) up"
    Ex. I-didimnapiz-na ti-zasu'a-t.
    Ex. I-didimnapiz-na ti-zasu'a-t.
        "She used up my roots."
        "She used up my roots."
    {Morph.: tsa-su'a- by.hand(IP)-eat.up}
    {Morph.: tsa-su'a- by.hand(IP)-eat.up}
    {Sem.1: compare with su'a- "to eat (something) up"}
    {Sem.1: compare with su'a- "to eat (something) up"}
    {Sem.2: opposite of pinee-}
    {Sem.2: opposite of pinee-}
tsataqa'isa N
tsataqa'isa N
    "a type of mushroom" (unidentified genus)
    "a type of mushroom" (unidentified genus)
    {Use: food}
    {Use: food}
tsatz
tsatz
    N
    N
    "inner bark of leatherwood"
    "inner bark of leatherwood"
    Ex. Tsatitna niti a-boni-t.
    Ex. Tsatitna niti a-boni-t.
        "I see the inner bark."
        "I see the inner bark."
    {Use: for cord}
    {Use: for cord}
tsatigiz- V (TR)
tsatigiz- V (TR)
    "to put (something) down (that is not in a container)"
    "to put (something) down (that is not in a container)"
    Ex. IYo i-ti-noo-n a-zatigi.
    Ex. IYo i-ti-noo-n a-zatigi.
        "Put your load down here."
        "Put your load down here."
    {Sem: compare with tsakwina- "to put (s.th.) down (that is
    {Sem: compare with tsakwina- "to put (s.th.) down (that is
        in a container).}
        in a container).}
tsatoki'i- N
tsatoki'i- N
    "to pull off, remove (by hand)"
    "to pull off, remove (by hand)"
    Ex. No'i'-aa a-zatoki'I.
    Ex. No'i'-aa a-zatoki'I.
        "Pull the mushrooms off (the tree)."
        "Pull the mushrooms off (the tree)."
    {Sem.: compare with witsikwina'i- "to pull off (with a
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    {Sem.: compare with witsikwina'i- "to pull off (with a
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tawahani'i- \(\quad V\) (INTR)
"to work"
Ex. I-nawa tawahanni'i-di.
"My father is working."
\{From Spanish "trabajar"\}
tawind
N (NOM V)
"laugh, laughter"
Ex. A-tawinU \(\mathbf{i}\)-yawi-ki-dí.
"His laugh makes me laugh."
Ex. A-tawinU nị a-naqa-t.
"I hear his laugh (now)."
Ex. A-tawinu-na niti a-naqa-t.
"I hear his laugh (that is, the way he laughed, but not here or now)."
tawiyaki- V (TR)
"to drive (something) back, herd (animals)"
\{Morph.: ta-wiya-ki- with.limb-go-CAUS\}
\{Sem.1: same meaning as taqooniki-\}
\{Sem.2: opposite meaning of takimaki- "to drive forward"\}

\section*{tazawano}

ADV
"summer, summertime, in the summer"
Ex. Mowa tazawano mai-p.
"Now it's become summer."
tazidowa- \(\quad V\) (INTR)
"to be clear (of the night sky)"
Ex. Mowa tazidowa-p.
"Now it's cleared up (and you can see the stars)."
tazinop!
N
"stars"
Ex. Ewa-tU tazinopł na-boni-t.
"Many stars can be seen."
Ta'aqai PN
(a man's name)
ta'niga- \(\quad \mathrm{V}\) (TR)
"to put (something on one's feet)"
Ex. Ti-moqo-na a-da'niga-t.
"He put on his (own) shoes."
ta'niga- \(\quad V\) (INTR)
"to have a temper tantrum, jump up and down (from anger)"
Ex. I-wana-tsi' na-'iwi-tiewi-s ta'ntga-t.
"My little brother had a temper tantrum when he was told to go to sleep."
ta'níqa- \(\quad \mathrm{V}\) (TR)
"to pack down, press down (of clothes, dirt, etc.) (using the arms or legs)"
Ex. Tibipí-na a-da'niqA.
"Pack down the dirt."
ta'noo- \(\quad \mathrm{V}\) (TR)
"to carry in claws (as of an eagle, etc.)"
Ex. Nana'yutsI tsugu-tsi'-tsi'-aa a-da'noo-t.
"The condor carried off the little old man in its claws."
\{Morph.: ta'-noo- with.limbs(IP)-carry.back \}
ta'owa N
"ankle bone"
Ex. Tï-ta'owa-ma mahu na'atsí' na-gwiya-t.
"The boy was hit on his ankle bone."
ta'wizogo N
"ankle"
Ex. Tì-ta'wizogo-ma-kU iya-ge-tU.
"He has a sore on his ankle."
Ex. I-da'wizogo-ma nịi a-domina-t.
"I sprained my ankle."
teebe'i- \(\quad V(T R)\)
"to give credit to, lend money to"
Ex. Nï na-deebe'i-t.
"I was given credit."
\{Morph.: teebe-1i- debt-do\}
\{From Spanish "deber"\}
teebbi \(\quad \mathrm{N}\)
"shoulder"
Ex. I-deebi-ma-kU nì kudu'u-baa-tU na-gwiya-t. "I was hit in the shoulder by (a piece of) the wood."

Ex. Ti-'ckiber-na ti-teebi-ma-kU a-noo-t.
"She carried the (cooked) acom (in a basket) on her shoulder."
teebunU
N
"table"
Ex. Tsida-na teebunu-ba'aa a-digí.
"Put the dishes on the table."
\{From English "table"\}
\{Sem.: same meaning as tikanU\}
teega- \(\quad V(T R)\)
"to spread (medication, jelly), to apply, to paint"
Ex. Kumasa'-aa pihadagidi-ma a-deega!
"Spread the jelly on the bread."
Ex. Tí-nobi-na tì-deega-t.
"He painted his house."
teena'
N
"wild sweet potatoes" (Unidentified genus)
Ex. Teena'-aa taaqwa thoowi-gaa-wai.
"We're going to go dig wild sweet potatoes."
\{Use: bulb or tuber as food\}
Teena'aa apisI PN
"Shaver Lake"
\{Morph.: teena'-aa a-pisI wild.sweet.potatoes-OBL its- leaves\}
teeni'i- \(\quad V\) (TR)
"to take care of, watch over (living things)"
Ex. Mahu poniika'-aa teeni'i-dì.
"He is taking care of the sheep."
\{Sem.: compare with wabitsabi- "to take care of (non-living things)"\}
teewa
N
"cottontail rabbit"
Ex. Teewa mowa tuwami-du-di.
"The cottontails are having little ones now."
tegwi N
"vagina"
Ex. Hípi'ì-wì-bo' tegwi-ge-tU.
"Women have vaginas."
tendeeno' [see: tenteeno']
tenteeno' (also: tendeeno') N
"(whiteman's) store; town"

Ex. Tenteeno'o-wee taaqua miya-wai.
"We're going to the store."
\{Sem.: meaning has been extended from"store" to include "town"\} \{From Spanish "tienda"\}
-tI (also: -t) V SUFF
(a tense marker) [marked as TNS]
Ex. Iyo tihitA poyoha-t.
"Deer run here."
Ex. Niz tinita-na a-boni-t.
"I see/saw the deer."
\{Phon.: the final vowel on this suffix is usually silent \}
\{Sem.: this verbal suffix usually marks the past tense with active verbs or the present tense with stative verbs; it also marks a timeless state \}
tigapł \(\quad \mathrm{N}\)
"leather"
Ex. Tigapi-ma a-witawa.
"Tie it with the leather."
thausU CONJ
"nevertheless"
Ex. I-wana-tsi' qadu' na-wiya-tizwídi tihausU miya-t.
"My little brother was told not to go, but he went nevertheless."
tisobł [see: tsisobI]
tiya ADV
"then"
Ex. MowahusU taaqwa tìy miya-wai.
"Then tomorrow we'll go."
\{Sem.: compare with -diya "also"\}
tiyawi- \(\quad \mathrm{V}\) (INTR)
"to die"
Ex. I-biya-tsi' tiyawi-t.
"My mother died."
-ti'ì-
V INFX
(something brittle)
Ex. tsaqoti'i- "to snap (something brittle) (by hand)"
tì- V PREF
"some, something" (indicates an unspecified object) [marked as UNSP]
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Ex. Mahu qadu' tika-nee tsihanipo'i-wai. "He will starve by not eating."

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tsihaya'i- V (INTR)

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tsihaya'i- V (INTR)
    "to be hungry"
    "to be hungry"
    Ex. Nit-bo' mowa tsihaya'i-p.
    Ex. Nit-bo' mowa tsihaya'i-p.
        "I'm hungry now."
        "I'm hungry now."
tsihuduhudu', N
tsihuduhudu', N
    "fiddle"
    "fiddle"
    {Morph.: tsi-huduhudu' with.long.object(IP)-ONM}
    {Morph.: tsi-huduhudu' with.long.object(IP)-ONM}
tsihuduhudu'i-
tsihuduhudu'i-
                            v (INTR)
                            v (INTR)
    "to fiddle, (slang) masturbate"
    "to fiddle, (slang) masturbate"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' a-na-nigga-qwee-tU tsihuduhudu'i-t.
    Ex. Mahu-bo' a-na-nigga-qwee-tU tsihuduhudu'i-t.
        "He played the fiddle at the dance."
        "He played the fiddle at the dance."
    {Morph.: tsi-huduhudu'-i- with.long.object(IP)-ONM-do}
    {Morph.: tsi-huduhudu'-i- with.long.object(IP)-ONM-do}
tsiinin'
                                    N
"chiles, hot peppers; bell peppers" (Capsicum frutescens
    longum; C. frutescens grossum; also C. annum)
    Ex. Tsiini'aa niti tika-si na-bida-t.
        "I got burned when I ate the chile peppers."
    {Use: spice, herb}
    {From Spanish "chile"}
tsiipa'
                                N
    "bird"
    Ex. Ewa-tU tsiipa' yozizihi-t.
        "A lot of birds are flying around."
tsiiwu'
                                    N
    "goat"
    Ex. I-ginu' ewa-kU tsiiwu'u-ge-tU.
        "MY (paternal) grandfather has a lot of goats."
    {From Spanish "chivo"}
tsii'i- V (INTR)
    "to make a rattling sound (referring to the sound made by
    the rattlesnake's rattle)"
    Ex. Ni主 togoqa-na a-tsini-na a-naqa-t tsii'i-daa.
        "I hear the rattlesnake's rattle rattling."
    {Morph.: tsii-'i- ONM-make}
    {Sem.: compare with tsini "rattlesnake's rattle"}
tsikiba'na-
                            V (TR)
    "to close, lock, fasten, secure"
    Ex. I-'ooga-na a-zikiba'na.
        "Close your purse."
    {Sem.: same meaning as tsakwiti'i-}
tsikU (also: tsiq0) N
    "basket (used for beating seeds out of plants)"
    Ex. I-zikuu-ma niti oono'-aa tigga-niwi-di.
        "I am gathering goldenrod seeds with my (seed-beating)
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basket."

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tsikwiina- V (TR)
    "to upset, anger, make nervous"
    Ex. Mahu i-zau-tsikwiina-t.
        "It made me really angry."
tsimaha-
                            V (TR)
    "to tease"
    Ex. I-hamal i-zimaha-t.
        "My older sister teased me."
tsimoowi- V (TR)
    "to write, mark (on any surface)"
    Ex. Mahu ti-zimoowi-di.
        "He's writing."
    Ex. Mahu a-zimoowi-di.
        "He's writing it down."
    {Morph.: tsi-woowi- with.an.instrument(IP)-design}
tsina- V (INTR)
    "to crack acorns"
    Ex. Nit-bo' tsina-di.
        "I'm cracking acorns."
    "rattle (of a rattlesnake)"
    Ex. Togoqa-na niti a-tsini-na a-naqa-t tsii'i-daa.
        "I hear the rattlesnake's rattle rattling."
tsinipabi
                                    N
    "deer brush" (Ceanothus integerrimus)
    Ex. Nehe ewa-tU tsinipabit iya.
    "There's a lot of deer brush over there."
    {Use: the twigs are used to make brooms, poles and digging-
        sticks; the thorns are used for piercing the nose and ears,
        and for tattooing}
tsinipin
                                    N
    "chinquapin" (Castanopsis sempervirens)
    {From either the Spanish or English "chinquapin"}
    {Use: the nut is a secondary food choice}
tsinipipooso'i- (also: tsinipipoosa'i-) V (INTR)
    "to do somersaults"
    Ex. I-wana-tsi' tsinipipooso'i-di.
        "My little brother is doing somersaults."
tsipati'i-
"to poke in the eye"
Ex. Kudu'u-baa-tU niti na-zipati'i-t miya-nee. "While I was going, I was poked in the eye by a stick."
"stick (used to pick up hot rocks for cooking in a basket)"
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Ex. I-zipa'anu-na i-giya-ki!
"Bring me my stick!"
\{Sem.: compare with tsiqo'ono "stirring-stick (for cooking)"

Tsipeetsinidi'
PN
(a woman's name)
Ex. Tsipeetsinidi' mowa piti-p. "Tsipeetsinidi' has arrived now."
tsipitI
N
"mountain quail" (oreortyx pictus)
Ex. Ewa-tU tsipitI na-boni-p toyabi-ma. "A lot of mountain quail can now be seen on the mountain."
tsipogo-
V (TR)
"to poke (with a sharp object)"
Ex. Nit-bo' miya-nee kudu'u-baa-tU na-zipogo-t. "As I was going, I was poked by a stick."
\{Morph.: tsi-pogo- with.long.pointed.object(IP)-poke\}
tsipogo'ono
N
"deerskin diaper"
Ex. Owaa'nugu'-aa a-na-zipogono-na a-zamina-ki. "Change the baby's diaper."
tsipohinU (also: natsipohinU) $N$
"pin, broach, badge, safety-pin (anything that is pinned on)"
Ex. Mahu natsipohinu-na natigí-di.
"She is wearing a pin."
tsíqono'i-
V (TR)
"to open (by turning), unscrew"
Ex. Qaanu'-aa a-ziqono'i. "Open the can."
tsiqo'ono N
"stirring stick (for cooking)"
Ex. Tsiqo'ono-na-bo' niti ti-waapa'i-di.
"I'm making a stirring stick."
\{Sem.1: this item was traditionally made from a long stick taken from the blue oak tree that was curved; it was used to stir heated rocks when cooking in a basket; today this term can refer to any kind of instrument used for stirring\}
\{Sem. 2: compare with tsipa'and "stick (used to pick up hot rocks for cooking in a basket)"
tsiqwaha-
V (TR)
"to cause to choke, vomit (by sticking fingers down the throat)"
Ex. I-biya pit-sU na-ziqwaha-t. "My mother made herself vomit."
tsisob $\ddagger$ (also: tisoby) $N$

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    "brush, plant growth"
    {Sem.: same meaning as qahipま}
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tsisuhi-
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tsisuhi-
V (TR)
V (TR)
"to place into, penetrate (with an instrument)"
"to place into, penetrate (with an instrument)"
Ex. Kudu''u-ma ekwit-na a-to'o-na a-zisuhi.
Ex. Kudu''u-ma ekwit-na a-to'o-na a-zisuhi.
"Penetrate the squirrel's hole with the stick."
"Penetrate the squirrel's hole with the stick."
tsitaagi-
tsitaagi-
V (TR)
V (TR)
"to open (such as door, can, etc., using the hands)"
"to open (such as door, can, etc., using the hands)"
Ex. Nazitaaginu-na a-zitaagi-t.
Ex. Nazitaaginu-na a-zitaagi-t.
"He opened the door."
"He opened the door."
Ex. 五nobi-na a-zitaagi.
Ex. 五nobi-na a-zitaagi.
"Open your house."
"Open your house."
{Morph.: tsi-taagi- with.fingers(IP)-open}
{Morph.: tsi-taagi- with.fingers(IP)-open}
{Sem.: compare with totaagi- "to make a hole in (s.th.)"}
{Sem.: compare with totaagi- "to make a hole in (s.th.)"}
tsitaga-
tsitaga-
V (TR)
V (TR)
"to make (someone) cry"
"to make (someone) cry"
Ex. Mahu a-pabi' ti-pini'-aa a-zitagga-t.
Ex. Mahu a-pabi' ti-pini'-aa a-zitagga-t.
"Her older brother made her little sister cry."
"Her older brother made her little sister cry."
{Sem.: compare with yaga- "to cry (INTR)"}
{Sem.: compare with yaga- "to cry (INTR)"}
tsitaki'i-
tsitaki'i-
V (TR)
V (TR)
"to burst, pop"
"to burst, pop"
Ex. I-saasigati-n na-zitaki'i-t.
Ex. I-saasigati-n na-zitaki'i-t.
"My blister was popped."
"My blister was popped."
tsitawiki-
tsitawiki-
V (TR)
V (TR)
"to make (someone) laugh"
"to make (someone) laugh"
Ex, Mahu-bo' ni-zitawiki-t.
Ex, Mahu-bo' ni-zitawiki-t.
"He made us laugh."
"He made us laugh."
{Morph.: tsi-tawi-ki- with.fingers(IP)-laugh-CAUS}
{Morph.: tsi-tawi-ki- with.fingers(IP)-laugh-CAUS}
tsitibuni- V (TR)
tsitibuni- V (TR)
"to wake (someone) up"
"to wake (someone) up"
Ex. I-biya i-wana-tsi'-aa a-zitibuni-t.
Ex. I-biya i-wana-tsi'-aa a-zitibuni-t.
"My mother woke up my little brother."
"My mother woke up my little brother."
{Morph.: tsi-tibuni- by.poking(IP)- wake.up}
{Morph.: tsi-tibuni- by.poking(IP)- wake.up}
{Sem.: compare with tibuni- "to wake up (INTR)"}
{Sem.: compare with tibuni- "to wake up (INTR)"}
tsitìiba- V (TR)
tsitìiba- V (TR)
"to remove (something) from the heat source (while cooking)"
"to remove (something) from the heat source (while cooking)"
Ex. I-kumaya-n a-zititiba.
Ex. I-kumaya-n a-zititiba.
"Remove what you're cooking from the heat."
"Remove what you're cooking from the heat."
{Morph.: tsi-ti\dot{iba- with.long.poknted.object(IP) -remove}}
{Morph.: tsi-ti\dot{iba- with.long.poknted.object(IP) -remove}}
{Sem.: originally this verb referred specifically to
{Sem.: originally this verb referred specifically to
removing food from hot coals using a cooking stick.}
removing food from hot coals using a cooking stick.}
tsitoki'i-
tsitoki'i-
V (TR)
V (TR)
"to pry off"
"to pry off"
Ex. No'i'-aa a-zitoki'I.
Ex. No'i'-aa a-zitoki'I.
"Pry off the mushroom."
"Pry off the mushroom."
tsitoona'i-
tsitoona'i-
V (TR)

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    V (TR)
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    "to push over"
    Ex. Paba-kU tipi-na a-zitoona'I.
        "Push over that big rock."
    tsitsaana. N
    "peas" (Pisium sativum)
    Ex. Tokitabena-daaqwa tsitsaana'-aa a-na-gumaya-n tika-wai.
                "At noon we're going to eat cooked peas."
    {From Spanish "chicharo"}
    tsitsuga-
    "to point at"
    Ex. Mino' tabigoitapaa tsitsuga-nee.
        "Don't point at rainbows."
    TsiwiyanI
                                    PN
            (a man's name)
tsiyakwA (also: tse'akwA) N
    "a dead, dried up thing; matter left on hair or body by
    lice; something poorly developed"
    Ex. WiYa_-na a-tsiyakwa-na a-wipisi-gaa.
            "Go throw away the dried up black oak acorns."
tsiyapま
                            N
    "hip bone"
    Ex. Ti-tsiyapi-ma wi'i-t.
        "He fell on his hip bone."
-tsi' N SUFF
    "dear, little" [marked as DIM]
    Ex. i-biya-tsi', "my dear mother"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' hìipi'' inotsitsi'i-kU maya-tsi'i-qe-tU.
        "That woman has tiny little hands."
tsi'niisą'
        N
    "robin; brown bird"
    Ex. Iya-ha tsi'niisa\underline{' wo'abí-na ti⿱亠䒑日儿a-di.}
        "There's a robin eating a worm over there."
tsi'nitagi- V (INTR)
    "to wobble (used only with animate beings)"
    Ex. Hani'i-sa'a-bo' mahu tsi'nitagi-di?
        "Why is he wobbling?"
    {Sem.: compare with wi'noqagi- "to be wobbly (used only in
        reference to inanimate solids)"}
tsi'wido- (also: tsi'widu-) v (TR)
    "to stir"
    Ex. I-ti-sawa-n a-zi'wido.
        "Stir what you are boiling."
tsik tsik ONM
    (the sound a mother quail makes to her young)
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tsukwi- (also: tsikwi-) V (INTR)
    "to be of great effort, lots of stamina, very much"
    Ex. Mahu tsukwi-daa ti-zitoona'i-t.
        "He pushed it over very hard."
    {Synt.: this verb usually takes the progressive suffix
        (-di/-daa) when used as an adjective or adverb}
tsikwidapm (also: tsukwiddapm) N
    "person with much stamina, fast (one)"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' nohi tsìkwiddapm.
        "He's very fast."
    {Morph.: tsikwída-pm be.fast-ABS}
    {Synt.: this word belongs to the class of nouns used as
    adjectives}
tsoba- V (TR)
    "to gather, pick up (piece by piece)"
    Ex. I-bini-tsi' tuna'-aa tsoba-di.
        "My little sister is picking up nuts."
tsohoqotsopai'nu' (also: tsohoqopai'nu', tso'noqai'nu') N
    "mountain blue jay (local name)" (probably the steller's
    jay, Cyanocitta stelleri)
    Ex. Toyabi-ma-kU nit tsohoqotsopai'nu'-aa a-boni-t.
        "I see a mountain blue jay on the mountain."
tsohoqopai'nu' [see: tsohoqotsopai'nu']
tsootsoona'
        N
    "western bluebird"
    {Morph.: tsootsoo-ná' ONM-it.says}
tsopeda'minU N
    "pillow"
    Ex. I-zopeda'minu-na i-g\underline{iya!}
        "Give me my pillow!"
tsopigi
        N
    "brain, brains"
    Ex. Ti'hitta-na niti a-tsopigi-na a-na-gumaya-n a-sutsaa-di.
        "I like cooked deer brains (to eat)."
    Ex. Qotsi-na a-tsopigi-na a-gumaya-gaa.
        "Go cook the pig brains."
tsopopo'
        N
    "basket cap"
    {Cult.: this is the traditional California Indian cap made
        of basketry}
tsopopoyaa- V (INTR)
    "to wear a basket cap"
    Ex. Owaa'nugu'-aa a-zopopo-yaa-ki.
        "Dress up the baby in his basket cap."
    {Morph.: tsopopo-yaa- basket.cap-wear}
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tsoqwisibi
N
    "half-breed"
    Ex. Samoowadi'i-bo' tsoqwisibi, a-nawa-bo' init'.
        "Samoowadi' is a half-breed; her father is a white-
        man."
    -tso' N SUFF
    "without, X-less"
    Ex. naqatso! "deaf"
    Ex. tabatso" "gelding"
tso'ahubiyadu-
    V (INTR)
    "to sing ghost-chasing songs"
    Ex. I-ginu'u-bo' tso'ahubiyadu-di.
        "My (paternal) grandfather is singing ghost-chasing
        songs."
    {Morph.: tso'a-hubiyadu- ghost-sing}
    {Cult.: this term refers to performing the ghost-chasing
        ceremony, which is a traditional healing ceremony used to
        rid a person of bad dreams caused by ghosts}
tso'ape
                        N
    "ghost; daddy-long-legs (type of spider)"
    Ex. Nit-bo' tso'ape-na a-siyee-di.
        "I'm afraid of ghosts."
Tso'apE (also: Tso'opE) PN
    (a man's name)
tso'noqai'nu' [see: tsohoqotsopai'nu']
tso'ono' N
    "puppy"
    Ex. Ti-tso'ono'-aa i-giya-t.
        "She gave me a puppy."
tsugu''N
    "old man"
    Ex. Iya}\mathrm{ tsugu' kima-t.
        "An old man is coming."
tsugu'uyee- v (INTR)
    "to become an old man"
    Ex. Mowa-hu-bo' i-ginu-tsi' tsugu'uyee-p.
        "Now my (paternal) grandfather is getting old."
    {Morph.: tsugu'u-yee- old.man-feel.like}
tsuku'i- V (INTR)
    "to be quiet"
    Ex. Tíboopま nohi tsuku'i-t.
        "The environment is very quiet."
tsukwi- [see: tsikwi-]
tsukwiddapま [see: tsikwídapm]
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tsupa-
    "to sink (into)"
    Ex. Ni̇i-bo' pas⿱qwinabi-wee tsupa-t.
        "I sank into the mud."
tsuyu
N
    "type of mushroom, 'smokestack mushroom' (colloquial name in
    English because of its black color)" (Unidentified genus;
    perhaps a type of morel)
    Ex. Toyabi-ma-kU niti ewa-ku tsuyu'-aa a-boni-t.
        "I see a lot of smokestack mushrooms."
    {Use: food}
-tu- [see: -tu'i-]
tudubai'
    N
    "rubber, elastic; rubber band"
    Ex. Tudubai'I-ma a-qwoo-na a-witawa.
        "Tie her hair with a rubber band."
tuga- V (TR)
    "to extinguish, put out (fire)"
    Ex. Qoso-na a-duga.
        "Put out the fire."
    Ex. Tíboopi nai-dí qadu'u-sU na-duga-t.
        "The land that is on fire hasn't been put out yet."
-tugu
    PP
    "to, toward; until (with adverbs of time)"
    Ex. Paya-na a-tibihina-tugu pahabi-t.
        "He swam to the middle of the lake."
    Ex. Atabthamanaqwe-tugu taaqwa hubiyadu-wai.
        "Until daybreak we will sing."
    {Sem.: compare with -dugu "through"}
tugupaa
                                ADV
    "above"
    Ex. Kwi'naa' tuggupaa yotsi-di na-boni-t.
        "A golden eagle flying above is visible."
tugupaatit
                            ADJ
    "up above, (something that is) above"
    Ex. Tazinopi-bo' tugupaati.
        "The stars are up above."
    {Morph.: tugupaa-tit above-ABS}
tugupaataa
                                    ADV
    "above, up"
    Ex. Tugupaataa a-budawa.
        "Look up."
    {Morph.: tugupaa-taa above-OBL/ABS; this form is actually
        of oblique form of tugupaatit "up above"}
tuhee [see: -duhee]
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    tuhi- "to spit"
    Ex. Mahu tsugu'u-tsi'' tuhi-di.
        "That old man is spitting."
    -tuha-
        AUX v
    "been X-ing"
    Ex. Mahu nabakiya-tuha-di.
        "He's been swimming."
    Ex. Maghu tawahaní'i-tuha-di.
        "He's coming from work."
    tuhu
                                    N
    "solid fat (the fatty part from deer meat, etc.)"
    Ex. Qotsi-na a-titna-na a-tuhu-na a-dakwinal'i.
        "Remove the fatty part from the pig."
Tuhube'
                                    PN
    (a woman's name)
tuhubit (also: tihubit) N
    "wild peach, yerba santa" (Eriodictyon sp.)
    Ex. TihitA tuhubi-wee suwapaa-t.
        "The deer rest in the yerba santa."
    Ex. Mowa tuhubì híbiga-p.
        "The yerba santa are blooming now."
    {Use: the leaves are used for cough syrup and poison oak
        poultice}
tuhutipI
                                N
    "black rock"
    Ex. Toyabi-ma-t立 tuhutipI na-boni-t.
        "Black rocks can be seen in the mountains."
    {Morph.: tuhu-tipI black-rock}
tukU
                                    N
    "flesh (of animals); fruit, berries, nuts (of plants and
    Ex. A-tukkU tsau qagma-di na-gumaya-s.
        "Its flesh tastes good when it's cooked."
    Ex. winipit-na a-tukU
        "the tree's fruit (nuts, berries)"
tukunaa-
                                    V (INTR)
    "to bear fruit"
    Ex. Tumaate' i-dinaa-ki-n mowa tukunaa-p.
        "The tomatoes that I planted are bearing fruit now."
    {Morph.: tuku-naa- fruit-grow}
tumaate'
                                    N
    "tomato" (Lycopersicon esculentum)
    Ex. Tumaate'e-ma a-wi'yitha.
        "Mix it with tomatoes."
    {From Spanish "tomate"}
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tumo'anigi- (also: tumu'anigi-) V (INTR)
    "to be black"
    Ex. Tumo'annigi-di-ma a-woowi.
        "Make your design with black."
tunaapaa ADV
    "straight"
    Ex. Tunaapaa a-winf!
        "stand up straight!"
tunaapaati
    ADJ
    "straight (one)"
    Ex. tunaapaati kudú' "a straight stick"
    {Morph.: tunaapaa-ti straight-ABS}
Tunani'
                                    PN
    (a man's name)
tunapま (also: tunobit) N
    "digger pine tree" (Pinus sabiniana)
    Ex. Tunapi-na mawi a-datsibuhi-t.
        "The squirrel climbed on the digger pine tree."
    {Use: the pitch is used for medicine}
-tunausu
        ADV
    "by oneself"
    Ex. Wiya-na a-tunausU a-yuna.
    "Put the (black oak) acorns by themselves."
    {Morph.: this adverb takes a possessive prefix which agrees
        in person and number with the noun to which it refers}
tuna,
                N
    "nuts (generic)"
    Ex. Ewa--kU niii tuna'-aa a-boni-t.
        "I see a lot of nuts."
tunobis [:see: tunapm]
tupusudugi- V (INTR)
    "to be punctured, have an opening (like a tunnel or needle)"
    Ex. I-gaanú' tupusudugi-t, naapu'u-baa-tU na-dona-s.
        "My cup has a hole in it; it was stuck by a nail."
tuta-
    V (TR)
    "to strap into a cradleboard"
    Ex. Owaa'nugu'-aa a-dutA.
        "Strap the baby into the cradleboard."
tutsidaagi-
                            V (INTR)
    "to be white"
    Ex. ToopE tutsidaagi-di.
        "The clouds are white."
tuubizi
    N
```

"quarter (coin)"
Ex. I-nawa-tsi' tuubizi-na i-giya-t. "My father gave me a quarter."
\{From English "two bits"\}

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tuuwaa-
                                    V (TR/INTR)
    "to ask for (something to eat)"
    Ex. I-biyya-baa-taa nit tuuwaa-tu-kinee
        "On my way I asked for something to eat at my mother's."
tuuwaqa-
                            V (TR)
    "to feed (people), dish out food for"
    Ex. Niti a-duuwaqa-t.
        "I dished it out for him."
    Ex. Ti-na-duuwaqa-n a-su'a-t.
        "He ate up all that was fed to him."
```

tuwa
N
"son"
Ex. I-duwa sIkunu'i-ge'e.
"My son went to school."
tuwam $x$
N
"children, offspring (both human and nonhuman)"
Ex. Sooha'ani-tU a-tuwami.
"Her children are beautiful."
\{Morph.: tuwa-mi son-PL\}
\{Sem.: compare with tuwapí" "child"\}
tuwamidu-
V (INTR)
"to have a child, give birth"
Ex. Mahu pidi-tuwamidu-di nazitaya-di.
"The one who just had a child, her milk is flowing."
\{Morph.: tuwa-mi-du- child-PL-make\}
tuwapi'
N
"child"
Ex. I-biya-na a-nobi-wee nohi ewa-tU tu-tuwapi'.
"There are a lot of children in my mother's house."
\{Morph.: plural form is tu-tuwapi' RDP-child\}
\{Sem.: compare with tuwam ${ }^{\text {( }}$ children"\}
tuwego-
V (TR)
"to remove the outer hull from, husk (seeds, berries, nuts,
etc.), by placing in a shallow, oblong rock and then rolling
another rock on top"
Ex. Tuwego-di aposowa-na.
"Remove the outer hull from the manzanita berries."
tuwisupita- (also: wisupita-) V (TR)
"to think about (someone)"
Ex. Mino' $\dot{\text { I-nawa-na }}$ a-duwisupita-nee.
"Don't think about your father."
tuyuha-

```
    "to be full"
    Ex. PatsiyatA paya-ma tuyuha-p.
    "The reservoir is now full of water."
tuyuhaki- V (TR)
    "to fill (something) up"
    Ex. Paya-ma a-duyuhaki.
        "Fill it up with water."
tuyuna- V (TR)
    "to place (something) on"
tuzitsigi- V (INTR)
    "to spurt, squirt"
    Ex. A-paapI tuzitsigi-t.
        "His blood was spurting."
tu'ihani'i-tU
                            ADJ
    "all kinds, any kind"
    Ex. Tu'ihani'i-kU winipit-na niti a-boni-t.
        "I see all kinds of trees."
tu'iheetI
                            INDEF PRON
    "anything, everything (refers to what is said)"
    Ex. 生' piti-di tu'iheetI ai-'itawa-t.
        "The white man who arrived told them everything."
    {Synt.: this indefinite pronoun is used as the object of a
        verb of saying}
    {Sem.: compare with tu'ihiipm "anything, everything (in
    reference to material objects)")
tu'ihi [see: tu'ihiipま]
tu'ihiipm
                                INDEF PRON
    "everything, anything"
    Ex. Tu'ihilpm tiboopi-wee qati-di.
        "Everything in the environment remains the same./
        Everything lives within the environment."
    {Synt.: this indefinite pronoun is used as the subject of
        the verb in reference to material objects}
    {Sem.: compare with tu'iheetI "anything, everything (in
        reference to the object of a verb of saying)"}
tu'ihimaa
                                INDEF PRON
    "a little of everything"
    Ex. Tu'ihimaa i-noopiti-ki-t.
        "He brought me a little of everything."
    {Synt.: this indefinite pronoun is used as the object of a
        verb in reference to material objects}
tu'ihino'
                            INDEF PRON
        "any amount; anytime"
        Ex. Mahu tu'ihino'o-manahu piti-wai-tit.
            "He will arrive at anytime."
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tu'ihino'o-tU
                ADJ
    "any amount"
    Ex. I-tisumiya-qwee-su tu'ihino'o-kU i-giya.
        "Give me whatever amount you think."
-tu'i- (also: -tu-, -du'i-) AUX V
    "to make, build"
    Ex. moqo-du'i- "to make shoes"
    Ex. apo-du'i- "to make (coiled) baskets"
    Ex. naawasi-du'i- "to make dresses"
    Ex. nobi-tu- "to build a house"
    {Morph.: the object is incorporated into the verb preceding
    -tu'i-/-du'i-}
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Tu'uqatsI
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Tu'uqatsI
PN
PN
(a man's name)

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uhu
"the one, that one"
{Morph.: u-hu the.one-B}
{Synt.: oblique frem of this demonstrative pronoun is
uqwahona}
{Sem.: this demonstrative pronoun is used in reference to
information that is already shared between the speaker and
hearer(s)}
una [see: unahu]
unaduu N
"nickel"
Ex. Unaduu-na i-pini-tsi'-aa a-giya.
"Give your little sister a nickel."
unahu
ADV
"there"
unapaa ADV/ADJ
"on the other side (of)"
Ex. Puku-na niti unapaa-kU a-boni-t.
"I see the dog on the other side."
Ex. Paya-na a-'unapaa nit miya-wai.
"I'm going to the other side of the river."
{Synt.: when used as an adjective this word takes the
adjectival suffixes -tU and -kU.}
{Sem,: opposite of minapaa}
unaqwE
ADV
"that side"
{Morph.: una-qwE there-side}
unasU
ADV
"over there"
Ex. £-kuna-bo' unasU.
"Your wood is over there."
{Morph.: una-sU there-ADVR}
{Sem.: same meaning as maatog\&oho}
uno'oho
ADV
"then"
{Morph.: uno'o-ho then-B}
uno'ohosU
ADV
"formerly, a long time ago"
Ex. Uno'ohosu nitmm qadu' ini'-aa yaduha-di.
"Formerly the Indians did not speak English."
{Morph.: uno'o-ho-sU then-B-ADVR}
uqwahona
DEM PRON
"the one, that one"

```
\{Synt.: this is the oblique form of uhu\}
uutA
EXPR
"move over!"
uutatugu
ADV
"away (from the speaker); to the other side"
Ex. 王qape-na uutatugu a-zapino'a.
"Move your bed over a little."
\{Morph.: uuta-tugu away.from-toward\}
uwamaqahuu
CONJ
"that's why"
uweehusU (also: aweehusU) ADV
"in the same place"
Ex. Qawaayu' uweehusu wini-qati-t. "The horse is standing in the same place."
\{Morph.: u-wee-hu-sU the.one-LOC-B-ADVR\}
\{Sem.: compare with iweehusU "here in the same place"\}
uwi'uwina' N
"roadrunner"
Ex. Kima-nee niti uwi'uwina'-aa a-boni-kinee. "Along the way I saw a roadrunner."
\{Morph.: uwi'uwi-na' ONM-it.says\}
```

waaga-
V (TR)
"to touch"
Ex. I-biya i-waaga-t.
"My mother touched me."
waapa'i- [see: maapa'i-]
waata-
V (TR)
"to leave alone"
Ex. I-waatA.
"Leave me alone."
waawi- V (TR/INTR)
"go down, come down (slope, hill, etc.)"
Ex. I-biya-tsi' kima-nee waawi-kinee.
"My mother came along downhill."
waaya'
N
"wire, telegraph, telephone"
Ex. Waayá'a-ma a-zakinA.
"Tie it with wire."
{From English "wire"}
wabitsabi- V (TR)
"to care for, take care of (an object)"
Ex. I-no'mahii-na a-wabitsabi.
"Take care of your personal possessions."
{Sem.: compare with teeni'i- "to care for (a living thing)"}
wabi'a-
V (TR)
"to help"
Ex. Mahu natisu'upI i-wabi'a-t.
"That medicine helped me."
wadahi-
V (TR)
"to know (how to)"
Ex. I-ginu' ti-wadahi-dí ti-dabagata-nee.
"My (paternal) grandfather knows how to castrate."
wadisuyu-
V (TR/INTR)
"to train, be in training"
Ex. Qawaayú' na-wadisuyu-di.
"The horse is being trained."
wagii-
V (INTR)
"to dig a ditch"
Ex. Winipí-na a-howee a-wagii.
"Dig a ditch around the tree."
wagii'
N
"ditch-tender"
Ex. Wagii'-aa nim a-boni-t ti-deeni'i-daa.

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"I see the ditch-tender tending the ditches."
wagima- V (TR)
"to chase, come after"
Ex. Mowa pahabitsI i-wagima-di.
"Now the bear is chasing me."
\{Sem.: same meaning as waniwi-, wawiya- and tiwahi-\}

\section*{wagi'i-}
\(V\) (TR)
"to tend ditches (keeping waterways clear)"
Ex. Mahu-bo' nana ti-wagi'i-di.
"That man is tending (the) ditches."
\{Morph.: wagii'-i- ditch.tender-be\}
waga-
"to tell (stories, V (TR/INTR)
Ex. Azaani-bo' niti-bo' ti-waga-t. "I told it badly."
Wagaasa'
PN
"Edison Dam, location where Edison Dam is"
Ex. Wagraasa'a-wee niti miya-di.
"I'm going to the Edison Dam."
wagasa'agi-
V (INTR)
"to split apart, branch out"
Ex. Winipi-na a-poqq wagasa'agi-di. "The tree's limb is branching out."
wagaki-
\(V\) (TR)
"to tell (someone something)"
Ex. I-biya-na a-waga-kí.
"Tell my mother."
\{Morph.: waga-ki- tell-CAUS\}
\{Synt.: the addition of the causative allows this verb to take two objects.\}
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waha-i/waha-tU
"two"
Ex. Waha-tU pukU iyo kima-goi-t. "Two dogs are coming here."

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wahawano-tU
"twenty"
Ex. Wahawano-kU i-gínú i-naawaku-maa-t.
"My (paternal) grandfather loaned me twenty dollars."
wahi'i- "to want" V (TR/INTR)
"to want"
Ex. \(\quad\) "íbi' wahi'i-t tabewano \(\dot{\text { i-pakwiga-gaa-n? }}\) "Do you (PL) want to go fishing today?"
-wai


"will X, going to X "

Ex PREF (indicates future tense)
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"I will eat."

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wainI
N
"wine"
Ex. Mahu nana waini-na hibi-di. "That man is drinking wine."
\{From English "wine"\}
wainusu
N
"a black snake (which lives in springs)"
Ex. Mino'o-daa wainusu-na a-batsa-nee. "Don't ever kill the black snake."
waisI
N
"sister-in-law; brother's wife's sister"
Ex. I-waisI pitit-t.
"My sister-in-law came."
wakitA ADV
"on this side; here, hither, in this direction" (towards the speaker)
Ex. Iyo wakita qat E !
"Sit here on this side!"
Ex. Qawaayu'-aa wakitA a-dakimaki.
"Drive the horses in this direction (towards the speaker)."

Wakihedi PN
"Iron Mountain"
wakwatsa'i- [see: makwatsa'i-]
wakwisi- \(V\) (TR)
"to lasso, tangle (up); catch (in a trap)"
Ex. Qawaayu'-aa-bo' nitit ti-wakwisi-t.
"I lassoed my horse."
Ex. Tsipiti-na nit ti-wakwisi-t.
"I caught the mountain quail (in my trap)."
wama-
v (TR)
"to feel (something real, non-abstract)"
Ex. Paya-na a-wamA! "Feel the water!"
Ex. Paya-na niti-bo' a-wama-maap. "I've already felt it (the water)."
wanaaha'
N
"deck of cards"
\{Note: this word is often confused with nawaaha' "pocket knife"
\{From Spanish "baraja"\}
wanaaha'i-
V (INTR)
"to play cards"
Ex. Taaqwa wanaaha'i-wai.
"We're going to play cards."
wanaqa-
\(V\) (TR)
"to measure; try on"
Ex. 王-naawasi-na a-wanaqA. "Try your dress on."
wana'
"younger brother"
Ex. I-wana-tsi' toyaníwi-ge'e. "My little brother went hunting."
waninI
N
"barrel, container"
Ex. Wiya-na niti wanini-wee ti-dibagi-wai.
"I will put the black oak acorns into the barrel."
\{From Spanish "barril"\}
waniwi-
V (TR)
"to chase"
Ex. I-binin' i-waniwi-t. "My little sister chased me."
Ex. Pahabitsi-baa-tU niti na-waniwi-t.
"I was chased by the bear,"
\{Sem.: same meaning as wagima-, wawiya- and tiwahi-\}
waqaa-
V (INTR)
"to be open, spaced widely"
Ex. Manno-ho tiboop \(\ddagger\) waqaa-t. "The land is open there."
waqaaki-
V (TR)
"to clear (land, etc.)"
Ex. Na-na'atsi'i-w t iboo-paa a-waqaaki-t. "The boys cleared the land."
waqabo'i-
V (TR)
"to slap (someone) in the face"
Ex. I-bini'-aa a-poso' a-qobe-ma-kU a-waqabo'i-t a-zabida-di..
"My little sister's friend, who was angry with her, slapped her in the face."
waqasami
N
"person with missing teeth"
Ex. I-bini-tsi'i-bo' waqasam王. "My little sister has a lot of teeth missing."
wasiya'
N
"little girls" (used after dark)
Ex. Hitpi'i-w tu -tuwapi-tsi-tsi' na-bee-si wasiya'. "The little girls are called with wasiya'."
\{Soc.: This is a term of address used only after dark to call in little girls. The girls' actual names are not used to protect them from the night creatures that might use this
information to catch and harm them. Compare with woboqa' "little boys."\} \{Phon.: when used as a call, the last syllable is lengthened: wasiyaa \(\left.{ }^{1}\right\}\)
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wasiwodo'
N
"chipmunk"
Ex. Iya wasiwodo' poyoha-t.
"There is a chipmunk running."
wasunawi-
V (TR)
"to bother, annoy"
Ex. Tu-tuwapi' i-wasunawi-t.
"The children bothered me."
watoo'nA N
"button"
Ex. I-tsaqeeda'a-ma watoo'na-na a-'atsuna.
"Sew a button, onto your sweater."
{From Spanish "boton"}
watsi-
V (INTR)
"to be lost"
Ex. I-bukU watsi-t.
"My dog is lost."
watsibuhi-
V (TR)
"to make climb"
Ex. Puku kidii'-aa a-watsibuhi-t.
"The dog made the cat climb (the tree)."
watsigi'i-
V (TR)
"to choke"
Ex. A-babbi' ti-qwana'-aa a-watsigi'i-t.
"His older brother choked his (own) little brother."
watsiki- V (TR)
"to lose"
Ex. Ti-naawaku-na ti-watsiki-t.
"He lost his (own) money."
{Morph.: watsi-ki- be.lost-CAUS}
{Sem.: opposite of ponipiti-}
watsikwi-i/watsikwi-tU NUM/NUM ADJ
"four"
Ex. Watsikwi-kU niti tihitta-na a-boni-t.
"I see four deer."
watunapm
N
"mountain mahogany" (Cercocarpus sp.)
Ex. Watunapi-ma $i$-nazitoono a-na-waapa'i-n. "My cane is made from mountain mahogany."
\{Use: the wood is used for making canes, digging sticks and Indian shinny sticks\}

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        wawiya-
            "to chase, go after"
    Ex. Qawaayu'-aa a-wawiya-t.
        "He chased after the horse."
    {Sem.: same meaning as wagima-, waniwi- and tiwahi-}
    wayaa-
    "to arrange, take care of, make"
    Ex. I-nobi-na tsau a-wayaa.
        "Make your house look nice."
    ```

Wazaganau
"Manzanita Lake"
wazagta '
"frog"
Ex. Iya wazaggan'. "There's a frog."
wazaki' N
"big green leaf (that grows on water)" (Lupinus polyphyllus, perhaps blue-pod lupine)
Ex. Wazaki'-aa nitqwa a-pisi-na tika-di. "We're eating the big green leaves (lupines)."
\{Use: leaves used for food\}
wazipee-
"to beckon to"
V (TR)
Ex. I-ginu' i-wazipee-t.
"My (paternal) grandfather beckoned to me."
\{Morph.: wazi-pee- stealthily(IP)-call\}
wazipee'egi-
"to beckon to"
Ex. Mahu tsugu' i-wazipee'egi-qati-t. "That old man kept beckoning to me."
\{Morph.: wazi-pee'e-gi- stealthily (IP)-call-do\}

\section*{wazitaduha-}
"to whisper, whisper V (TR/INTR)
Ex. I-bini-tsi' i-wazitaduha-t.
"My little sister whispered to me."
\{Morph.: wazi-taduha- stealthily(IP)-talk\}
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V (TR)
"to hide"
Ex. Kidii' ti-tuwami-na a-wazitigí-t. "The cat hid her kittens."
\{Morph.: wazi-tigi- stealthily(IP)-put\}
"forty"
Ex. Waziwano-kU niti qanaatu'-aa a-datsíwi-t. "I counted forty cows."

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Wa'anai
PN
(a woman's name)
wa'apm N/PN
"cedar tree" (Calocedrus decurrens); "North Fork"
Ex. Wa'api-wee niti miya-wai.
"I'm going to go to North Fork."
Ex. Wa'api-ma neit i-doonobi-na ti-waapa'i-di.
"I am making a wigwam (winter-house) with cedar
(bark)."
{Use: the bark is used to make the walls of the traditional
winter house}
Wa'atsiyeepm PN
"Mount Tom" (13,652 feet elevation)
{Morph.: wa'atsi-yee-pm old.one-become-ABS}
{Cult.: this is an Eastern Mono name for a mountain which is
located on the eastern side of the Sierra; there is also a
Mount Tom, }9018\mathrm{ feet elevation, on the western side, which
the Western Mono call Muu'atsiyeepm}
wa'i- [see: wa'yi-]
wa'iha-
"to mix"
Ex. Yaga'-aa a-hoo-kU a-wa'iha.
"Mix the white oak acorns with it."
wa'iyadu-
V (TR)
"to make a sore on"
Ex. Siiyá' qawaayu'-aa a-wa'iyadu-t.
"The saddle made a sore on the horse."
wa'naaqq
N
"net (any kind), bride's collar (traditional article of
clothing)"
Ex. Wa'naaqa-na niti ti-waapa'i-di.
"I'm making a net."
wa'napusa'
N
"butterfly"
Ex. Wa'napusa'' hibiga'-agA yotsi-t.
"The butterflies fly among the flowers."
wa'niga-
V (TR)
"to put one's arm through/into (something like a sleeve,
etc.)"
Ex. I-tsaqeeda'a-wee a-wa'niga.
"Put your arm through the sweater."
wa'waha'
N
"twins"
Ex. I-biya wa'waha'-aa tuwamidu-t.
"My mother bore twins."

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    wa'yi- (also: wa'i-) V (TR)
    "to find"
    Ex. Ewa-kU niti sexaayu'-aa ti-wa'yit-t.
        "I found a lot of this particular type of mushroom."
    wa'yiha-
    "to mix"
                            V (TR)
    Ex. Yaga'-aa a-hoo-kU a-wa'yitha.
        "Mix the white oak acorns with it."
    -wee
PP
"to, in, at" [marked as LOC]
Ex. Qoso-wee a-ditgi.
"Put it in the fire."
Ex. Wanini-wee niti ti-diyuna-wai.
"I'll pour it into the barrel."
Ex. I-biya ti-nobi-wee qati-di.
"My mother is sitting in her house."
Ex. I-biya ti-nobi-wee miya-di.
"My mother is going to her house."
{Morph.: this postposition is suffixed to nouns; it changes
to -qwee when suffixed to verbs and adverbs}
weegibaa
ADV
"on the edge, on the side"
Ex. Weegibaa a-wiya!
"Go on the edge!"
weeginI
N
"wagon, buggy"
Ex. Weegini-wee-tu-daaqwa miya-wai.
"We're going in a wagon."
{From English "wagon"}
Weemusa'
PN
(a woman's name)
-weetit
PP/LOC
"at (a flat place)"
Ex. Wa'api-weeti
"at North Fork, in North Fork"
-wee-tU PP
"in, at"
Ex. Paya-wee-tU pasuwati'mi-t.
"He drowned in the water."
-weetugu PP
"into, to"
Ex. Paapasi-na kusa-weetugu ti-dibagi-t.
"He put the potatoes into the bag."
Weeyakiniwま PN
"Teeford's place"

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"Walking Skeleton"
\{Cult.: this is a character from traditional stories. This monster causes people to be unable to move if they look at it. It carries a burden basket on its back in which it puts its victims in order to take them home and eat them.\}

Wegiboyo
PN
"the trail that follows the creek up the mountain from Kinsman Flats"
wegiya-
V (TR)
"to meet, encounter (by accident)"
Ex. I-biya-na niti a-wegiya-t. "I met my mother."
\{Sem.: compare with tapino'a- "to meet (for first time)"\}

\section*{wetsI}

\section*{N}
"leatherwood bark"
Ex. Wetsi-ga-gaa-wai nit. "I'm going to go get leatherwood bark."
wetsibx
N
"leatherwood bush (flannel bush)" (Fremontia californica, Fremontodendron californicum) ; "strings made from this bush" Ex. Wetsibit-na i-giya aa-ma i-di-witawa-wai-n. "Give me the leatherwood so I can tie with it."
\{Use: the outer bark is used to make tumpline and other binding material\}
we'aqai
N
"racer snake"
Ex. We'aqai nohi-zíkwidda-pま.
"The racer snake is very fast."
we'ni- \(V\) (TR/INTR)
"to climb down (from), get off (of)"
Ex. Tatsibuhinu-na niti a-we'ni-t. "I climbed down the ladder."
Ex. Nobi-ba'aa-tunee we'ni-t. "He got down from on top of the house."
widaatsitsi'
ADV
"slowly"
Ex. Widaatsitsi'i-ma a-zamiyaki!
"Drive slowly!"
Ex. Widaatsitsi'i-ma a-wiya!
"Walk slowly!"
\{Sem.: it is considered more polite when the suffix -ma is added to this adverb)
wido'izI
N
"house wren"
Ex. Wido'izi-na niti hubiyadu-daa a-naqa-t. "I hear the house wren singing."
```

    wiga (also: qamowiga) N
    "jackrabbit blanket"
    Ex. Wiga-'ąga na-'iwi-si yuwi-di.
        "It's warm when you sleep in a jackrabbit blanket."
    wigo'onogi-
                                V (INTR)
    "to be crooked, become crooked"
    Ex. I-hutsi'-aa a-maya wigo'onogi-t a-gama-s.
        "My grandmother's hand became crooked when she was
    Ex. Win\̇pæ wigo'onogi-t. Qadu' tunaapaa winí-t.
        "The tree is crooked. It's not standing straight."
    wiheesitI
N
"mountain lion"
Ex. A-diyabuni wiheesiti-na.
"Beware of the mountain lion."
wihi
N
"knife"
Ex. Wihi-ma a-doqoba.
"Cut it with the knife."
wihibm
N
"iron, metal"
Ex. Mahu wihibi-ma a-na-waapa'i-n.
"That's made from iron."
{Morph.: wihi-bi metal-CLSFR}
wihipusI
N
"eye-glasses"
{Morph.; wihi-pusI metal-eye}
wihipusiya-
V (INTR)
"to wear eye-glasses"
Ex. Mahu wihipusiya-di.
"She's wearing eye-glasses."
{Morph.: wihi-pusi-ya- metal-eye-wear}
wihitu'
N
"blacksmith's shop"
Ex. I-duwa-bo' wihitu'u-wee-taa tawahani'i-di.
"My son is working at the blacksmith's shop."
Ex. Mahu-bo' wihitu'.
"He's a blacksmith."
{Morph.: from verb wihi-tu'i- (iron-make-) "to be a
blacksmith"}
wihitu'i- v (INTR)
"to be a blacksmith"
{Morph.: wihi-tu'i- metal-make}
wiho N
"turkey vulture"

```

Ex. Wiho-na niti tika-daa a-boni-t. "I see a turkey vulture eating."

WinamaxatA
PN
(a woman's name)
"string; thread; milkweed" (Asclepias sp.)
Ex. Wisibi-ma a-'atsuna!
"Sew it with the thread!"
\{Sem.: thinner than tidgapo\}
wisiduga-
V (INTR)
"to be stringy"
Ex. I-di-budawa-qwee mahu wisiduga-t. "According to what I see, it's stringy."
wis \(\ddagger q\) ohi-
V (INTR)
"to whistle"
Ex. Mahu na'atsi' wis干qohi-di na-naqa-gima-ki-t. "The little boy was heard whistling as he came."

Wisiyuw
PN
"place where the Maiers' live"
wiski'
N
"whiskey"
\{From English "whiskey"\}
wisuwabeb \(\ddagger\)
N
"soapstone"
Ex. Wisuwabebit-na-daaqwa \(t i-n o o-g a a-w a i\).
"We are going to go get soapstone (and carry it back)."
\{Use: used to make cooking bowls, fishing weights, beads, and cooking stones
witI N
"awl (made of bone and used in making baskets)"
Ex. Witi-ma a-dona!
"Poke it with an awl!"
Witsiyu'
PN
"ridge where flume starts near Rosalie Bethel's place"
Ex. Witsiyu'u-ma i-biya nobi-di.
"My mother lives at Witsiyu'."
witu- "to be afternoon"
Ex. A-witu-s taaqwa miya-wai.
"We'li go in the afternoon."
\{Synt.: witu- is used most commonly in the adverbial phrase a-witu-s "in the afternoon"\}
wituwa
N
"(cooking) pot"

Ex．Wituwa－na tsau a－batsagA！
＂Wash the pot good！＂
wiya
N
＂black oak acorns＂
Ex．İ－bi＇wiya－ge－tu？
＂Do you have any acorns？＂
\｛Use：food\}
\｛Cult．：this is the most highly valued type of acorn\}
wiyapz N
＂California black oak tree＂（Quercus kellogqii）
Ex．Mawi－na niti a－boni－t wiyapína tatsibuhi－daa． ＂I see a grey squirrel climbing the black oak tree．＂
\｛Morph．：wiya－p玉 black．oak－CLSFR\}
wi＇noqagi－
V （INTR）
＂to be wobbly＂（used only with solid，inanimate objects）
Ex．Tai－teebunU wi＇noqagi－di． ＂Our table is wobbly．＂
\｛Sem．：compare with tsi＇nitagi－＂to wobble（of animate beings）＂
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wi-
$V$ PREF
＂with something sharp；with force；by the wind＂
\｛Morph．：this instrumental prefix comes directly before the
verb root\}

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－w \(\mathbf{x}\)
N SUFF
（plural marker）
Ex．hìipi＇i－wま＂women＂
Ex．puku－w \(\mathbf{E}\)＂dogs＂
wibiki－
V（INTR）
＂to jump＂
Ex．I－wana－tsí wíbiki－no－t． ＂My little brother is jumping along．＂
Widabo－
\(V\)（TR）
＂to break（something）into pieces＂
Ex．I－ginu＇tihuyee－si i－gatinu－na a－widabo－t． ＂My（paternal）grandfather was angry and broke the chair．＂
wìhaya－
＂to file，grind＂
Ex．Oho－na a－wihaya！ ＂File the bone！＂

Wí主－ V（TR）
＂to get，have；catch，take＂
Ex．Mahu onoowi＇－aa \(a-w i+t\) ． ＂She caught the ball．＂
withebepa＇i－
＂to strike－（someone）in the mouth＂

Ex. I-bini' na-witihebepa'i-t.
"My younger sister was struck in the mouth."
```

wìki- V (TR)
"to take (something) from"
Ex. Ai-hutsi' mawi-na puku-baa-tU a-na-gi'noo-si a-witiki-t.
"And then their (paternal) grandmother took the
squirrel from the dog."
\{Morph.: witi-ki- take-CAUS\}
\{Synt.: this verb takes two objects\}
wìipiti-
V (TR)
"to bring"
Ex. Mahu-dai hupinaqwe-kU a-wi̇ipitit-t.
"She brought that in from outside."
\{Morph.: witi-piti- carry-arrive\}
wikweni-
V (TR)
"to hang up"
Ex. $\quad$-no'mahii-na a-wíkweni.
"Hang up your clothes."
wimihoowi-
V (INTR)
"to be tired, be exhausted (from physical exertion)"
Ex. I-binni-tsí' ni-wiya-s wimihoowi-t.
"When we went, my little sister got exhausted."
\{Sem.: compare with na'mihoowi- "to be tired"\}
Wimugitu'i-
V (TR)
"to sharpen, make pointed"
Ex. I-dimoinu-na a-wimugitu'i.
"Sharpen my pencil."

```
winadihibi
                                    N
    "whirlwind"
    Ex. Iyo winadihibま kima-t. A-qapeyaqA!
            "Here comes the whirlwind. Give it the right-of-way!"
        \{Cult.: People should always allow whirlwinds to pass first
        when encountered.\}
winatsu'i-
                            V (TR)
    "to sweep, brush"
    Ex. \(£\)-poda-nu-wee-taa a-winatsu'i!
        "Sweep your mortar!"
Winatsu'uweeti
    PN
    "Charlie Marvin's place"
winazu
                                    N
    "brush (made from soaproot plant)"
    Ex. I-biya winazu-na ti-waapa'i-di.
    "My mother is making brushes."
    \{Use: for cleaning metates and baskets; as a hairbrush\}
wina'i-
    V (TR)
```

            "to throw away, get rid of"
            Ex. Apaaqonapi-weetugu a-wina'i-gaa!
            "Go throw it away in the gully!"
                            Ex. Muu'atsi-na wiya-na a-wina'i-t.
                            "She threw away the old (black oak) acorns."
                            {Sem.: compare with wipisidda'a-}
    wini-
    "to stand"
    Ex. Winipi-duhee a-winn土.
        "Stand under the tree."
    {Morph.: winit-kiya- stand-give}
    winikiya-
    "to stand up suddenly"(INTR)
    Ex. Mahu siyee-s winikiya-t.
        "When he was frightened, he stood up suddenly."
    winipip
                                    N
    "tree"
    Ex. Mawi winipi-na a-datsibuhi-t.
        "The gray squirrel climbed the tree."
    {Morph.: win£-pm stand-ABS}
    wipatsugi-
                            V (TR)
                            "to switch, whip (as in punishing children)"
    Ex. I-wana-tsi' na-wipatsugi-t.
        "My little brother got switched."
    wipego'a-
"to cut open"
Ex. Santiiya'-aa a-wipego'A!
"Cut open the watermelon!"
wipidoo-
V (TR)
"to wear (someone or something strapped to oneself like a
belt, etc.)"
Ex. Owaa'nugu'-aa a-wipidoo-t.
"She carried the baby strapped to her."
Ex. Ti-nati-na ti-nati-baa-tU na-wipidoo-t.
"His belt was fastened around him."
wipisida'a-
V (TR)
"to throw down, throw away, discard"
Ex. Wiya-na tibooo-na-tugu a-wipisida'a-t.
"She threw the (black oak) acorns on the ground."
{Sem.: compare with wina'i- "to throw away, get rid of"}
wipizizihi-
V (TR)
"to squeeze"
Ex. A-naawasl a-witpizizihi-t.
"Her dress is squeezing her (that is, it's too tight)."
wipuha-
"to winnow"

Ex. I-biya wiya-na ti-wipuha-di. "My mother is winnowing the black oak acorns."

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wiqa- V (TR)
    "to knock off (seeds or berries) by hitting the plants with
    a special basketry instrument"
    Ex. Tabapi-na-daaqwa a-wiqa-&aa-wai.
        "We're going to gather gooseberries (by knocking them
        off of the plants)."
wiqadiki-
                                    V (TR)
    "to stack, stack up"
    Ex. Kuna-na a-wiqadiki!
        "Stack the wood!"
wíqai- V (TR)
    "to reject, shun"
    Ex. I-bukU i-wíqai-t.
        "My dog rejected me."
wiqqamai- V (TR)
    "to clear, clear away"
    Ex. Tibooopま na-wíqamai-t.
        "The land has been cleared."
wiqeenu'
                                    N
    "cowboy"
    Ex. Mahu wíqeenu' qawaayu'-aa qatit-di.
        "That cowboy rides horses."
    {From Spanish "vaquero"}
wíqeenu'uyee- V (INTR)
    "to be a cowboy"
    Ex. I-wana-sti'' wiqqeenu'uyee-di.
        "My little brother is a cowboy."
    {Morph.: wiqqeenu'u-yee- cowboy-be}
wíqobi-
                                    V (TR)
    "to chop, chop up"
    Ex. Winipit-na a-poqa-na a-wiqobi-t.
        "He chopped the limbs off the tree."
wiqqono
                                    N
    "wheel"
    Ex. I-wiqqono qwatsa'i-t.
        "My wheel fell off."
wiqqooniki-
                            V (TR)
    "to return, bring back"
    Ex. Na-wiqooniki-t.
        "It was given back."
    Ex. PukU onoowi'-aa a-wiqoonikit-t.
        "The dog brought the ball back."
    {Morph.: wi-qooni-ki- with.force (IP)-return(INTR)-CAUS}
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    wiqqwasi-
    "to expel; fire (from a job); let go, release"
    Ex. Nitimi i-wiqwasit-t.
        "The Indians expelled me."
    Ex. I-ginu'l na-wiqwasit-t.
        "My (paternal) grandfather was fired."
    wiqwati- V (TR)
    "to empty, empty out, drain (of liquid)"
    Ex. Paya-na a-wíqwatI!
        "Empty out the water!"
    wisaga- V (TR)
    "to cover"
    Ex. E-mosiina-na pizo-ma a-wisagga!
        "Cover your car with a blanket!"
wisipo'i-
            V (TR)
    "to peel"
    Ex. Paapasi-na a-wisipo'I!
        "Peel the potatoes!"
wiso'ita-
                                V (TR)
    "to fold, fold up"
    Ex. I-no'mahii'-aa a-wiso'itA.
        "Fold up your clothes."
wisupita- [see: tuwisupita-]
wisutihai- V (TR)
    "to pity, feel sorry for"
    Ex. Poipoi-na niti a-wisutihai-t.
        "I feel sorry for Poipoi."
    {Sem.: same meaning as sutithai-}
witapo'na-
    "to bundle up"
                                    V (TR)
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        "He bundled up your blanket."
wittapo'na'' (also: witapo'no') N
    "harebells (a flower)" (unidentified genus)
    Ex. Wittapo'no'-aa a-hibiga-n qanipaana'a-ni-sU sunawi-dí.
        "The harebell flowers look like bells."
witawa-
    "to tie"
    Ex. A-moqo-na a-wítawa-ki.
        "Tie his shoe for him."
    {Morph.: the addition of the causative allows this verb to
    take a direct object and a benefactive object.}
witizdo'mi-
                                    V (TR)
    "to brace, support"
    Ex. Tifi-ma a-wittido'mi-t.
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"He braced it with a rock."

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witopisa- V (TR)
    "to tie a knot in (something)"
    Ex. A-witopisa.
        "Tie a knot in it."
witsada'ni-
    "to shake out"
    Ex. I-tsaqeeda' pasiyapi-si''i. A-witsada'ni.
        "Your jacket is full of sand. Shake it out."
wittsikwinn'i-
                            V (TR)
    "to remove (with the aid of a tool)"
    Ex. Pasiyapit-na paana'a-ma a-witsikwina'i-t.
        "He removed the sand with the shovel."
    {Sem.: compare with tsatoki'i- "to remove (by hand)"}
wituna-1
                            V (TR)
    "to cut into strips and hang up to dry (as in meat)"
    Ex. Tìina-na a-wituna-gaa.
        "Go cut the meat up into strips and hang it to dry,"
wituna-2 V (TR)
    "to twist strands into two-ply cordage (by rolling them one
    one's thighs), make cord (from individual strands)"
    Ex. Wisibi-na ti-witunna-dì.
        "He's rolling the strings together (into cordage)."
wizaga- V (TR)
    "to hit hard; hit (with a sharp instrument), chop off"
    Ex. I-biya puku-na tsukkwi-daa a-wizagga-t.
        "My mother hit the dog hard"
wizibi-
                            V (TR)
    "to peck at"
    Ex. Tsiipa' i-wizibi-t.
        "The bird pecked at me."
wizzi'mi- V (INTR)
    "to be sated, be full, be satisfied (from eating)"
    Ex. 王-sa' Wizi'mi-p?
        "Are you full?"
wi''eepu'i- V (TR/INTR)
    "to swing (to and fro)"
    Ex. Sisi'' wi'eepu'i-di.
        "The little girls are swinging."
wi'i- "to fall; be born" V (INTR)
    Ex. Ti-tanabodo-ma wi'i-t.
        "He fell on his knee."
Wi'i土isi'i-
    V (TR)
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    "to rock"
    Ex. Owaa'nugu'-aa a-wi'itisi'i.
        "Rock the baby."
    wi'noo-
    "to carry (of wind)"
    Ex. HìkwapE toope-na sibi-tugu a-wi'noo-t.
        "The wind carried the clouds to the east."
    Ex. HitkwapE i-samaneena'-aa a-wi'noo-t.
        "The wind carried away my hat."
    {Morph.: wi''noo- by.wind(IP)-carry}
W:'oopm
                                    N
    "green (unripe) pinenuts"
    Ex. Wi''oopit-na nitiqwa puya-gaa-wai.
        "We're going to pick green pinenuts."
wobiqoo
                                    N
                            "wooden bowl (made from the knot of a tree)"
    Ex. Wobiqoo-na niti ti-waapa'i-dit.
        "I'm making a wooden bowl."
woboqa' (also: woqoba') N
    "little boys" (used after dark)
    {Soc.: This is a term of address used only after dark to
        call in little boys. The boys' actual names are not used to
        protect them from the night creatures that might use this
        information to catch and harm them. Compare with wasiya!'
        "little girls."}
    {Phon.: when used as a call, the last syllable is
    lengthened: woboqaa'}
woqda'
                                    N
    "little chipmunk (lives in the valley)"
    Ex. Toyabi-ma-kU niti woda'-aa a-boni-t.
        "I saw a chipmunk on the mountain."
wogo-tU
                                ADJ
    "thick"
    Ex. I-biya-tsi' nohi wogo-kU ti-sawa-t.
        "My mother cooked it (the acorn mush) so thick."
wohi-
                                V (INTR)
    "to holler, yell"
    Ex. Wohi-daa nisi a-naqa-t.
        "I hear him hollering."
wono
"basket (cone-shaped)"
Ex. Wono-wee-kU niti ti-noo-wai. "I'm going to carry it (unspecified) in the basket."
\{Use: burden basket\}
woo
N
"head"
```

Ex. I-biya woo-qama-di.
"My mother has a headache."

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woonaa- (also: woona'i-) V (INTR)
    "to stick one's head out"
    Ex. Mahu-bo' woonaa-t.
        "He stuck his head out."
```

woopI
N
"(head) hair"
Ex. A-qwoopi-na niti a-boni-t.
"I see his/her hair."
Ex. I-woopi-na-bo' i-biya i-babodo-ki-di.
"My mother is braiding my hair."
\{Compare with suhi' "body hair"\}
woota'
N
"cowboy boots"
Ex. Ti-woota'-aa moqoyaa-di.
"He's putting on his cowboy boots."
\{From Spanish "bota"\}
woowi- "to put a design on (something)"
Ex. Mowa ti-niha-n ti-woowi-t.
"Now she's putting a design on the basket she is
making."
\{Sem.: compare with tsimoowi- "to write, mark"\}
woqada-
V (TR)
"to empty (many small objects from a container)"
Ex. Muu'atsi-na ti-qwiya-na a-woqada-t.
"She threw out the old (black oak) acorns."
woqob王
N
"yellow pine or ponderosa pine tree" (Pinus ponderosa)
Ex. Manno-ho woqob $\ddagger$ wini-di.
"There stands a yellow pine tree."
woqoso'i-
V (INTR)
"to make a loud noise"
Ex. Qądu' niti wahi'i-t $\dot{\text { ti-na-woqoso'i-n tiboopi-dugu }}$
tai-wiya-s.
"I don't want you (PL) making any loud noises while
we're going through the forest."

Woqowithawee
PN
(a location in the mountains on the other side of the san Joaquin River)
woqoyaana N
"a species of owl"
Ex. Woqoyaana togawano nitwi-di. "The owl comes out at night."

```
Woqo 
PN
    (a man's name)
Wosaapan
PN
    (a man's name)
wositwano-tU NUM ADI
    "eighty"
    Ex. Nitimi a-na-dats主wit-n wositwano-tU.
        "The Indians that were counted numbered eighty."
wosiwit-i/wosiwit-tU NUM/NUM ADJ
    "eight"
    Ex. Wositwi-kU niti tihita-na a-boni-kinee.
        "I saw eight deer on my way."
wowa- }
        N
    "red ants (that bite)"
    Ex. Wowa'-aa a-diyabuni.
        "Beware of the biting red ants."
    {Sem.: other red ant species are tadago' and sooga}
Wowa, }
        "Chukchansi Yokuts"
    Ex. Wowa'a-baa ni̇iqqwa miya-dì.
        "We're going to the Chukchansi."
woyanobm
                                    N
    "buckeye" (Aeschylus californica)
    Ex. Mowa woyonobi si'a-p.
        "Now the buckeyes are sprouting."
wozohonibi
    N
    (an unidentified species of plant)
wo'abl
                                    N
        "worm, maggot"
    Ex. Wo'abi-na a-diyabuni!
        "Beware of the worms!"
        {Sem.: this is a general term which includes all types of
        worms, caterpillars, maggots, etc.}
wo'abmi
                                N
    "backbone"
    Ex. I-wo'abbi i-gama-kit-t.
        "My backbone is giving me pain."
wo'oki- V (INTR/TR)
    "to bark, bark at (of dogs)"
    Ex. Puku_na wo'oki-daa niti a-naqa-t.
        "I hear the dogs barking."
wo'oqabi N
    "tree bark (generic)"
    Ex. Wo'oqabi-ma a-bidda.
```

"Make a fire with the tree bark."
wubisunugi- (also: wubusunugi-) V (INTR)
"to fall down (and continue to lie there)"
Ex. I-biya qwatuha-s wubisunugi-dabi-t.
"My mother is lying down from falling."
wupikusu
N
"sapsucker, Modoc woodpecker (little type of woodpecker)" Ex. Wupikusu sisimitiganaa na-boni-di.
"Once in a while a Modoc woodpecker is seen."
wusupita-
V (TR)
"to regard, think of"
Ex. Qadu' tsau i-wusupita-t.
"He didn't think good of me."
wusu'a-
V (TR)
"to beat, win against (as in game, argument, etc.)"
Ex. Ihi-w E i-wusu'a-t.
"They beat me."
xaanu' (also: qaanu') $N$
"cup, container (for drinking)"
Ex. I-xaanu'U-wee-kU niti hibi-wai.
"I'm going to drink (it) in my cup."
xawa [see: qawa]
xo'ma'na' N
"long white beads"
\{Soc.: archaic\}
yá [see: iya]

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yaa- V (TR)
    "to miss, fail to find, fail to encounter"
    Ex. I-biya-na a-nobi-wee nitimiya-si a-yaa-t.
        "When I went to her (my mother's) house, I didn't find
        her."
    {Sem.: same meaning as tiyaa-}
```

yaapana' $N$
"a species of mushroom"
Ex. Yaapana' mowa naa-p.
"The mushrooms are growing now."
\{Use: food\}
yabenímini-tU ADJ
"disgusting, mischievous"
\{Morph.: plural form of this adjective is yabenitmiwini-tu\}
\{Soc.: this adjective is used as an expression to show one's
disgust or displeasure with someone or something\}
yabí ${ }^{\prime}$
EXPR
"be careful! look out!"
Ex. Yabi'! A-diyabuni!
"Watch out! Be careful!"
yabi'isu
EXPR
"hurry up!"
Ex. Yabi'isu kima-noo!
"Hurry up and come along!"
Yadiyuni'
PN
(a woman's name)
yaduha-
V (TR/INTR)
"to speak, talk"
EX. Nitmi-ma nitqqa yaduha-di.
"We're talking Mono."
yaduhati'
N
"official speaker, announcer, speaker"
Ex. Poipoi-bo' yaduhati'.
"Poipoi is the speaker."
\{Morph.: yaduha-ti' speak-AGNT\}
\{Cult.: this is one of the traditional official positions in
Mono society whose job it was to assist the chief by
informing the community of the chief's decisions.\}
yagi-
"to mourn for, miss"
Ex. I-biya-bo' ti-poso'-aa ti-yagi-di.
＂My mother is mourning for her friend．＂

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yaga- "to cry" V (INTR)
    Ex. I-bini-tsi' nohi-zukwi-di yaga-t.
        "My little sister cried very hard."
yagabit N
    "Oregon white oak tree" (Quercus garryana)
    Ex. Yagabit-duhee-tit hitsa'wit-t.
                            "It's cool under the white oak tree."
    {Morph.: yaga-bi white.oak-CLSFR}
Yagati'iwee-tit PN
    "White Oak Grove (place where Joe and Lucy Kinsman lived)"
    {Morph.: yaga-ti'itwee-t主 white.oak,tree-?-LOC-ABS}
yagapm
                                    N
    "tears, ear wax, tree sap"
    Ex. I-biyą-na n㮅 a-yagapi-na a-boni-t.
            "I see my mother's tears."
    {Morph.: yaga-pi cry-ABS}
yagapusI
                                N
    "cry-baby"
    Ex. 五pini' yagapusI.
            "Your little sister is a cry-baby."
    {Morph.: yaga-pusI cry-eye}
yagase' EXPR
    "I don't know"
    Ex. Yotohonee haut⿱亠䒑⿱日十
            "I don't know where they went from here."
yagą'
                                    N
    "Oregon white oak acorns"
    Ex. Yaga'-aa nitit ti-zina-dit.
        "I'm cracking the (white oak) acorns."
    {Use: food}
    {cult.: this type of acorn is the second most highly valued
        after the California black oak acorns}
yaisl
                                    CONJ
    "and"
    Ex. Sisigadi' yaisI TsiwiyanI miya-goi-t.
        "Sisigadi' and Tsiwiyani went."
yaisidiya coNJ
    "and then"
    {Morph.: yaisi-diya then-and}
ya_nnahA (also: iyannnahA) ADV
    "there"
yagtA N
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                                    "basket for gathering manzanita berries; straining basket
                                    used for making manzanita cider"
                                    Ex. Yata-wee-kU a-wipuha.
                            "Winnow it in the basket."
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yataggahaa
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yataggahaa
ADV
ADV
"over there"
"over there"
Yawatininw壬
Yawatininw壬
PN
PN
"a place at the Goode ranch"
"a place at the Goode ranch"
yawi-
yawi-
V (INTR)
V (INTR)
"to laugh"
"to laugh"
Ex. Mahu-wi-sa' hii-paa yawwi-di?
Ex. Mahu-wi-sa' hii-paa yawwi-di?
"What are they laughing at?"
"What are they laughing at?"
yayi'
N
"prairie falcon"
Ex. Yayi'-aa a-diyyabuni.
"Beware of the prairie falcon."
yazabana'
N
"flicker" (bird)
Ex. Mowa yazabaná' pitit-p.
"Now the flickers have arrived."
-ya'wi-
AUX V
"separately, one by one"
Ex. Mahu-wæ miya-ya'wi-t.
"They went separately."
{Sem.: opposite of -goi- "together"}
yenipa' [see: enipa\mp@subsup{}{}{\prime}]
yibano
ADV
"fall, autumn, in the fall"
Ex. Yibano i-biya piti-wai.
"My mother will come in the fall."
Y堲bano- V (INTR)
"to be autumn"
Ex. Mowa y主bano-p.
"Now it's become autumn."
yidìki- V (INTR)
"to be fightened, be startled, jump (from fright)"
Ex. Nìi Yidimki-t.
"I was startled."
Y主diki'iki- V (TR)
"to startle, frighten (someone)"
Ex. Mahu i-yidìki'iki-t.
"He startled me."
{Morph.: Yiddiki'i-ki- be.startled-CAUS}

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y土̇gwi-
V (TR)
"to do, act"
Ex. Mahhu-bo' nana mani'i-hu síwikudaa a-y\dot{quwi-t.}
"That man acts that way all the time."
Yitnati='
N
"flat, clear land"
Ex. Naqamai'i-wee-ti yitnati'.
"It's clear and flat at Naqamai'."
yiqtuwa-
V (INTR)
"to be level (of the ground)"
Ex. Tiboopi-wee-ti⿱亠䒑日儿
"The land is level."
yikwitigi- V (INTR)
"to sit down, be in a sitting position and idle" (plural
subject)
Ex. Nanaana nohowahasU yikwitigix-qati-t.
"The men are just sitting."
yikwiz-
V (TR)
"to swallow"
Ex. A-y主kw壬.
"Swallow it."
yimina' N
"acorn drink"
Ex. Yimina'-aa niti hibi-wai.
"I'll drink the acorn drink."
yitsina- V (INTR)
"to sway, move about"
Ex. A-híikwa-s winipi yitsina_-t,
"The trees moved when it was windy."
Yizìba_' PN
(a man's name)
yo [see: iyo]
yogabi N
"nasal mucus, snot"
Ex. Mahu na'atsil' yogabi-si'隹.
"That boy is full of snot."
yogasidi- V (INTR)
"to blow one's nose"
Ex. Yogasidi-t.
"He blew his nose."
Ex. A-yogasidi-ki.
"Make him blow his nose."
Yoho'
PN
(a man's name)

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yommo (also: yommo-ho) ADV
"yesterday"
Ex. Yommo-ho nit miya-pige-t.
"Yesterday I went."
yommohotiqweesu
ADV
"the day before yesterday"
Ex. I-biya yommohotiqwees piti-t.
"My mother arrived the day before yesterday."
yonnoho (also: iyonnohO) ADV
"here"
yoqo- V (TR)
"to copulate"
Ex. Nanna-yoqo-di.
"They're copulating with each other."
yotoho (also: iyotoho) ADV
"here, from here"
yotohonee
ADV
"from here"
Ex. I-wana-tsi' yotohonee miya-t.
"My little brother had left from here."
Ex. Yotohonee nitmm tibeewm miya-t.
"The Indians from here went into the (San Joaquin) valley."
yotohu (also: iyoftohu) [see: yotoho]
yotsi- V (INTR)
"to fly, get up, stand up"
Ex. Tsiipa' yotsi-di.
"The bird is flying."
Ex. I-biya íwi-di tiboni-s yotsi-t.
"My mother got up when she had awakened from sleeping."
yotsitit
N
"airplane"
Ex. Yotsiti'i-wee-tU niti miya-wai.
"I'm going in an airplane."
{Morph.: yotsi-t主' fly-AGNT}
Yugida'' PN
(a woman's name)
Yugiguwa'
PN
(a woman's name)
Yugigiyanai PN
(a woman's name)
yuhubbi
N
"fat, grease; fat person"

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Ex. Ti̇ina-na yuhubi-wee a-gusaaní. "Fry it in grease!"
yuna- V (TR)
"to put (something that is more than one piece)"
Ex. Tuna'-aa i-gaanu-wee a-di-yuna. "Put the nuts in my cup."

Yusuma' PN
(a man's name)
Yuwaaxadi' PN
(a woman's name)
yuwi- (also: yíwi-) V (INTR)
"to be warm"
Ex. Paya yuwi-t.
"The water is warm."
yuwiki-
V (TR)
"to warm"
Ex. Piinisi-na a-yuwiki. "Warm the beans."
\{Morph.: yuwi-ki- be.warm-CAUS\}

\section*{ENGLISH - WESTERN MONO王王'AA ATADUHAAN - NİM}
```

    a long time ago
        uno'ohosu
    abalone shell
        puhigede
    abandon, to
        maata-
    about
        -'aqA
    above
tugupaa
tugupaataa
above, (something that is)
tugupaati
above, up
tugupaati
accompanied by
-ho-tU
achoo (sound of a sneeze)
hakwissA
hakwissa'
acorn biscuits
qonowoi'
acorn-cracker (a cracking rock for acorns)
pasoowinu
acorn drink
yimina'
acorn granary
suunanU
acorn mush, cooked
ekibe

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acorn which is white, a type of powdered
ebi
acorns after grinding, the unpulverized
tabitapA
acorns in the shell
taqaya
act, to
yigwi-
active, to be
naamadiyaa-
add, to
tsibuhiki-
add (something) on for, to
pegiki-
add to (something), to
pegi-
add sticks (to a basket in basket-making), to
tibiiqa-2
add to (something), to
pegi-
adds emphasis to statements
-bo'
adornment
natigin
adult, to become an
nanapiyee-
advise, to
nituwi-
afraid, to be
siyee-
after, to go
wawiya-
after a while
abidaa
awasu

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    after X-ed
        -S
        -sI
    afterbirth
        no'apE
    afternoon, in the
        awetuukus
    afternoon, to be
witu-
again
pinasu
again and again
-bodo-
agape, to be
kisa'a-
age
tomono
ahead of (in relation to persons)
-qobewee
aim a weapon at, to
tsidowa-
aimlessly
nohowa-
nohowahasu
nohowąsU
airplane
yotsitiz'
A1 Cunningham's place Pexenauti
alder tree, (mountain) (Alnus tenuifolia) pasiitapł
all kinds
tu'ihani'i-tU
all kinds of things nawana'o-tU
nawano'o-tU

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all of it
nasimi-tU
nasi'mi-tU
all of them
nasimi-tU
nasi''mi-tU
all together
siwinna
alligator lizard
awootA
almost
-musu'i-
along
-naapaa
along the road
poyonasu
already X-ed
-maap
alright, (that's)
togi
also
-diya
always
siwikudaa
ambitious, to be
naamadiyaa-
among
-aga
-'aqA
-maatugu
-matugu
ancestors
muu'atsI
and
yaisI
and then
yaisidiya

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    and (adds emphasis to a word)
    -bii
    anger, to
        tsikwiina-
    angleworm
        kiwa'
    angleworm carrier made of hay
        kudusI
    angry, to be
tihuyee-
angry at, to be
tsabida-
ankle
ta'wizogo
ankle bone
ta'owa
announcer
yaduhati'
annoy, to
wasunawi-
annual mourning anniversary
patsibuhidi
another
kima'asu
another way
kima'adugusU
ant (found in the mountains), big red
hoqonowoinA
ants
soo'yabe
ants, little red
sooga
ants, red
tadaggo'
wowa\mp@subsup{}{}{\prime1}}\mathrm{ (that bite)

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anus
tsede
any amount
tu'ihino'
tu'ihino'o-tU
any kind
tu'ihani'i-tU
anything
tu'iheetI
tu'ihiipI
anytime
tu'ihino'
anywhere in the environment
tiboona
appear, to
sunawi-
appendage
-togo
apple (Pyrus malus)
aapa'ni
apply, to
teega-
apricot
apikatsI
hapikatsI/apikatsI
apron
pisi'mee
arm
pitA
armpit
ahaqotsI
around
ahowee
-'aqA
-howee
around here
ina-

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        ina-hu
        ina-tU
        inatugu
        ina_tuguhu
    arrange, to
    wayaa-
    arrive, to
piti-
arrow
pa_ga
arrowhead (of obsidian)
taqapagga
arrowpoint
taqapaga
arroyo
apaaqonapx
as X-ing
-nee
ashamed, to be
nasukwai-
nasukwai'i-
ashamed, to cause someone to be
nasukwaiki-
ashes
asiyabi
esiyabi
siyabbi
ask, to
inee-
tibiyu- (someone for permission, information, etc.)
titibiyu-
ask for, to
-baaga-
titibiyu-
titiwi- (for objects)
tuuwaa- (something to eat)
ask questions, used to
-bi'

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ask to, to
-baaga-
asleep (of limbs), to fall
tasanabayee-
tasanabiyee-
at
-wee
-weetit(a flat place)
-wee-tU
at that place
iyaltahanee
at this time
mino'o(-ho)
attach (with string), to
tsiboyoha-
attack, to
timahi-
attempt (to), to
-manaqa-
attend a celebration, to
oogiwiya-
attention, try to get
ninaboni-
aunt (father's sister)
pahwa
automobile
qosonoo'
autumn
yíbano
autumn, to be
yibano-
avoidance relationship with an in-law of the opposite gender
(traditional), to be in an
nasukwai-
nasukwai'i-
aware of, to be
sutabini-

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    s¥tabihi-
    away (from the speaker)
uutatugu
away from (permanently left)
iyuutA
away from...for ever
iyuutA
awl (made of bone and used in making baskets)
witI
ax
naatsa'
B
baby
owaa'nugu'
owaa'tsitsi'
back and forth
-bodo-
back up, to
pimigooni-
backbone
wo'abit
bad
azaani-tU
bad, to taste
azaaniqama-
badge
natsipohinU
tsipohinU
bag
kus=A
balding, to be
nakwidibi-
bal1
onoowi'
Balloon Dome

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```

    Pisakwi'a
    barbeque, to
        toqwasiki-
    barber
tisibati'
bare one's teeth, to
kisida-
barefoot, to be
tapedagi-
barefoot, to go around
tapedagi-
bark, to
wo'oki-
bark at (of dogs), to
wo'oki-
barley (Hordeum sp.)
siwaatu'
barrel
waninI
basket
apo (coiled cooking)
tsikU (used for beating seeds out of plants)
tsiqo (used for beating seeds out of plants)
wono (cone-shaped)
basket, baby
huupi
basket, straining
yatA
basket, treasure
poya
basket cap
tsopopo'
basket for gathering manzanita berries
yatA
bat (mammal)
ho'nobi

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    bathe (in water), to
        nabakiya-
    be, to
        mai-
    be able to
        -duwa-
    be able to see, to
        tipitabihi-
    be careful!
        yabi'
    be in motion while x-ing
        -noo-
    be in mourning for (someone), to
qoomai-
tigoomai-
be made, to
tiwayaa-
be quiet!
nakwitit'
naqwati'
be used to (doing something), to
tisuyu-
be x-ing while going
-noo-
beads
qakibi
beads, long white
xo'ma'na'
beans
hihoono'
piinisI
bear
pahabitsI
bear clover (Chamaebatia sp.)
saatuwibi
bear fruit, to

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    tukunaa-
    beard
        qana
        xana
    beat, to
        ponaa-
        wusu'a-
    beautiful
        sooha'ani-tU
    beaver
        pazuukU
    because
        hinaa-tu
    beckon to, to
        wazipee-
        wazipee'egi-
    become, to
        mai-
    become an old lady, to
h+bitsi'iyee-
become old, to
muu'atsiyee-
become silent, to
naqasuya-
bed
habinu
qapE
bee
peena
been X-ing
-tuha-
beer
piya'
before
-qobena
behave!

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    nakwiti'
    naqwati'
    behave, to
    mabinee-
    behind
-hupinaqwe-tU
-naapaa
behind, to go
-pina(-)
behind after
-pina(-)
believe, to
naqadogi'i-
bell
qanipaana'
bell peppers (Capsicum frutescens longum; C. frutescens grossum;
also C. annum)
tsiini''
belly button
poji
pozi
belongings, (personal)
no'mahii'
no'mahii
belt
natI
berries
tuku
berry, a poisonous
tsanakisa'abi
better than (in a comparison), be
ponaa-
beware!
ini'2
beware of, to

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tiyabuni-
bewitch, to
puhaa-
beyond
-qwaanaqwee
big
ino'o-tU
paba-tU
papaaba-tU qaha-
bird
tsiipa'
bird, brown
tsi'niisa'
birth, to give tuwamidu-
bite, to
kiyi-
bitter, to taste sitaqama-
bitter tasting, to be huhugama-
black, to be tumo'anigi-tumu'anigi-
black and blue, to be togaai'-
black-headed grosbeak (Pheucticus melanocephalus) ebi'noyo'
black oak acorns wiya
black pepper (Piper nigrum) paniyenta'
black person
qanaadá'
black rock
tuhutipI
blackberries (local name) (possible twinberries, Lonicera involucrata) moonoi
blacksmith, to be a wihitu'i-
blacksmith's shop wihitu'
blanket pizo

Blazier's Place To' oqooma
bleed, to paaqa-saya-
blind, to make kibazi-
blind, to kibazi-tsabazi-
blind person or animal, a tsaa'ma'
blinding effect on, to have a kibazi-
blister, to saasigati-
bloat, to puusi-
blood paapr
blood-letting, to be nasaya-
bloom, to hibiga-
blossom hìbiga'
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blow, to
puuhi-
hikwa- (of wind)
blow one's nose, to
yogasidi-
blow out, to
puuhi-
blown up, to be
puusi-
blue, to be
puhibonogi-
blue oak acorns
pawiya
blue oak tree (Quercus douglasii)
pawiyapx
board
taapi'ni
boat
awonnO
bobcat
tonoowi'
body (of living and non-living objects)
nitmx'
body hair (other than facial hair)
suhi
boil, to
kusedetagi-
sawa-
saawa-
boiling, to be
kusedetagi-
bolt, to
tsakwiti'i-
bone
oho

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bone dice
awaya'
ooyá'
bone die
pedi= }\mp@subsup{}{}{2
book
popi'nA
popi'nI
born, to be
wi'i-
boss
aamo'
aamu'
both
na-
bother, to
wasunawi-
bottle
OSA
bottom
-kwidanna
kwidana-tU
bottom, on the
-kwida_na
bow
edi
bowel movement, to have a
natsibohinaama-
natsibuhinaama-
bowl (made from the knot of a tree), wooden
wobiqoo
box
qaho'nA
boy, little
na'atsi'
nana'atsi'
nana'atsi'iwm

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boys, little
woboqa'
woqoba''
brace, to
witido'mi-
bracelet
ma'wizogoyagnU
braid (anything long, such as hair, vines, etc.), to
pabodo-
pobodo-
braided hair
nababodonA
nannabodonA
brain
tsopigi
brains
tsopigi
branch
poqqA
branch out, to
waggasa'agi-
brand, to
taqapoo-
branding iron
anadaqapoonU
bread
kumasa'
bread, to make
kumasaa-
break, to
todabo-
tsaqopi'i-
tsaqoti'i-
tsaqwapi'i-
tsaqwati'i-
break (something) into pieces, to
qwidabo-
widabo-

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    break into small pieces, to
    tobagi-
    break off (something brittle) (by hand), to
tsaqoti'i-
tsaqwati'i-
break off (something flexible) (by hand), to
tsaqopi'i-
tsaqwapi'i-
breast
piz1
breast-cooking ceremony
nazitayadi
breathe, to
suwaqa-
breathe heavily
qahasuwaqa-
bride's collar
wa'naaqA
bridge
pasagi
brine fly larvae
kwizabi
bring, to
noopiti-
witipiti-
bring and unload, to
pani-
bring back, to
wíqooniki-
bring bad luck to, to
tihaa-
bristle
masido-
brittle, something
-ti'i-
broach

```
tsipohinu
natsipohinu
broth hubawa
brother (said by a woman) saamO
brother, older pabi'
brother, younger qwana' wana'
brother in law (a wife's brother or a man's sister's husband) adatohi
brother's wife's sister waisI
brothers, two nannawana'
brown, to be ohobanagi-
brown-coated Bigfoot qauqauna'
bruised, to be
ku'iyawadu-toga'i-
brush
qahip
tihuupx
tisobx
tsisoby
winazU (made from soaproot plant)
brush, a place full of
tihuup
brush, to
winatsu'i-
buck (of an animal), to
potiniya'i-
bucket
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    panoonU
    buckeye (Aeschylus californica)
        woyonobm
    buckskin
        qwasapI
    bud, to
    sia-
    buggy
weeginI
build, to
-du'i-
-tu-
-tu'i-
build a house, to
nobitu-
bulb
pus=I
bull
to'no'
bullet
pagya
bum
tsede
bumblebee
hibiwu
bundle up, to
nobiha- (one's possessions)
witapo'na-
burn, to
tinai-
burn (of fire), to
na'i-
burn (something), to
pida-
burn something and then place the ashes on one's skin (for

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            medicinal purposes), to
        taqwa-
    burned to death, to be
        kutiyawi-
    burrow
        to'o
    burst, to
        tsitaki'i-
    burst into flames, to
        epo'i-
    bush (which grows near water), a type of small
qayuwanibi
bush, leafless orange
ayaxabi
bush which has poisonous, black, cherry-like berries, a
paaqwabi
appaaqwabbi
bushes
qahipI
butt
tsede
butter
pada_'
butterfly
wa'napusa'
button
watoo'nA
buy, to
-maa-
no'mihi-
no'mahi-
by
-baa
-baa-tU
by sitting
pi-

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        C
    cabbage (Brassica oleracea capitata)
qabizi'
California black oak tree (Quercus kelloggii)
wiyapı
California laurel (Umbellularia californica)
nooziby
call, to
pee-
camp circle
niseenobi
can
-duwa-
candy
qaniida'
cane
nazitoono
podo
cane, to use a
natsitoo-
nazitoo- (when walking)
captain
qapitanA
capture, to
tsaniga-
car
mosiinA
musiinA
carbuncle
kunu'miha'
card game, a
naqaadi
naqaadi'
care for, to
wabitsabi-
care of, to take

```
```

        teeni'i-
        wabitsabi- (an object)
        wayaa-
    careful of, to be
tiyabuni=
carry, to
hida-
noo-
panoo- (of liquids)
tsa'winoo- (by use of a handle)
wi'noo- (of wind)
carry in claws (as of an eagle, etc.), to
ta'noo-
Cascadel Ranch
Hoyoyowee-ti
castrate, to
tabagata-
tabatsoyo-
cat
kidi'
kidi
qaatu'
catch, to
tsa'noo- (fish)
wakwisi- (in a trap)
wit-
catch up with, to
tatsee-
caterpillar
piyagq́
cattail (Typha sp.)
padowibi
towibi
cause (someone) to do something, to
-ki-
cause to run for cover, to
tiwaniga-
cave
tapogi

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cedar tree (calocedrus decurrens)
wa'ap;
celebrate, to
oogi-
centipede
ehuyuwaya'
chair
qatinu
tikatinu
chalk
ebi
challenge (as in competition, fight), to
timahi-
challenge each other, to
kupinaa-
nannakupina-
change, to
tsamina-
change direction
minaa-
chaparral (local term)
humunabi
characterized by (a quality or state), to be
-gi-
charcoal
kutuhubi
Charlie Marvin's place
Winnatsu'uweeti
chase, to
tiwahi-
wagima-
waniwi-
wawiya-
chase after (by scent), to
egwimawiya-
cheeks
so'o

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```

cherries, ground
hoqonowoi'
chew, to
kitsoho-
chewing gum
kitsohono
chia plant (Salvia columbariae)
tsaatibi
chia seeds
tsaatI
chicken
qaina'
qaiina'
chicken hawk
tatadi'
chief
pohenabi
chief's assistant
natenabi
child
tuwapí'
child, to have a
tuwamidu-
children
tuwamm
chiles
tsiini'
chills, to have the
sopononogi-
Chinese person, a
tsainamanI
tsainimanI
tseegwani'
chinquapin (Castanopsis sempervirens)
tsinipin
chipmunk

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    wasiwodo'
    chipmunk (lives in the valley), little
wo_da'
choke, to
kupasa'na- (from swallowing)
naqupasa'na-
watsigi'i-
choke, to cause to
tsiqwaha-
chop, to
kutsa-
wíqobi-
chop down (of trees), to
tiwinabihi-
chop off, to
wizzaga-
chop up, to
wiqqobi-
Christian
paadede'
Chukchansi Yokuts
Wowa_'2
church
paadede'
church, in the
anabaadede'eqwee
church, to the
anabaadede'eqwee
church-goer
paadede'
cigarette
pa_mo
pamopI
clam shell
ooga

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clam shell ash
sooga
clapper sticks
anawataki'inu
claw (of an animal)
tsa\&wabo-
clay
tizagabit
clean (animals, fish, etc.), to
sihigi-
clear, to
waqaaki- (land, etc.)
wiqamai-
clear (of the night sky), to be
tazidowa-
clear away, to
wiqqamai-
clench in one's hand, to
matsoga-
climb, to
maaba- (mountains, etc.)
tatsibuhi- (using arms and legs)
tsibuhi-
climb, to cause to
tsibuhiki-
climb, to make
watsibuhi-
climb down (from), to
we'ni-
climb on, something made to
tatsibuhinU
climb out, to
patsibuhi-
clitoris
kwigit
clock

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```

    tadabe
    close, to
-kiwa'abaa
-niya
totiwa-
tsakwiti'i-
tsikiba'na-
cloth
paniiyu'
clothing
natiginn
cloud
toopE
cloudy, to be
toonaa-
clover, (big leaf)
pazuu'
clover, salty
sakima'
clover, type of
pozida
co-in-laws (also used as a term of address by the in-laws to one
another)
maksi'
co-workers
nannatapiwa'
natapiwa'
natipiwa'
coals
kutuhu_bi
Coast Range, the
panagapi)
coat
tsaqeedá'
cockadoodle doo
0'00'00
cocoon

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```

    sa'naazI
    tagqA (of a caterpillar)
    coffee
qope'
coiled up (as a snake), to be
natakwina-
coiling (type of weave used in basket-making)
ananihan
nanihan
coin purse
ooga
cold
izi'i
cold, to be
!zま'i-
cold, to have a
ohiyee-
colleagues
nannatapitwa'
natapiwar
natipiwa'
collect seeds, to
tiga-
colt
ewatsitsi'
ewá'
come
-ki
come, to
kima-
come and do X
-gi
come after, to
tiwahi-
wagima-
come apart, to

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```

    pitihi-
    come back, to
    qooni-
    come down (slope, hill, etc.)
waawi-
come into being, to
tadagai-
come up, to
tapona-
come uphill, to
maaba-
condor, (California)
nana'yutsI
confine, to
tsaniga-
confused, to be
hani'maikuqaabina-
maikuqaabina-
confused, to become
maikuqaabina-
congratulations
mannohobit
conserve, to
pinee-
constructed, to be
tiwayaa-
container
qaanu' (for drinking)
waninI (for drinking)
continue X-ing, to
-qati-
continuously
nakidá'anee
cook, to
kumayaa-

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cook (by boiling), to
sawa-
saawa-
cook (by dropping hot rocks into a basket), to
togosawa-
cook (something) covered in hot ashes, to
tinogo-
ti'nogo-
cook (something) over hot coals, to
toqwasiki-
cooked, to be
kupi'a-
cool, to be
hitsa'wí-
copper, to be
atsabonogi-
copulate, to
yoqo-
copy, to
nannatii-
corn (Zea mays)
maisI
cotton
piibi
cough, to
ohi-
counsel,to
nituwi-
count, to
tatsiwi-
titsiwi-
country(side)
tiboopI
couple
nannaguwwa
cover, to

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    wisaga-
    cover (up) one's head, to
na'mutsina-
cow
qanaatu'
cowboy
wiqqeenu'
cowboy, to be a
wiqeenu'uyee-
cowboy boots
woota'
coyote
isa',
iza,
huusu'
hu'usu'
crack (something round, like fleas, an egg, etc.), to
todagi-
crack acorns, to
tsina-
crackers
qagacsI
cradleboard
huup{
crane
padwidi+ka'
crawl, to
matoo-
crawl or stoop under (to go past something), to
musina-
crazy (one)
aneetsa'
crazy, to be
aneetsa'yee-
neetsa'yee-
crazy, to become

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        aneetsa'yee-
        neetsa'yee-
    Creator, the
        tinitoobebi
    credit to, to give
        teebe'i-
    criticize, to
nito'o-
tini'itoo-
crooked, to be
wigo'onogi-
crooked, to become
wigo'onogi-
cross (through water), to
popi-
cross over (water), to
popi-
crow
sibitimq
crowd against, to
kitsi-
cry, to
yaga-
cry, to make (someone)
tsitaga-
cry-baby
yagapusI
cry-dance
nayagaqwee
cup
qaanu*
xaanú'
cure, to
puhaawi-
curer
puhagetU

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```

    tibuhaawiti'
    cut, to
kiqopi'i-
kita-
toqoba-
cut (something long and hard, like a tree branch), to
taqopi'i-
cut around, to
taqononohi-
cut hair, to
po-
cut (meat or fish) into small pieces to dry, to
tsaha-
cut into strips and hang up to dry (as in meat), to
wituna-1
cut off, to
kiqopi'i- (with the teeth, a saw, etc.)
toqopi'i- (something like string)
cut open, to
wipego'a-
cut or bruised (flesh wounds), to be
naqwi'iyaduwi-
nawi'iyaduwi-
cute (of anything)
sukwa'ni'i-tU
D
daddy-long-legs (type of spider)
tso'apE
dam
anadiwanU
dam, to
tiwa-
dam up, to
tiwa-
damned (one)

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```

    kinA
    dance, to
niga-
dance the friendship dance, to
sagwadaya'i-
saqwadaya'i-
dangerous, to be
naadiya-
dangerous or harmful, anything which is
init'
dangle, to
natsakweyuhi-
dark (as in night-time), to be
totso'i-
dark, to be totally dark
taqaputsu'i-
daughter
pedi= }\mp@subsup{}{}{1
daughter-in-law
mobi
day after tomorrow
pinamowahusU
day before yesterday, the
yommohotiqweesU
daybreak
atabihamanaqwE
daybreak, at
atabihamanaqwE
daylight, to be
adabihasu
kutabahaa-
tabiha-
daytime, (during the)
tabewano
dead, dried up thing, a

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    tse'akwA
    tsiyakwA
    deaf, to be
naqatso'oyee-
dear
-tsi'
December
Qowamí'a
deck of cards
wanaaha'
decorated yarn belt
qo'iqo'i
qo'iqo'i'
deep
tidinna
deep spring north of Northfork, a
Tidinabaya'
deep water
pabono
deer
tihitA
deer, old buck
tihiya
deer brush (Ceanothus integerrimus)
tsinipabi
deer stomach which is filled with lungs, liver, heart and other
edible organs and roasted over coals, a
paaqwA
apaaqwwA
deerskin diaper
tsipo\&o'ono
defecate, to
kwita-
defecate in bed, to
kwitadabi-
defecate on, to

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        kwidana-
    demand to, to
        ni}\mp@subsup{}{}{2
    deMaster's place
Pimi'isinauti
deny, to
tiniqwaa-
destroy, to
toqadu'utuki-
destroy (something solid, as a table or chair, etc.) with a stick,
to
todabo-
detumesce
qwezu-
develop a sore, to
ku'iyawadu-
dew, to
pawi'a-
diamond design (on baskets), to be a
nazipusidu-
diaper
natsipogono
diarrhea, to have
atayee-
die, to
edaa-
tiyawi-
different (of a singular object)
kima'ani-tu
different kinds (of)
kikima'ani-tU
different kinds of things
nawana'o-tU
nawano'o-tU
different route, a

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    kima'adugusu
    different way, (in) a
    kima'adugusu
    dig, to
        tihoowi-
    dig a ditch, to
        wagii-
    dig up, to
        tihoowi-
    digger pine tree (Pinus sabiniana)
        tunapæ
        tunobi
    diggers
        tihoowiti''
    diggers, grave
        tihoowiti'
    digging stick
        podo
    dime
        niya'
    dip (something) into food, to
totsaa-
direct, to
nitisumiyaki-
dirt
tibipq
dirty (one)
totsabi
disappear, to
qadu'utu-
disbelieve, to
sudaa-
sudawa-
tiyaa-
discard, to
wipisida'a-

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disgust or contempt, indicates
sutikwigimogaadi
disgusting
haqwanimmini-tU
yabenimini-tU
dish
tsida
dish out, to
tsakida-
dish out food for, to
tuuwaqa-
dislike, to
susi'yee-
distasteful
haqwaniimini-tU
ditch-tender
wagii'
dive into water, to
pahuupu'i-
dizzy, to be
siwakwiyunuhi-
suwakwinunuhi-
do, to
mai-
yigwi-
do one's best, to
tatsibiya-
do something, to always
-kiya'wi-
do something along the way, to
-kinee
do something for (someone), to
-ki-
do something habitually, to
-kiya'wi-
do something in honor of (someone), to

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        qoomai-
    do something off and on, to
        -ki-
    do something quickly, to
        -ki}\mp@subsup{}{}{2
    do something while coming, to
        -kinee
    doctor
        tibuhaawiti''
    doctor, to
        puhaawi-
    dog
        pukU
        doing something steadily, not
        -ki-
    dollar
todaya,'
donkey
tonki'
tsagihagi'
tsagaasi'
don't! (used to form negative commands)
mino'
don't X
-nee
door
nazitaaginu
doorway
nazitaaginU
dove, (mourning)
heewi"*
down
pedalwi
down(hill)
tibeew{

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```

drag, to
tsapidina-
drain, to
pawitsiduu-
wiqwati- (of liquid)
drained out, to be
pazumi-
draw blood, to
nasaya-
saya-
drawing
nawoowin
nazimoowin
dream, to
nosidabi-
dream (about), to
nosidabi-
dress
naawasI
dress up
natigi-
dried out, to be
kupasa-
pasa-
drink, to
hibi-
drip, to
pazononogi-
drip down (of water), to
pazadatagi-
drive (a vehicle), to
tizamiyaki-
drive (something) back, to
taqooniki- (in reference to animals)
tawiyaki-
drive forward, to
takimaki-

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```

    drive (something) on, to
    takimaki-
    drizzle (on), to
        pasi'migi-
    drop, to
        maqwatsa'i-
        qwatsa'i-
        qwatsa'iki-
    drop (something/someone) off, to
tsaqwatsa'i-
drown, to
suwati'mi-
drunk, to be
kwihi-
oyoopoyee-
drunk, to get
kwihi-
dry, to
pasaki-
dry, to be
pasa-
dry from thirst, to be
pas¥tugu'i-
dry out, to
kupasaki
duck
piya
piyu
dump, to
pani-
tigwi'na-
Dunlap
Kitsayu'
dust
kutusibi
dust bath, to take a
nakwi'nogo-

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dusty, to be
kutusiga-
dusty, to make
kutuigaki-
dwarf
tsaapu_'
E
each other
na-
nanna-
eagle moiety
taqatsI
ear
naqa
naqa'
ear wax
yagabp{
early
pidil-
earring
naqaqo'ya
earrings, to wear
naqago'ya-
east
sibitit
eastern side of the Sierra, on the
sibihti
eat, to
tika-
eat acorn, to
eki-
eat (it) all, to
su'a-
eat (something) up, to
su'a-

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    edge of, on the
        ahowee
        -howee
    effort, to be of great
tsikwi-
tsukwi
egg
noyo
eight
wosiwii-i/wosiwictu
eighty
wosiwano-tu
elastic
tudubai'
elbow
makibi
elderberries, mountain (local name for blue elderberries) (Sambucus
cerulea)
hubuhiya
hubuhuyi
hubuhíya
elderberries (collected at lower elevations), varieties of
seenowa'
elderberry tree, mountain (local name for blue elderberry tree)
(Sambucus cerulea)
hubuhiyabbi
elderberry (bush), valley (Sambucus sp.)
kunugibi
elders
nanaanapm
nannanapı
elk
soyono
emerge, to
patsibuhi-
emit an odor or scent (of a flower, skunk, etc.), to
qwana-

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emetic, to take an
sogatika-
empty, to
wiqwati-
woqada- (many small objects from a container)
empty out, to
wiqwati-
encounter
tapino'a-
tapino'o-
wegiya- (by accident)
enemy
timu'
English (language)
inici
enjoy seeing (something), to
tisuwawi-
enough
ano'o-tu
togi-tU
enough!
ano'으
enter, to
iga-
entrance (to wickiup or hut)
tito
environment, the
tiboopI
equal to (something) in value, to not be
tamihoowi-
erase, to
tokwa'miki-
erection, to have an
qoowini-
especially nice
sooha'ani-tU

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    eunuch
    tabatso'
    Euro-American
inic
evacuate (an enclosed space), to
pudi'i-
evening, in the
todoyommo
eveningtime
todoyommo
every now and then
pipidisu
sisi'miganaa
everyday
tatabihanee
everything
tu'iheetI (refers to what is said)
tu'ihiipI
everything, a little of
tu'ihimaa
evil person
hitsuwaayu'
hetsuwaayú'
excess, to be in
munaa-
excessive, to be
munaa-
exchange, to
tsamina-
exclusively
-si'立
excuse me
isikI
exhausted (from physical exertion), to be
wimihoowi-

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```

exit, to
pudi'i-
expel, to
wiqwasi-
expensive (one)
tihuqwabi
tihiqwabbi
explode, to
epo'i-
expose, to
tsapo'a-
expose a secret, to
tsapedihi-
expression used when playing hand game, an
hotso
extend one's arms upward, to
mapida-
extended, to be
masidaa-
extinguish, to
tuga-
extra
nohi
nihi
nehe
nahi
extract, to
tsasutu'i-
eye
pusI'
eye-glasses
wihipusI
eye matter
epA

```
eye mucus (that forms on the corner of the eyes, especially after
```

            waking up)
    epA
    eyebrow(s)
    pataqa'aa
    eyelashes
pudus I
F
face
qobe
fade, to
saapini'iki-
fade, to make
saapini'iki-
fade away in the distance (of sound), to
nanaqawiyaki-
fade into the distance (of sound), to
naqasuya-
faded, to be
saapini'i-
fail to catch a fish (by pulling in one's line too early), to
tsa'yigwi-
fail to encounter, to
yaa-
fail to find, to
yaa-
faint, to
etoki-
fainter, to get
nanaqawiyaki-
fairwell-to-spring (flower) plant
qawanomabi
fairwell-to-spring (flower) seeds
qawanomI
fall
yibano-

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```

fall, in the
y+bano-
fall, to
kwatuha-
kwazazahi- (from a height)
nakwizaga-
qwatsa'i-
wi'i-
fall down (and continue to lie there), to
wubisunugi-
wubusunugi-
fall down slowly (without much force), to
taimiya-
fall on one's tailbone, to
pihigi'i-
fall out (of hair, etc.), to
kwidimbi-
fall over (of objects), to
tatsa'a-
far away
qwena'a
tahani'ipaa
Farley's Ranch
Po'oso'oni(wま)
fart noiselessly, to
pituusu'i-
fart noisily, to
tsedeega-
fast (one)
tsikwidapu
tsukwidapI
fasten, to
tsakina- (one object to another)
tsikiba'na-
fat
yuhubi
fat (the fatty part from deer meat, etc.), solid
tuhu

```

\section*{fat person}
yuhubi

\section*{father}
nawa
father's brother(s)
nawa
feather qasA

February
Isaduwá'
feces
kwidap \(\ddagger\)
feed, to
tikabuni-tuuwaqa- (people)
feel, to
-naama-2
wama- (something)
feel awkward, to
nasutaza'a-
feel like \(x\)-ing, to
-naama-
feel out of place, to nasutaza'a-
feel sorry for, to sutihai-wisutihai-
feel sorry for one another/each other, to nannasutihai-
feet, pertaining to the ta-
fell, to
tiwinabihi-

\section*{fence}
kunanI
```

fern, a type of
sabasiba'abi
fern, bracken
nimoinU
fetch, to
panoo-
feud with, to
sapida-
fiddle
tsihuduhudu'
fiddle, to
tsihuduhudu'i-
field mouse
puweetsI
fifty
manigiwano-tu
manigiwono-tU
fifty-cent piece
poobizi
fig (Ficus carica)
nagìzadi'
fight, to
pidikiz-
fight one another, to
nannapidiki-
file
niima'
file, to
wihaya-
fill (something) up, to
tuyuhaki-
filter
paduu-
finally
pidics

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```

    find, to
        ponipiti-
        wa'i-
        wa'yiz
    find (someone/something) absent, to
    tiyaa-
    fine, (that's)
        togi
    Finegold, California
        Moonininaw价
    finger, index
        matsitsuganu
    finger, middle
        matibihina
    fingernail(s)
masido
fingers (collectively)
masiwakinA
finish, to
madiqqa-
finish, -ing, to
-madiqqa-
finish eating, to
tiwimadika-
finished, to be
kwisaa-
fir tree (Abies sp.)
saqwa'abi
fire
qoso
fire (from a job), to
wiqwasi-
fire, with
fish
pa_kwi

```
```

fish, to
pakwiga-
Fish Creek
Esitabihuu
Esitagihuu
Estibigahuu
fish eggs
no'a
fish-hook
ti'ohono
fishing line
pakwiisI
fishing pole
pakwibodono
fishing weight
pakwitipI
fit loosely on (someone), to
so'yogi-
five
manigi-i/manigi-tU
manegi-
fix, to
maapa'i-
waapa'i-
flash (of lightning)
aqakwitsi'i-
flash a light on, to
kusida-
flashing (like lightning), to be
atsakwitsiqa-
atsikwitsiqa-
atsakwitsiki-
flat, clear land
yitnati''
flat, to be
sikibadagi-
flea

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```

    mutsipI
    flee, to
    tiyawiya-
    flesh (of animals)
    tukU
    flexible, something
-pi'i-
flicker (bird)
yazabana''
flour
haniiná'
flour mixed with ground nuts
hamoga'
flow, to
huu-
flow (of tears), to
epahuu-
flow (of water, in a small creek or river), to
pahuu-
flower
hibiga''
flower, to
hibiga-
flowing (of one's breast milk), to be
nazitaya-
flu, to have the
ohiyee-
fly, to
yotsi-
fog
paginapE
foggy, to be
paginaa-
fold, to
wiso'ita-

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```

fold up, to
wiso'ita-
food
tikamaibe
tikamaibi
foolish, to act
hakipo'noqa-
hakipo'noqagi-
hakipo'noyee-
foot
kik{
for a short period of time
-qaa-
for sure
tibizitusU
forehead
padí'
padi'aa
foreskin
qagi
forest
tiboopI
forest ranger
sontaati'
suntaati''
forget, to
maata-
sumi'a-
tisukwaida-
formerly
uno'ohosU
forty
waziwano-tU
four
watsikwi-i/watsikwi-tU
fox
ha'wutsa'

```
```

    fox-tail (Hordeum sp.)
        muwizibi
    free, to
        toba-
    freeze (from cold), to
        sita'i-
    freezing cold, to be
        sita'i-
    Fresno, California
        PesInau
    Friday, to be
        nawanagitu-
    friend
        kwitidi'
        poso'
    friendship dance
sagwadaya
frighten and scatter, to
tiwaniga-
frightened, to be
yidiki-
frog
wazagá'
from
-maa-tU
-ma-tU
from here
iweeti
iyotoho
iyotohu
yotoho
yotohonee
yotohu
from here to there
aatagahaa
from the east
sibiti

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from the north
kwiwiti
from the south
pitatis
from there
maatohonee
from which direction
hautimanaqwE
front of, in
-pitabi
-qobewee
-qobena
front of (relating to objects), in
-qatihina
frozen, to be
ti'asi-
fruit
tukU
fruitful, to be
tadagai-
fry, to
kisaani'i-
frying pan
sente'nI
full, to be
tuyuha-
wizi'mi-
full-blooded Indian
tsaunitm{
full-blooded Mono
tsaunitmm
Fuller Buttes
Tabizi'
Tihititapogi
funeral
nayagaqwee

```
```

    garden
        tinaakin
    garlic, wild
        azibi
    Gashowu Yokuts
        Qasoowoho
    gather, to
        tsoba-
    gather (acorns, nuts, seeds, etc.) by beating them out of the plant
        with a stick, to
        tiwiga-
    gather sticks (for basket-making), to
        sihiga-
    geese, wild
        hauhauna'
    gelding
        tabatso'
    genitalia (male or female)
        nasukwaipI
    get, to
        -ga-
        panoo-
        wii-
    get off (of), to
we'ni-
get out, to
pudi'i-
'get smart' with, to
niponaa-
get up, to
totsi- (in the morning)
yotsi-
ghost
tso'apE
gills

```
```

        a'wogqa
    girl, young, beautiful
    siyadimm
    girls, little
wasiya,' (used after dark)
girls, young
sisita
give (of liquids), to
pa'maga-
give (to), to
maqa-
give a gift, to
nitabi-
give a moral lecture, to
nitisumiya-
give (someone/something) room, to
-qapeyaqA
give (someone/something) the right-of-way, to
-qapeyaqA
give to, to
kiya-
give (someone/ something) to hold, to
hidakiya-
give up (doing something), to
tamihoowi-
glass
taqapI
gleaming, to be
atsakwitsiqa-
atsikwitsiqa-
atsakwitsiki-
gloves
mayabbi
gnats
epadika'

```
```

    go (indicates action of going (somewhere) to do something), to
    -gaa-
    go, to
        miya-
    go about (as a group), to
        niwimoo-
    go after, to
tiwahi-
wawiya-
go around, to
kwitaa-
go around here and there
-moo-
go around visiting, to
pasiyani'inimi-
go back, to
qooni-
go back and forth, to
miyabodo-
go by, to
miyaqaya'wi-
go down
waawi-
go enthusiastically to a celebration, to
oogiwahi-
go here and there, to
mi'akibodo-
go out and look for game (to hunt), to
ti'eeniwi-
go to a celebration, to
oogiwiya-
go uphill, to
maaba-
goat
tsiiwu'

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```

going to X
-wai
gold (metal)
oono'
golden eagle
kwi'na'
golden oak acorns
tsaha'
golden oak tree (Quercus sp.)
tsahaabi
goldenrod (flower)
oono'
good
tsau
tsau-tu
good friends
nannatapiwa'
natapiwa'
natipizwa'
good work
mannohobit
gooseberries (Ribes sp.)
tabapI
taba\mp@subsup{a}{}{\prime}
gopher
miyy
gopher snake
pasigoqqA
grandchild (by one's daughter)
togo'
grandchild (through her daughter)
mu'a
grandchild (through the mother's son)
hutsi'
grandchild (through the father's son)
ki̇nu'

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```

    grandfather (maternal)
        togo'
    grandfather (paternal)
        kinu'
    grandmother (maternal)
        mu'a
    grandmother (paternal)
        hutsi'
    granite
tihanibi
grapes
pee'akI
grass
tigo'obe
grass-nut
ponoowi'
qonoowi'
grasshopper
akisa'
akisa'
grave
tiya
gravel
pa'oop{
tihanibi (composed of granite)
gravy
hatuuna'
gray (in color), to be
esigwidigi-
gray hair
kwitsI
qwetsI
grease
yuhubi
green, to be
puhiduwa-
puhidu'a-

```
```

greenish or brownish slime (that grows in water)
payogabi
grin (showing one's teeth), to
kisida-
grind, to
poda- (with a mano and metate)
wihaya-
grinding rock (area of flat rock with contiguous mortars)
tabaha
groceries
tikamaibe
tikamaibi
ground (of acorn powder), to be finely
tidakwi'na-
takwi'na-
ground squirrel (golden-mantled) (Spermophilus lateralis)
ekẃ
groundhog
kida'
grouped together
siwina
grouse
qahi
grow, to
naa-
grow up, to
nanapiyee-
grown-up
nanap{
guide, to
nitisumiyaki-
gulley
paaqonapx
gully
apaaqonapi
gun

```
```

    edi
    gut, to
    sihigi-
        H
    habitual aspect
        -di}\mp@subsup{}{}{2
    hailstorm
pahikwapE
hair, (head)
woopI
hair cut, to have one's
naboo-
hair stand up (as in fright), to have one's
masido-
haircut, to have a
naboo-
haircutter
tibooti'
half
tibihina
half-breed
tsoqwisibi
half dollar (coin)
poobizi
halfway
tibihina
hammer
haamá'
hand
maya
hand, by
tsa-
hand, pertaining to the
ma-

```
```

handkerchief
masikaada'
hands with separated fingers (such as humans and lizards), to have
masisi'iwaki-
handsome, young man (around 25 years of age)
nana'yukkI
nanayukI
hang, to
natsakweyuhi-
hang on, to
matsidee-
hang on tightly, to
natsapoma-
hang up, to
wìkweni-
hard (of a surface), to be
nani'⿱㇒士_
ni'i
harebells (a flower)
witapo'na'
hat
samaneena'
someneena'
hatch (from a egg), to
kwisada-
hatch eggs, to
nohabi-
haul, to
noo-
have, to
-ge-tu
wit-
have a falling out with, to
sapida-
have one's clothing ride up between the buttocks, to
piki'noo-

```
```

    have to X, to
    -naama-
    hawk (which is little, gray and very fast), a species of
        tapidigidi'
    hay
        sonabi
    he
        ihu
        ihi
    mahu
    head
WOO
head of a moiety
aamo'
aamú
hear, to
naqa-
hear (someone or something) coming, to
nanaqagimaki-
heart
piyu
heat (a liquid), to
pasawa-
heat, with
ku-
heavy (in weight), to be
na'nikwi-
heel
tapeqo'
tapiqo'
hello
manahuu
help, to
wabi'a-
her
a-
maqahona

```
```

    maqahunna
    ti- (own)
    her, to
a-
herd, to
takimaki- (in reference to animals)
tawiyaki- (animals)
here
ina-
ina-hu
ina-tU
iyo
iyo-ho
iyonnoho
iyotoho
iYotohu
wakitA
Yᄋ
yonnoho
yotoho
yotohu
here it is
iyonno
iyonno-ho
hiccup, to
hiki''i-
hiccup continuously, to
hiki'iqati-
hide
pihit
hide, to
na'waazi-
wazitigi-
hide from, to
na'waazi-
hill on which Susan Johnson lived, the
Napisa'awamati
him
a-
maqahona
maqahuna

```
```

    him, to
    a-
    hip bone
        tsiyapm
    hips and lower back
    pitsoga
    his
        a-
        ti- (own)
    hit, to
        to'noo- (something, by shooting or throwing)
        wizaga- (with a sharp instrument)
    hit hard, to
        wizaga-
    hit with a fist, to
        topagida-
    hither
wakitA
hoarse, to be
kupasataduha-
Hogue Ranch
Nihiyaweeti
hold, to
hida- (using both arms)
pa'mugu- (liquid in one's mouth without swallowing)
hold down with the hands, to
madagina-
hold (something solid) in the mouth (of animals), to
ki'noo-
hold (something) still, to
tsee-
hold tightly in the hand, to
matsoga-
hole
ataagin
tipusudugi-
tipusudugi-di

```
toyagidi
hole (in something, from an explosion, etc.), to have a gaping ebogonogi-
hole in (something), to make a totaagi-
hole in rock (created by water) pas \(\ddagger\) qoya
hole in the ground to \({ }^{\prime}\)
holler, to
wohi-
hood of a baby basket qonop \(\underbrace{\prime}\)
hoof
tosikx
Hooker's Cove
Sihibiweeti
horn
awa
horned toad (lizard)
togoqatai'nupf
horns, to have little awatsi'i-ge-tU
horse
qawaayu'
horse, little
ewatsitsi'
ewa'
not
idi'ítU
hot, to be
idi'f-
hot peppers
tsinn'
house
nobi
house wren
wido'izI
housefly
muwibi
how
hani'
hani'i-tU
hummingbird pisIkuutu'
hunched over, to be qanabuugi-
hungry, to be tsihaya'i-
hunt, to qoiniwi-toyaniwi-
hunting, to go toyaniwi-
hurry up!
yabi'isU
hurt, to
tsaguuwa- (by pulling or twisting)
tsaqama- (one's feelings)
tsaqama- (physically)
hurt, to be
ku'iyawadu-qama-2
hurt, to cause
qamaki-
husband
kuwa
husband and wife nannaguwa
husk (by placing it in a shallow, oblong rock and then rolling another rock on top of it), to
tuweqo-

I nit

I don't know yagase'

I heard from someone else (used when repeating something one has heard)
nahunaya
I wish (that)
saaqwa
imitate (each other), to nannatii-
imperative of verb, used to form -na'i
important
tibizi-tU
impossible, it's
hani'itugu
in
-wee
-wee-tu
in a few minutes ma'nihuteene
in back of -hupinaqwe-tU
in the morning mowahususu mowahu'ususu
in this direction (towards the speaker) wakitA
in this vicinity
inatugu
inatuguhu
increase, to
tsibuhiki-
```

    increase (something) for
    pegiki-
    Indian
        nimm自
    Indian jacks (with one another), to play
        nannataqapee'i-
    Indian shinny (with one another), to play
        nannataqoo'i-
    Indian shrimp
        kwizabi
    infected, to be(come)
        pihika-
    inflamed, to be(come)
        pihika-
    inform, to
        itawa-
    injured, to be
        ku'£yawadu-
    insects that fly around the eyes, small
        epadika'
    insert, to
tosina-
totsina-
insist on, to
ni-2
insist on being seen, to
ninaboni-
inspect, to
putsi'ma-
instruct
itawa-
interior live oak acorns
tsigino'
interior live oak tree (Quercus wislizeni)
tsiginobi

```
```

    intestines
    sihi
    into
        wa'niga- (something like a sleeve, etc.)
        -weetugu
    intoxicated, to be
        oyoopoyee-
    iron
        wihiby
    iron, to
togwi'na-
Iron Mountain
Wakihedi
irritate (the skin), to
ma'naa-
is that right?
ibehudii (expresses doubt or surprise)
togisU
is that so? (expresses surprise)
togisU
it
a-
ihu
ini
mahu
maqahona
maqahunna
it is said
nahunaya
it says X
-na
itchy, to be pihadagi- ${ }^{2}$
itchy, to become piha'ayee-
itchy, to make pihadagiki-2

```
```

its
a-
ti- (own)
it's true
tibizitusu
I
Jack Norris's place (where there is a big spring)
Pasisi'
jacket
tsaqeeda'
jackrabbit
qamO
jackrabbit blanket
qamowiga
wigga
jail
qaniwoosa'
jail, to place in
tsaniga-
jam
piha'
Japanese person, a
tsaapani'
jaw
qawiha
jelly
piha'
jimson weed (Datura stramonium)
tanaanibi
juice, berry
hubawa
juice, meat
hubawa
jump, to
wibiki-

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```

jump (from fright), to
yidiki-

```
jump up and down (from anger), to
    ta'niga-
just
    pidi-
    -hu-
just \(X\)-ed (indicates action was completed in recent past)
    -qe'e
kick, to
    topikwati-
kidney
    mabahi
kill, to
    patsa-
    qoi-
kin
    nimmI
kingsnake (Lampropeltis sp.)
    o'noki'
Kinsman Flats
    Soyaxaniwf(ti)
knee
    tanabodo
    tanobodo
    tonobodo
kneel, to
    tanabodo-
knife
        wihi
knife, pocket nawaaha'
knock off (seeds or berries) by hitting the plants with a special basketry instrument, to wiqa-
```

knock out (by a blow to the head), to
tosininihi-
knock the wind out of someone (by hitting them in the stomach), to
tanipu'i-
ta'nipu'i-
know, to
sUtabini-
słtabihi-
wadahi- (how to)

```

\section*{I}
```

lace, to tsiboyoha-
ladder tatsibuhinu
lady, old hibitsi'
lake
patsiyatA
lanky
idit-tU
large (of large objects)
ino'o-tU
large number of, a
tikwigini-tU
lasso, to wakwisi-
laugh
tawinu
laugh, to yawi-
laugh, to make (someone)
tsitawiki-
laughter tawind
lay eggs (of birds), to noyodo-

```
```

lazy, to be
kuuwa-
lazy person, a
-kuuwagaan
leach (anything that is bitter), to
po'oni-
leached acorn paste
qawaanA
leaching bin
paqapE
lead (by hand), to
tsaqa-
lead one another by holding hands, to
nannatsaqa-
leader
aamo'
aamu'
qapitan_A
leaf
pisI
qasA
leaf (that grows on water) (blue-pod lupine?) (Lupinus
polyphyllus), big green
wazaki'
leak, to
pasa'i-
lean (up against something), to
nawipona-
leather
tigapm
leatherwood, inner bark of
tsat⿱㇒士
leatherwood bark
wetsI
leatherwood bush (flannel bush) (Fremontia californica,

```
```

    leave, to
        pudi'i-
    leave (some), to
        pinee-
    leave alone, to
        waata-
    leave behind, to
        maata-
        pimaata-
    leave (someone) behind (because they're slow), to
    left over, to be
        munaa-
    left side (of an animate body)
ohinaqweti
leg
huqA
lemon (Citrus limon)
nemenI
lend money to, to
teebe'i-
let (someone) hold (someone/ something), to
hidakiya-
let (someone/something) get away, to
tiwiyaki-
let go, to
wiqwasi-
level (of the ground), to be
yitituwa-
liar
isapm
liar, to be a
lice
pusi'a

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```

lichen
pazoobi
lick, to
egosiba-
lie, to
isapiyee-
lie (of roots), to
nuduhidabi-
nududuhidabi-
lie (on the ground), to
qwabitigi-
lie down, to
habi-
lie on the ground without moving, to
kwidabugidabi-
lie to, to
nimaa'a-
lie unconscious, to
kwidabugidabi-
lie with one's legs curled up, to
tanabododabi-
tonobododabi-
lift, to
tsakwiba-
tsakuba-
lift off, to
tsapo'a-
lift up (using hands), to
tsakwiba-
tsakuba-
light (outside), to be
adabihasu
tabiha-
light (in weight), to be
ha'wika-
lightning, to
aqakwitsi'i-

```
```

    like
    -ma'anisu
    like, to
        sutsaa-
    like X
    -ni-tU
    limb, (tree)
        poqA
    limbs (either arms or legs), with the
        ta-
    limp, to
        hewi'i-
        he'wi'i-
    listen, to
        naqahii-
    listen to, to
        naqa-
        naqahii-
    little
        inotsitsi'i-tU
        -tsi'
    little, a
        hidatsitsi'
    little (in amount), very
        hitsitsi'I
        hitsitsi'i-tu
    little bit, a
hidatsitsi'
Little Dipper, the
ewaniwi'
live, to
qati-
lively, to be
naamadiyaa-
liver
nimi

```
```

lizard
pogo'ya
lizard (with red markings around its neck), a species of
panoomawi
lizard, species of
mukutA
location, unidentified
Poniwini(wf)
location about six miles north of Northfork, a
Sa'yitpi'i
location at and around Rosalie Bethel's house
Hutununuhi'
location at Corinne Lake in a hole north of the lake, an
unidentified
SUku'unuwÍ
location in Bill Ellis's field, an unidentified location
Sodogwati'iweetit
location in the mountains on the other side of the San Joaquin
River, a
Woqowihawee
location just east of Bass Lake, a
Poonono(wE)
location north of deMaster's place, a
Siginauti
location north of the mill in Northfork, an unidentified
Pasaapi'iweeti
location north of the San Joaquin River where the Wishon powerhouse
is located, a
Tsabodibau(tit)
location of the old mission school in Northfork
Tapoki'
location where Edison Dam is
Wagaasa'
lock, to
tsakwiti'i-
tsikiba'na-

```
```

    log
        anaap{
    lonesome, to be
    tizooyee-
    lonesome, to feel
    tizooyee-
    long
idi-tU
long distance, a
qwena'a
tahani'ipaa
long time, a
mina''wi
look, to
sunawi-
look at, to
pudawa-
look becoming on, to
naama-1
look for, to
puhai-
look for (unsuccessfully), to
putaa-
look good on (of clothes), to
naama-1
look out!
yabi'
look out for, to
pu'yaa'i-
look over, to
putsi'ma-
look over (an object) at, to
tomahabi-
look up and down at, to
putsi'ma-

```
```

loose, to be
so'yogi-
loosen (by hand), to
taso'yogi-
lose, to
watsiki-
lose leaves (of trees), to
siyoni-
siyuni-
lose one's voice, to
kupasataduha-
lost, to be
watsi-
lot, a
ewa
tikwigini-tU (more than one can count)
lot of, a
ewa-tu
lots of
ewa--tU
loud noise, to make a
woqoso'i-
love, to
sutsaa-
lower back
piqo
lunch
natsihanoon
lung(s)
sono
lying down with one's legs spread apart or sprawled out (of both
people and animals), to be
egonahaa-
lying with one's legs curled up, to be
natododabi-
natobododabi-

```

\section*{M}
machine
mosiinA musiin \(A\)
mad, to be tihuyee-

Madera, California
Mateeda
Mateeda'
maggot
wo'abl
maize (Zea mays)
maisI
make, to
-du'i-maapa'i-
-tu-
-tu'i-
wayaa-
make (out of rocks), to podiya-
make (twined baskets), to tigwisi-
make a diamond design (basketry or beadwork), to tizipusiduwi-
make a fire, to pida-
make a lot of racket, to nitsadatagi-
make a noise, to naqai-
make a roaring sound when arriving, to kitwo'ibiti
make a sore on, to wa'iyadu-
make a sound, to naqai-
```

make a tumpline or pack-strap, to
pabodu-
make a zigzag design (basketry or beadwork), to
tizinitigi=
make acorn drink, to
kutimina'i-
make all kinds of noise, to
nitsadatagi-
make coiled basketry, to
niha-
make cord (from individual strands), to
wituna-2
make faces (at), to
kisito'aqa-
make fun of, to
nito'o-
make rattlesnake designs (on a basket), to
tidogoqadu-
make realize, to
nitisumiyaki-
make statements, used to
-bo'
make the milk flow from one's breast, to
nazitaya-
make tortillas, to
tontiya'i-
tontiya'idu-
make vanish, to
toqadu'utuki-
male (of gender)
nana
nanaana
male without testicles
tabatso'
mallard

```
```

    piya
    piyu
    man
    nana
    nanaana
    man, old
        tsugú
    man, to become an old
    tsugu'uyee-
    mano
podanu
many
ewa-tU
manzanita berries
aposowa
oposowa
manzanita bush (Arctostaphylos sp.)
aposowabi
oposowa_bi
manzanita cider
pihabbi
Manzanita Hill
Aposowadobomati
Manzanita Lake
Wazaganau
Mariposa lily (Calochortus sp.)
qogihá'
mark, to
taqapoo-
tsimoowi- (on any surface)
mark topic in statements, used to
-bo'
married, to get
nannakuwadu-
master
tini'
masturbate, to.

```
```

    tsihuduhudu'i- (slang)
    matches
qos0
mate (relates to people and animals), to
ahiyee-
mate (with one another), to
nanna'ihiyee-
material
paniiyú
material (such as cotton, wool, etc.), (cloth)
nawazagihi''
maternal uncle
pu'
matter left on hair or body by lice
tse'akwwA
tsiyakwA
maybe
ibehu
me
i-
me, to
i-
meadow
pawahabit
meadow lark
nozido
mean (one)
sidapz
measure, to
tidamanaqa-
tiwanaga-
wanaqa-
meat
tiinA
medicine

```
```

    natisu'upI
    meet, to
        tapino'a-
        tapino'o-
        wegiya-
    melon (includes cantaloupe, casaba, honeydew and musk melon)
minonI
member of the opposite moiety (from oneself)
timu'
menstruate, to
paaha-
metal
wihibx
Mexican
mihiqaano'
paniyoona'
middle
tibihina
middle of the upper part of the back
qadaza
midget
tsaapu'
midnight
tokitibihina
might
-qwa-
migrate, to
niwimoo-
milk
pizi'
milkweed (Asclepias sp.)
wisibi
mind, to
naqadogi'i-
miner's lettuce
piyada'

```
```

mirror
naboinu
mischievous
yabenimini-tu
miss, to
tihowai- (when throwing or shooting at a target)
to'yigwi- (something that was aimed at with a weapon)
yaa-
yagi-
mist, to
pawi'a-
mistletoe
nadozo'yo
nadozo'yobit
mix, to
wa'ina-
wa'yiha-
modern things
mi'iti
Modoc woodpecker (little type of woodpecker)
wupikusU
mole
miyi
Monday, to be
nawini-
money
naawakU
nawakU
money, a unit of
peesu'
money, shell (traditional)
naawakU
nawaku
Mono Indian
nixm{1
Mono Lake
Kwizabaya'

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```

    Mono Lake Paiute
    kwizabidikati'
    kwizadika'
    month
tadami'a
tadawi'a
moon
tadami'a
tadawi'a
more X
-niya-tu
morning star
tabiha'
mortar
paha
mosquito
maa'na'
mosquito found in the mountains, big
anipI
moss
pazoobi
mother
piya
mother's brother
pu'
mother's sister(s)
piya
Mount Tom
Muu'atsiyeepf
Wa'atsiyeepI
mountain
toyabi
mountain blue jay
qotsoho'pai'nu'
qotsopai'na'
tsohoqopai'nu'
tsohoqotsopai'nu'
tso'noqai'nu'

```
```

mountain lion
wiheesitI
mountain mahogany (Cercocarpus sp.)
watunap!
mountain manzanita bush (Arctostasphylos sp.)
panaqozabi
mountain quail (oreortyx pictus)
tsipitI
mourn for, to
yagi-
mourning ceremony
patsibuhidi
moustache
qana
xana
mouth
tipE
mouth open, to have one's
kisa'a-
move (one's place of residence or dwelling), to
nowiya-
move (something) (only a little), to
tsapino'a-
move about, to
yitsina-
move here and there, to
mi'akibodo-
move over!
uutA
move (something) over (a little), to
tsapino'a-
mow (of grass, hay, etc.), to
kita-
much
ewa-tU
qaha-

```
```

mud
pasłkwinabi
mud hen
pasaya
muddy, to be kusiga-kutusiga-
mule
muuna'
murky, to be
kusiga-
kutusiga-
kutusihuu- (of flowing water)
mushroom, a species of
saasi'
tasitu'
yaapana'
mushroom, a type of
naqqa
naqa'
qo'nootsa'
tsataqa'isa
tsayaaki' (looks like cauliflower, grows in higher elevations) tsuyu' (known as "smokestack mushroom")
mushroom, a type of mountain
sodoga
mushroom, mountain
toopo
mushroom, type of pink paagu ${ }^{\prime}$
mushroom, type of tree no' $i$
no'i'
mushroom, white oak
seexayu'
music
hubiya
Music Mountain look-out
Qosonateeni'idi

```
```

my
i-
N
nail
naapu'
tona-
nail, to
tonaki-
nail together, to
tonanawi-
naked, to be
padagwinigi-
name
naniyan
name, a female dog's
Paani'
name, a male dog's
Aanu'
name, a man's
AhatsI
Awoosai
EtakI
Haiko
Hainanu
Haininu
Hamats
Hiitsatsa'
Howina!
Mida'
Ohoziwi'
Padasina'
Paheeti'
Panaaw'I
Payuutsu'
Pikuwi'
PogesI
Poipoi
Poopi'
Pusa
QataawannI
Qa_tsuwa'
QohohyonI
Qoiqoi'is

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```

        Qomeena'
        Qosowe
        Sakima'
        SemA
        Simono
        Sohogí
        TamaagisI
        Tanaani'
        Tasiigwazi
        Ta'aqai
        Tooseena'
        TsaatatA
        Tsayuma'
        Tsa'nisI
        TsiwiyanI
        Tso'apE
        Tso'opE
        Tunani'
        Tu'uqatsI
        Woqo'
        Wosaapan
        Yiziba_'
        Yoho'
        Yusuma'
    name, a woman's
Aikusu
Asuwayahati'
Dogagiwa'
Hiwayuni'
Howatuni'
Hugaida'
Hutuni'
KiweenexE
Mooyaq\&
Mo'oaqasI
Nabookiwa_'
NihiyatI
Omoxadi
Omo'oxadi
Owiyaxadi
Pawakitwa'
Poowinai
Poyoxadi
Puhiyuni
Saapono'
Samoowadi'
Sayu'
Seedakiwa'
Sisigadi'
Siwatu'
Siwayuni'

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```

Siyabe
Siyatoni'
So'okI
Tapayuni
Taqatoya'
Toyad!'
Toyagiwa'
TsaniititI
Tsipeetsinidi'
Tuhube'
Wa'anai
Weemusa'
WinamaxatA
Yadiyuni'
Yugida'
Yugiguwa'
Yugigiyanai
Yuwaaxadi'
name, to
niya-
name of a campsite
Nimayawee
name of an open area approximately six miles south of Northfork
Naaqamai'iweeti
nasal mucus
yogabbi
native tobacco
pamopI
pamo
native trout
tsaupakwI
natural surroundings
tiboopI
near
-baa
-niya
nearly
-musu'i-
neck
kutA
necklace

```
qakiyand
```

    needle
        awooha'.
    negatively
        aminaqwesU
    nephew (a man's brother's children)
        nahakwA
    nephew (husband's sister's children or wife's sister's children)
        ada'
    nervous, to make
        tsikwiina-
    nest, to
        nohabi-
    net (any kind)
        wa'naaqA
    never mind
        aisupa'
    nevertheless
        tihausu
    new (one)
        piditipu
    nickel
unaduu
niece (a man's brother's children)
nahakkwA
niece (husband's sister's children or wife's sister's children)
ada'
night, at
togawano
night, during the
togawano
night-time
togawano
nine
kwanigi-i/kwanigi-tU

```
ninety
kwanigiwono-tU kwanigiwano-tU
no
qadu'
qadu'u-tu
no kidding
tibizitusu
no more!
\(a n{ }^{\prime}\) 으
no way, (there's)
hani'itugu
nod (the head), to tsau'winogi-
non-rigid -pi'i-
none
qadu'u-tU
noon, at
tokitabena
noone
qadu'u-tu
noontime
tokitabena
north
tinaqwE
Northern Paiutes sibitimf
nose
mubi
not
qadu'
not be able to see eye to eye with sapida-
not yet
qadusu
```

    nothing
        qadu'u-tU
    now
    mowa
    mowahu
    numb, to become
tasanabayee-
tasanabiyee-
Number 3 Mill Camp
QO'oniqwee
nut-cracker
posowinu
nuts
tukU (of plants and trees)
tuna' (generic)
O
oak galls
osponoowi'
oats (Avena sp.)
honooyu'
hoonoyu'
obedient (one)
naqebi
obey, to
naqadogi'i-
object with a dull point, an
tamahoibi
object with a sharp edge (such as a knife, etc.), any
kiwaabi
oblique case marker
-aa
oblique from of progressive/habitual verbal suffix -daa
oblong (in shape), to be hugunuyugi-
observe, to

```
```

丸'iya'i-
i'ya'i-
obsidian
taqapI
occasionally
pipidisu
of a different kind
siwibaatis
officer of the chief
natenabi
official speaker
yaduhati'
offspring (both human and nonhuman)
tuwämx
old ones
muu'atsI
older people
nanaanapæ
nannanapł
olivella shell
powa'
on (a surface that is not level)
-ma
-maa
on the edge
weegibaa
on the other side (of)
unapaa
on the side
weegibaa
on this side
wakitA
on this side (of)
minapaa(-sU)
on top of
-ba'a

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```

    on top of one another
        nannapapa'a
    nannapa'a
    one
simi'
one another
nannakupina-
one by one
-ya'wi-
one hundred
simi' anazitn
one thousand
siwino-tU anazin
(some) one with the same name
niyapi'a
one who is deaf
naqatso'
one who shaves
tisibati'_
one who talks too much
tipebi
oneself
pitsu
oneself, by
piisi'主
-tunausU
oneself, to
pitisU
onion, (domestic) (Allium sp.)
sibooya'
siwooya''
onion, wild green
siitannI
only
-si'主
open, to

```
```

tsiqono'i- (by turning)
tsitaagi- (such as a door, can, etc. using hands)
open, to be
masidaa- (of hand)
waqaa-
open, to be wide
ebogonogi-
open-mouthed, to be
kisa'a-
open up, to
tsapo'a-
opening (like a tunnel or needle), to have an
tupusudugi-
opinion of/about, to have an
supita-
opponent
timu'
orange (Citrus sinensis)
oqogama'
orange (in color), to be
atsabonogi-
order to, to
-tiwi-
Oregon white oak acorns
yaga'
Oregon white oak tree (Quercus garryana)
yagabi
oriole
qabogabona'
our
ni 3
ta-
tai-
out in the open
tiboona

```
```

    outhouse
        kwitanobi
    outside
        hupinaqwE
    over here
    ina-
    ina-hu
    ina-tu
    iyosu
    over there
        iyatahanee
        maatogoho
        unasU
        yatagahaa
    overcast, to be
toonaa-
overlook it
aisupa'
overtake, to
piqwina'i-
Owens Valley Paiutes
sibitimm
owl
muhu
owl, a species of
woqoyaana
own, to
-ge-tu
owner of an animal
tinn'
P
pack, to
nobiha-
noo-
tibagi-
pack (something) (on one's back), to
pi'noo-

```
```

pack down, to
ta'niqa-
pack for, to
tibagiki-
padlock
ooga
pain, to cause
qamaki-
paint, to
teega-
paint or pigment, white
ebi
palm of the hand
mapeda
mapeeda
Pandora moth caterpillar
huuya'
pant, to
qahasuwaqa-
pants
qa'nisu''
paper
popi'nA
popi'nI
part of (something), a
-mati
part of (some thing or group), (be) a
aamatisU
-matisU
partner
poso'
partners
nannatapiwa'
natapiwa'
natipiwa'
pass by, to
miyaqaya'wi-

```
```

pass out, to
etoki-
path
nitmiboyo
pathetic person, a
tiha'abi
pattern
nazimoowin
pay (back), to
nadiho'mi-
tinadiho'mi-
tinatiho'mi-
pay no attention to, to
nohowahasU sukwa-
peach
piitisI
tihulbi (wild)
tuhulbi (wild)
peach tree (Prunus persicum)
piitsibi
peanuts (Arachis hypogaea)
pinatsI
pear (Pyrus communis)
piguduyu'
peas (Pisium sativum)
tsitsaana'
peck at, to
wizibi-
peek around (an object) at, to
tomahabi-
peel, to
wisipo'i-
pen
timoinU
pen up, to
tsaniga-

```
```

pencil
timoinU
penetrate (with an instrument), to
tsisuhi-
penis
peggo
penny
atsabono'
perch (fish)
sikibada'
perhaps
ibehu
perk up one's ears (in order to listen), to
naqazayagi-
person
nixmm
person who is short and wide
pidayagwá'
person who practices evil
hitsuwaayú'
hetsuwaayu'
person with a large head, a
qahawoo
person with big hands, a
qahamaya
person with magical powers
tseepani'
person with missing teeth
waqasam⿱
person with much stamina
tsikwidapu
tsukwidapI
person with spiritual powers
tseepani'
person's, a

```
```

        ta-
    perspire, to
    kunaa-
    pestle
        podanu
    pet
        puku
    pick
piiku'
pick (off of a plant), to
tsabo-
pick lice (out of hair), to
tibusi'aga-
pick up (piece by piece), to
tsoba-
pickax
piiku'
picture
nawoowin
pig
qotsI
pigeon
sowi
sowi'
pile, in a
tapoida-
piled on top of one another (of papers or rags), to be
taboida-
piled up, to be
taboida-
pillow
tsopeda'minU
pimples
munabi'wa
pin

```
```

        natsipohinu
        tsipohinu
    pin together, to
    tonanawi-
    pinch, to
kipitsini-
tsakito'i- (with the fingers)
pine (tree), Jeffrey (Pinus jeffreyii)
kusiwoqobi
kusiwaqobi
pine cone, dry
qatsa'nahapm
pine needles
hugubi
pinenuts, green (unripe)
wi'oopx
pinyon pine nuts (Pinus edulis)
tiba'
pipe (for smoking)
to'isI
pistol
pisItoona'
pitch (from trees)
sanapI
pity, to
sutihai-
wisutihai-
place, at the same
aweekusU
aweetusU
place, from the same
aweekusU
aweetusu
place, in the same
aweehusU
uweehusu
place, to

```
```

    tigi-
    place (one on top of another), to
    qatiki-
    place at the Goode ranch, a
    Yawatiníw!
    place into, to
    tsisuhi-
    place near Saginaw Creek, a
        Po'nowee
    place (something) on, to
tuyuna-
place where Judge Coletti lives, the
O'oniwitit
place where the Maiers' live
Wisiyuwz
placename, a
Kutu'unuwitiq
plank
taapi'ni
plant, a (Erodium sp.)
poxono
plant, a type of
nipitsibi
paqaazibi
plant, an unidentified
taqayabi
plant, an unidentified species of
wozohonibi
plant, to
takwihi-
tinaaki
plant (upright in the ground), to
takwina-
plant growth
tisoby
tsisoby

```
```

plant that grows in wet places, unidentified
paasibi
plant with red berries, a poisonous
apaaqwabbi
paaqwabbi
planted, that which is
tinaakin
plate
tsida
play, to
tibiiha-
play cards, to
wanaaha'i-
play hand-game, to
nayakwi-
play 'naqadi', to
naqaadi'i-
plaything
tibiihan\
please don't (used to form polite negative commands)
mino'odaa
please move
isikI
plentiful (of plants or animals), to be
tadagai-
plow, to
tiwipo-
pluck, to
tsibi-
plugged (up), to be
ti'mi-
plum (Prunus domestica)
paatubi
plural marker
-wI

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```

    plural subject, this suffix indicates a
        -goi-
    pocket
        tiso
    point (of a long object)
        taqazunA
    point at, to
        tsitsuga-
    pointed (of an object), to be
        mugituwi-
        mugitu-
    pointed, to make
        wimugitu'i-
    poison
enipa'
yenipa'
poison, to
enipa'a-
poison oak (Toxicodendron diversiloba)
tsaagibi
poke (with a sharp object), to
tsipogo-
poke in the eye, to
tsipati'i-
pollywog
pa'otoso
ponder, to
tisumiya=
poor thing!, (You)
sinitmis
pop, to
tsitaki'i-
porcupine
mini
possess, to
-ge-tU

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```

    possessions
    no'mahii'
    no'mahii
    pot, (cooking)
wituwa
potatoes
paapassI
pouch
tiso
pounce upon (of a cat, etc.), to
matsoki'i-
pound, to
poda-
tabi-
pound repeatedly, to
tabipa'i-
pound with a rock, to
tatsogo-
pounding place
paha
pour, to
pa'maga-
pour (a liquid), to
pazawa-
pour (a liquid) for (someone), to
pazawaki-
pour into, to
tiyuna-
pour out (liquid) (with a dipper), to
paduu-
power, (supernatural)
puha
power, to have (supernatural)
puhaa-
powwow [archaic term for funeral]
nayagaqwee

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```

    practice magic, to
        tseepaniyee-
    prairie falcon
yayí'
praying mantis (Mantidae sp.)
pomi
pregnant, to be
qohiya-
presence of, in the
-pitabi
press, to
togwi'na-
press down (of clothes, dirt, etc.), to
ta'niqa-
pretty soon
pidi'tisU
prick, to
tona-
prison
qaniwoosa'
private parts
nasukwaipm
progressive aspect
-di+
pry off, to
tsitoki'i-
pull (someone's) hair, to
tsaqwato'i-
pull off, to
tsatoki'i-
pull out, to
tsasutu'i-
tsa'noo-
pull straight (a non-rigid object such as a dress or blanket), to tsama-

```
```

pull up, to
tsa'noo-
pulling, by
tsa-
pulverize, to
poda-
puncture, to
tonaki-
punctured, to be
tupusudugi-
puppy
tso'ono'
purse
pigatusU
purslane
piyada''
push over, to
tsitoona'i-
put, to
tigi=
put (something on one's feet), to
ta'niga-
put (something that is more than one piece), to
yuna-
put a design on (something), to
woowi-
put away (of personal possessions), to
notina-
put butter on (something), to
pada'ana-
put (something) down (that is not in a container), to
tsatigi-
put forth a lot of effort, to
tatsibiya-
put in (a container), to

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```

        tibagi-
    put in (a container) for, to
        tibagiki-
    put into (a pocket), to
        tosina-
    put on socks or stockings, to
        tapisonayaa-
    put on one's best clothes, to
        natigi-
    put on shoes, to
        moqoya-
    put on the right track, to
        nitisumiyaki-
    put one's arm through/into (something like a sleeve, etc.), to
    put out (fire), to
tuga-
put (down) something (that is in a container), to
put the finishing touch on (something), to
qoda-
put the last detail on (something), to
qoda-
put under, to
totsina-
Q
quarter (coin)
tuubizi
quickly
-qaa-
quiet, to be
tsuku'i-
quiet down, to
naqasuya-

```
```

quit, to
naa'ma-
tsamaata-
quit raining, to
tiikwamaata-
quiver, to
sininigi-
R
rabbit (Sylvilagus bachmani), brush
tabo'
tabbu'
rabbit, cottontail
teewa
rabbit, mountain
tosaqam{
raccoon
pataqai'
raft
awonno
rag
paniiyu'
railroad train
qosonoo'
rain
tiikwapE
rain, to
titkwa-
rainbow
tabigoitap{
rainbug (associated with the start of the rainy season)
ki'a
rake, to
tsa'woodi-
tsa'woodi'i-
rake up, to

```
```

        tsa'woodi-
        tsa'woodi'i-
    ramada
        haba
    ransack, to
        tsapedihi-
    rash-like, to become
        piha'ayee-
    rattle (of a rattlesnake)
        tsini
    rattle made from a cocoon
        sa/naazI
    rattlesnake
        togoqA
    razor blade
        anasibanu
        nasibanu
    really
        tsau
    really look at, to
        tsaupudawa-
    reap, to
kita-
receiving basket
pasakI
recognize, to
pumaazi-
Recreation center in South Fork
MutsipI-weeti
red (in color), to be
aqabanagi-
red bud (Cercis occidentalis)
taqaqa'abi
red pigment obtained from clay
pisapI

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```

    red-tailed hawk
        puu'na'
    regard, to
wusupita-
reject, to
wiqai-
relatives
nimmI
release, to
takwina'i-
tsapudi'i- (from an enclosure)
wiqwasi-
remain
-tana'i-
remove, to
tsakwata- (clothes)
tsaqweta- (clothes)
tatoba- (shoes or other footwear)
tsatoki'i- (by hand)
witsikwina'i- (with the aid of a tool)
remove (acorns, nuts, pinenuts, etc. from a tree) by twisting them
off the plant), to
puya-
remove (something) from the heat source (while cooking), to
tsitiiba-
remove one's clothes, to
natsakwata-
natsaqweta-
remove the inner skin from acorns, to
kumazina-
remove the outer hull from (seeds, berries, nuts, etc.), to
tuwego-
request permission to
-baaga-
reserve, to
pinee-
reservoir (a body of water)
patsiyatA

```
```

    rest, to
        suwapaa-
    rest, to make
        suwapaaki-
    restroom
        kwitanobi
    return, to
minaa-
qooni-
wiqooniki-
rib, ribs
awatap!
ribcage
awawono
ribbon
nasito'nA
nasito'no
rice
hanoso
rid of, get to
wina'i-
ridge where flume starts near Rosalie Bethel's place
Witsiyu'
right here
iyotohonee
yotohonee
right now
mi'i'i
right side
tsaunaqwetit
ring (for the finger)
masiyanU
ring (of a bell), to
qaninigi-
ring-finger
masiyanU

```
```

    rinse (out), to
        pa'magwida-
        pa'mugwida-
    rip (material or cloth) (by hand), to
    tsadiidit'i-
    rip (paper, etc.), to
tsagigo'i-
ripe, to be
kupi'a-
rise (of the sun), to
tabezibuhi-
rise into view, to
tapona-
river, big
tibizihuudi
river trout (local name)
eebisI
road
poyo
roadrunner
uwi'uwina'
roar (of a car)
kimimigi-
robin
sungu
tsi'niisa''
robber
noqagá'
rock
tipI
rock, to
wi'itisi'i-
rock bowl
tipiwituwa
Rock Creek
OuuwU

```
```

    rock used to crack acorns
    posowinu
    roe
    no'a
    roll (something that is round), to
taqononohi-
roll around on the ground, to
nakwi'nogo-
rolling, to be
kutununuhi-
rolling, to keep on
kutununuhi-
roof of the mouth
mata'opI
rooster
o'oona'
root
tidina
tidinap
root of the nipitsibi plant, the
nipitsI
roots
tidinna
tidinapx
rope
titgapo
rotten, to be
pihi-
round (in shape), to be
itiponogi-
rub, to
tosogi-
rub the ashes of a burning cigarette of the nipitsibi plant on the
skin (for healing purposes), to
nadaqwa-
rubber

```
```

        tudubai'
    rubber band
    tudubai'
    run, to
kididihi- (of a car or any engine)
poyoha-
run away in fright, to
tiyawiya-
run noisily, to
kimimigi-
run off, to
timadiiya'i-
run (someone) off, to
nimadiya-
tinimadiya-
run out (of something), to
tamihoowi-
run out of (something), to
tamihoowiki-
run over, to
tokina-

```

\section*{S}
```

sack
kusita'nI
sacrifice for (someone), to qoomai-
saddle siiya'
safety-pin (anything that is pinned on) natsipohinu tsipohinU
sage seeds qasiinA
Saginaw Creek, near Kinsman Flats Saaga'anauti

```
```

    said to indicate surprise, amazement, or disgust
        tihaamogaadit
    salamander
        amaatsana\underline{'}
    salmon
        aagai
    salt
    omabi
    salt, to
omaa-
salt clover
omagamá'
salt grass (unidentified genus)
aanitabi
salt grass seeds
aanitA
same, (the)
ma'ani-tU
San Joaquin river
tibizihuudi
sand
pasiyapı
sapsucker
wupikusU
sated, to be
wizi'mi-
satisfied
togi-tU
satsified (from eating), to be
wizi'mi-
Saturday, to be
nasawaatu'i-
save, to
naamaki-
pinee-

```
```

say, to
inee-
mihee-
scales
atitsA (of a fish)
titsI (on fish)
scare away, to
timadiiya'i-
scare (someone) away, to
nimadiya-
scatter (something) about/around, to
tsa'Yi+ti'i-
school
skunu'
school, to go to
skunu'i-
schoolhouse
skunu'inobi
scissors, (pair of)
tihee'na
scold, to
hawa-
scorch (food, clothes, etc.), to
qohowi-
scorch slightly (of seeds, nuts, etc.), to
sağa-
scrape, to
siba-
scrape (food, using finger, bread or tortilla), to
takwina-
scrape clean, to
takwina-
tokwina-
scratch, to
tsabo'i-
tsagwabo- (accidentally)

```
```

    scratch (to satisfy an itch), to deliberately
        tsawo'i-
    scratch oneself, to
        nazawo'i-
    scrub (by rubbing together), to
tosogi-
seal, to
ti'miki-
totiwa- (a container)
search for, to
puhai-
putaa-
secure, to
tsikiba'na-
sedge (Carex sp.)
tidinapx
see, to
poni-
puni-
seed
pusI2
seeds (general term), ground
hamoga'
seeing or hearing something unusual, used when
inai
semen
kinA
separately
-ya'wi-
serve (of food), to
tsakida-
set up (by digging a hole and placing something erect in it, such
as a fence-post or plant)
takwihi-
settle to the bottom (in liquid), to
pagati-

```
```

seven
tatsiwwi-i/tatsiwwi-tU
seventy
tatsiwiwano-tU
sew, to
atsuna-
sew together, to
tonanawi-
sew up, to
atsuna-
sewing machine
tiatsunan\U
shade, in the
habana
shade, to
habaa-
shade house
haba
shake (a tree), to
tsasiyihi-
tsasiyiyini-
shake (something) down (from a tree), to
tsasiyini-
tsasìyìyini-
shake hands with, to
tsa'wiki-
shake out, to
witsada'ni-
shaman
puhagetU
shaman, evil
nitmidijká
shaman, poison
niimidikka'
shame, to
nasukwaiki-

```
```

    sharp (one)
    kiwaabi
    sharpen, to
    wimugitu'i-
    shatter, to
tobagi-
shatter (glass) (using an instrument), to
tobayuhi-
shave, to
siba-
shave oneself, to
nasiba-
shaver
anasibanu
nasibanu
tisibati!
Shaver Lake
Teena'aa apisI
shawl
taapono'
she
ihu
ini
mahu
shed, to
kwata- (skin, hair, etc.)
nakwidibi- (of hair)
shed skin (of a lizard, snake, etc.)
kwatan
sheep
poniika'
sheep shearer
tibooti'
sheepsorrel (Rumes sp.)
tapigini'
sheepsorrel, (small-leafed)
piyada'

```
```

sheer (of fabric), to be extremely
tagi'atsitsi'i-
shine (in the dark), to
kutabahaa-
shine (of the sun), to
tabeso'a-
shiny, to be
atsakwitsiqa-
atsikwitsiqa-
atsakwitsiki-
shirt
nado'
shiver (from fear, cold, etc.), to
sininigi-
shocked, to be
piziwiddigi-
shoe
moq0
shoe, (soft)
tapatsA
shoe, tennis
tapa_tsA
shoot, to
akwisaani-
kwati- (gun, arrow, spear)
qwati- (gun, arrow, spear)
shooting star (plant) (Dodecatheon pulchellum)
neewi'*
short and wide (fat), to be
pidayagwaqi-
short in length or height, very
tapotsitsi'ini-tU
shorts
qa'nisu'
Shoshone Indian
Soosoni'

```
```

    should
    -qwa-
    shoulder
        teebi
    shovel
        paana'
    show (using one's hands), to
    tsaponiki
    show off, to
    ninaboni-
    show to (someone) in a dream or trance, to
    tsaboniki-
    shun, to
wiqai-
Shuteye Peak (eagle's nest on Shuteye Ridge)
Paunayee'
siblings of the opposite sex
saam0
sick, to be
side
na-qwE
sift, to
ti'na-
sigh, to
nasuwakwini-
suwakwini-
silly, to act
hakipo'noqa-
hakipo'noqagi-
hakipo'noyee-
silver
totsidaagidi oono'
sing, to
hubiyadu-

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```

sing a mourning song, to
ti'apediwa-
sing ghost-chasing songs, to
tso'ahubiyadu-
sink (into), to
tsupa-
sister (said by a man)
saamo
sister, little
pini'
sister, older
hama'
sister, younger
pinní
sister-in-1aw
qwaisI
waisI
sit, to
qati-
sit down, to
yikwitigi-
sit on eggs (of birds), to
nohabi-
sitting position and idle, to be in a
y主kwitigiz-
six
nabahi-i/nabahi-tU
sixty
nabahiwano-tU
skin
pinh
skin (an animal's hide), to
tsakwata-
tsaqweta-
skin (something) (by pulling), to
tsaqwa-

```
```

    skinny (one)
        tigibi
    skunk
        pohitA
    slant, on a
        siki'napaa
    slanted
        siki'napaa
    slantwise
        siki'napaa
    slap (in the face), to
        toqabo'i-
    slap (someone) in the face, to
        waqabo'i-
    sleep, to
        iwi-
    slide, to
        sigogohi-
    slight, to
sudaa-
sudawa-
slip, to
tasiqohi-
slobber, to
hutsiduu-
slowly
widaatsitsi'
slurp, to
hido'togi-
small
inotsitsi'i-tU
small lumps which remain unpulverized after the grinding of the
acorn flour
mogooi
smash by pounding, to
tatsogo-

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```

smell, to
egwi-
punuha-
smoke (cigarettes, pipe, etc.), to
pamo'i-
pamu'i-
smoke out, to
kuhida-
smokey, to be
kuhita'i-
smooth, to be
kuduba-
snake (which live in the springs), a black
wainusu
snake, racer
we'aqai
snake with a beautiful pattern, two-headed
adukuwi'
snap, to
tsaqoti'i-
tsaqwati'i-
sneak a look at, to
tomahabi-
sneeze, to
hakwisa'i
sniffing around, to be constantly
egwisupuqagi-
snot
yogabbi
snow
nibabbi
snow, to
nibaa-
snow drops (flowering plant species)
sikiwa'
snowbird

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```

        toho'no
        toho'notsi'
    soak, to
        padigi-
    soaking wet (of things), to get
        patakwi'na-
    soap
        hawo'no
    soaproot plant (Chlorogalum sp.)
    soosibi
    soapstone
wisuwabeby
socks
tapisona
socks or stockings, to wear
tapisonayaa-
Soda Springs
Pihadagiweeti
soft, to be
atsaga-
soil, a type of whitish
ebi
soldier
sontaati'
suntaati'
sole (of foot)
tapeda
some
ti-
some (of them)
sisimi'
some more
pinasU
someone else (in reference to people)
kima'asU

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```

someone who cuts hair
tibooti'
someone who does and says mean things to hurt someone
nagizaaabi
nagizaab{
someone who is bad (of children)
nohihiip{
someone who is mean
sidapI
someone who misbehaves
nohihiipm
someone with supernatural power
puhagetu
someone's
ta-
somersaults, to do
tsinipipoosa'i-
tsinipipooso'i-
something
hiipI (material object)
inahuhiipx
ti-
something poorly developed
tse'akwA
tsiyakwA
something that has become old
muu'atsiyeepx
sometimes
sisit'miganaa
somewhere
hanoyaga
hautiyaga
son
tu_wa
song
hubiya

```
```

    son-in-law
        togonaa
    sopping wet (of people), to be
        patata'i-
    sopping wet, to get
        patata'i-
    sore
iya
sore from sitting, to be
piqama-
sort, to
tatsiya-
sort out (bad ones), to
tatsiya-
sound a baby makes when crying, the
owa_'
sound a mother quail makes to her young, the
tsik tsík
sound good, to
nawisupita-
sound made by the mourning dove
heewiiheeheehee
sound made by the pileated woodpecker when pecking
pakipaki
sound made by the rattlesnake's rattle
tsii'i-
sound made by the spotted towhee
tawaa'
sourberries
taqaati'
sourberry bush (local name for squawbush)
kwanunupI
Source Point
Tsauyuhinimati
south

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```

        pita
    south, to the
pita
South Fork, California (where the mill is)
Qonihinau(tit)
Southern Sierra Miwok
QOSoo'moho
sow (seeds), to
tibiiqa-1
sowberry bush (local name for squawbush)
kwanunup{
Soyuz Point
Moinanitit
spaced widely, to be
waqaa-
Spanish
paniyooná'
spank, to
kwiya-
sparrow
sihiwooi'
speak, to
yaduha-
speaker
yaduhati'
spear
nadiwatinu
anadiwatinU
spear, to
tigwwati-
spider
hapopo'
hopopo'
spill, to
tigwi''na-

```
```

spit, to
tuhi-
splash (of water)
pazadatagi-
split, to
kipa'a- (using one's teeth)
pitihi-
tigipa'a- (sticks into strands for basketry withes)
tigipeewi- (sticks into strands for basketry withes)
tsabayuhi- (by hand)
split (wood), to
tobayuhi-
split apart, to
wagasa'agi-
spotted horse
pinto
pintu'
spotted towhee (Pipilo sp.)
tawaa'na''
sprain one's ankle, to
natomina-
spray (said of a skunk's odor), to
kwidana-
spread (medication, jelly), to
teega-
spread (something) out on the ground (such as a tablecloth, etc.),
to
sonaa-
spread (something) out to dry, to
taqoda-
spring
taawa_no
spring (of water)
pazo'
spring, in the
taawa_no
springtime

```
```

    taawano
    sprout (of plants), to
si'a-
spurs
supuweenú'
spurt, to
tuzitsigi-
squash
siqoowa'
squash, pattypan
kumabeda
squash, scallop
kumabeda'
squash, summer
kumabeda'
squat, to
pitadaa-
squeeze, to
wipizizihi-
squirrel, tree (local name)
mawwi
squirrel, western gray (Sciurus griseus)
mawi
squirt, to
tuzitsigi-
stack, to
qatiki-
wiqqadikiz
stack up, to
wiqadikiz
stacked, to be
tapoida-
stamina, lots of
tsíkwi-
tsukwi-

```
```

    stand, to
    wini-
    stand in a group, to
qono-
stand up, to
yotsi-
stand up suddenly, to
winikiya-
stand (something) upright, to
takwina-
stare, to
ti'iyaa'i-
stare at, to
iyaa'i-
tsaupudawa-
stare at people/things, to
ti'iyaa'i-
stars
tazinopm
startled, to be
yiditki-
starve, to
tsihanipo'i-
stay
-tana'i-
stay, to
maitana'i- (in a particular position or location)
qati-
steal (something from someone), to
noqaga-
noqoga-
steam bath (for medicinal purposes), to take a
nagumeda-
steelhead
eebisI
steer, to

```
```

    tizamiyaki-
    step into (something sloppy), to
tatsogo'o-
step over, to
tasa'a-
stick (any kind)
kudu'
stick (used for knocking seeds, nuts, or acorns off of trees and
bushes)
ehu
stick, to
tona- (with a sharp object)
tsapa'ni-
stick one's head out, to
woonaa-
woona'i-
stick used to pick up hot rocks (for cooking)
tsipa'anU
sticky, to be
sana'eeqo'i-
still not
qadusu
sting, to
tana-
stinging nettle
tidanati'
stingy
tsapupI
stingy person, a
tsapupI
stink, to
punuha-
stink bug
piboisI
pipoisI
stir, to

```
```

    tsi'wido-
    tsi'widu-
    stirring stick (for cooking)
        tsiqo'ono
    stockings
        tapisona
    stomach
        qohi
    stone scraper
    anasibanu
    nasibanu
    stop!
ano'으
stop, to
tsamaata-
store (whiteman's)
tendeeno'
tenteeno'
store (in a container), to
tiyuna-
store (solids, foodstuffs, etc.), to
suuna-
straight
tunaapaa
straight (one)
tunaapaati
straight and long (of sticks, arrowshafts, etc.), to be
hugunuyugi-
straighten one's legs, to
mida-
straighten out, to
tsama-
strain
paduu-
strangle, to
matsigi'i-

```
```

strap into a cradleboard, to
tuta-
straw
monop{ (used in basket-making)
sonabi
strawberry, wild (local name for thimbleberry) (Rubus parviflorus)
aqaqo'ya
stream down, to
epahuu-
stretched out, to be
masidaa-
strike, to
tabi-
strike (someone) in the mouth, to
withebepa'i-
strike repeatedly, to
tabipa'i-
string
kwisI
kwisibi
wisibi
strings made from leatherwood bush
wetsibI
stringy, to be
wisiduga-
stroll (of humans), to
niwi-
strong, to be
ohowane-
strong, to make
ohowaneki
strong (one)
ohobi
stuck, to get
tsapa'ni-

```
```

stumble, to
kwatuha-
stump, (tree)
qotob{
sturdy, to be
ohowane-
sturdy, to make
ohowaneki-
suck, to
pitsi-
suckerfish
qabozo
sugar
sugana'
suga'
sugar pine nuts
paneedaba',
paneediba\prime
sugar pine tree (Pinus lambertiana)
panewinipx
summer
tazawa_no
summer, in the
tazawa_no
summertime
tazawano
sun
tadabe
Sunday, to be
nagati-
sunflower, wild (unidentified genus)
akibi
sunflower seeds, wild
akkI
support, to
witido'mi-

```
support (to), to give ohowaneki-
surprise, to tíimoo-
surprise, amazement or disgust, used to show adihaamogaadi
surprised, to be piziwidigi-
surround, to kwitaa-
survive (a tragedy or accident), to nitimidiwa-
swallow
pazigopiina'
swallow, to yikwi-
sway, to yitsina-
sweat, to
muusa'i-muusu'i-
sweat house namuusa'inu anamuusa'inu
sweater tsaqeeda'

Sweathouse Muusa'amati
sweep, to winatsu'i-
sweet piha'
sweet, anything piha'
sweet (in taste), to be
```

    pihadagi-1
    sweet, to make
    pihadagiki-1
    sweet, to taste
    pihagama-
    sweet potatoes, wild
    teena'
    sweeten, to
pihadagiki-1
swell, to
pawa-
swim, to
nabakiya-
pahabi-
swing (to and fro), to
wi'eepu'i-
swing back and forth, to
nakwihee'nu'i-
switch, to
wipatsugi-

```

\section*{T}
```

table
taapi'ni
teebunU
tikanU
tadpole
pa'witoggo
tail
kwazi
take, to
wii-
take a sweat bath, to
muusa'i-
muusu'i-
take (something) from, to

```
```

    wiikiz
    take lid off of, to
        tsapo'a-
    take off, to
        tsaqwatsa'i-
    take out, to
    tsapudi'i-
    tall
idic-tU
tall, to be
idiwinim-
talk, to
yaduha-
talk with laryngitis, to
kupasataduha-
tan, to be
ohobanagi-
tangle, to
qwakwisi-
wakwisi- (up)
tarantula
tibipahabitsI
tarweed
amaatsabi
taste, to
qama-1
tima-
taste juicy, to
payagama-
taste watery, to
payagama-
tasty (one)
qamebi
tattoo
nawoowin

```
```

    Teaford Ranch, the old
    Pee'akin主wf
    tear, to
        tsadiidi'i-
    tear up (the ground), to
        tsa'yiiti'i-
    tears
        yagapı
    tease, to
        magihi-
        tsimaha-
    Teeford's place
        WeeyakinitwI
    telegraph
        waaya'
    telephone
        waaya'
    tell, to
        inee-
        itawa-
        tiikwi-
    tell (someone something), to
        wagaki-
    tell (stories, etc.), to
waga-
tell to, to
-tiwi-
tell (someone) to behave, to
nakwiti'itiwi-
temper tantrum, to have a
ta'niga-
ten
siwino-tu
tend ditches (keeping waterways clear), to
wagi'i-
tendons

```
```

    mabakwi
    testicles
        taba
    tether (an animal), to
        tsakina-
    thank you
    mannoho
    mannohobii
    that
        mani'ihu
    that (one)
        mahu
        maqahona
        maqahuna
    that one
uhu
uqwahona
that side
unaqwE
that way (in)
mani'ihu
that's all
ano'o-tU
that's alright
aisupa'
that's right
nohiisu
that's why
uwa_maqahuu
the one
uhu
uqwahona
their
ai-
them
ai-
maqahowina

```
maqahuwina
them, to ai-
then
onnoho
tiya
uno'oho
there
iya
iya-hu
iyanna
iyannaha
iyagnna-hu
maatohonee
mannoho
una
unahu
ya
yannahA
iyannahA
there you are
mannoho
mannohobit
these
iniw
they
ihiwf
mahuwf
thick
wogot-tu
thief
noqagá'
thigh (s)
sa' i
thimbleberry
aqaqo' ya
thin, extremely
tagi'atsitsi'
thin (of solid objects), to be extremely tagi'atsitsi'i-
```

    think, to
    sunawi-
    think about, to
        tisumiya-
        tuwisupita- (someone)
        wisupita- (someone)
    think of, to
        supana'i-
        wusupita-
    think (thoughts), to
    sukwa-
    think someone/something is good, to
        nawisupita-
    thinning, to be
        nakwidibi-
    thirsty, to be
payatee-
thirty
pahiwano-tU
this
ihu
ini
ing'ihu
mi'i-
this evening
mi'itodoyommo
this one
ihu
ihi
this side (of)
minaqwE
this way, (in)
ini'ihu
those (ones)
mahuwf
maqahowina
maqahuwina
those of today (both people and things)

```
mi'iti
thread
kwisI (traditionally made from milkweed)
kwisibi
wisibi
three
pahi-i/pahi-tU
throat
nodo
through
-dugu
throw, to
takwina'i-
throw (something) at, to
takiiwi-
throw away, to
takuna'i-
wina'i-
wipisida'a-
throw (something) away (that belongs to someone else), to takwina'iki-
throw down, to
wipisida'a-
throw (something) down to the ground, to tsakwina'i-tsakuna'i-
thumb
matoga
thunder, to tooyaga-

Thursday, to be nawatsakwitu-nawatsikwitu-
tick
midabi mitabi
tie, to
```

    witawa-
    tie a knot in (something), to
        witopisa-
    tie up, to
        tsakina-
    tight on, to be (too)
        kitsi-
    tighten, to
        tsapika'na-
    time(s)
        nap!
    tip
        taqazunA
    tire
        taaya'
    tired, to be
na'mihoowi-
wimihoowi-
to
-maatugu
-matugu
-tugu
-wee
-weetugu
to and fro
-bodo-
to each other
na-
to have one's eyes closed
mutsuqa-
to it
a-
awee
to the north
kwiwi
to the other side
uutatugu

```
```

    toad, a large variety of
        otsoqoi'
    tobacco, (domestic) (Nicotiana tabacum)
        tawaagu'
    today
        tabewanno
    toe
        tatogo
    toe, middle
        tibihinati atatoggo
    toe, second
        tatsitsuganu
    toes (collectively)
tasiwaakinA
toenails
tasido
together
nanna-
siwina
toilet
kwitanobi
tomato (Lycopersicon esculentum)
tumaate'
tomorrow
mowahusU
tongue
eqgo
tonight
tonsils
taqanitsI
too much
ewa
-si'y
tooth
tawa

```
        mi'itogawano 3
```

top
taqazunA
torso
nimm年
tortilla
tontiya'
totem (moiety symbol or personal spirit helper)
pukU
touch, to
waaga-
toward
-tugu
town
taunu
tendeeno'
tenteeno'
toy
tibiihanu
track (by scent), to
egwimawiya-
trail
niimiboyo
trail that follows the creek up the mountain from Kinsman Flats,
the
Wegiboyo
train, to
wadisuyu-
training, to be in
wadisuyu-
translate, to
tsamina-
trap (animals), to
hiya-
tihiya-
treat, to
puhaawi-

```
```

    tree
        winipm
    tree bark (generic)
        wo'oqabi
    tree sap
yagapm
trot, to
potoqagi-
trousers
qa'nisu'
true
tsau-tU
try (to), to
-manaqa-
try on, to
wanaqa-
try on (shoes) for size, to
tidamanaqa-
tuberculosis, to have
pasabayee-
Tuesday, to be
nawahatu-
tulip, a type of wild
sa'yipm
tumpline
pabbo
tunnel
tipusudugi-
tipusudugi-di
turkey
odo'odo'
odo'odo'na'
turkey vulture
wiho
turn, to
minaa-

```
```

turn around, to
tsamononohi-
turn back, to
minaa-
turn inside out, to
tsamido-
turn (something) over, to
tsamina-
turn over and over, to
tsamononohi-
turnip (Brassica rapa)
tanaapu}\mp@subsup{}{}{\prime
turtle
00%\&a
twenty
wahawano-tu
twine, to
tigwisi-
twined basket, type of a
po'no
twining (a type of weave used in basket-making)
anadigwisin
nadigwisin
twins
wa'waha''
twist, to
tsa'wino'i-
twist strands into two-ply cordage, to
wituna-2
twitch, to
tsa'odotogi-
two
waha-i/waha-tU

```
```

ugly
haqwanitmini-tU
umbilical cord
poji
pozi
uncooked
sawetusU
sewetusU
under
-duhe
underestimate, to
sudaa-
sudawa-
underneath
-duhe
-duheti
underneath and close by
-kiwaduhee
underpants
aduheti aqa'niisu'
understand, to
sUtabihi-
smtabihi-
undress, to
natsakwata-
natsaqweta-
unfasten, to
toba-
unfasten (something) for (someone), to
tobaki-
unload
tibani-
unpack, to
tibani-
unravel, to
pitihi-
tsapitihi-

```
```

unripe
sawetusU
sewetusU
unscrew, to
tsiqono'i-
unstitch, to
tsapitini-
untamed (one)
iyaapı
untie, to
toba-
tsapitihi-
up
tugupaataa
up(hill)
pamad!
upon awakening
piditotsisu
upper body
ni-m{
upset, to
tsikwiina-
urinate, to
siina-
urinate on, to
siina-
urine
siip{
us
ni-1
tai-
us, to
ni-1
use (something) up, to
tsasu'a-

```
vagina
tegwi
valley blue jay (local name) (probably the scrub jay, Aphelocoma coerulescens)
tseego'no
valley quail (local term for California quail) (Callipepla californica) humunuwa'
vanish, to qadu'utu-
vanish over (a hill, mountain, etc.), to kumaa-
vein(s) pawi
venereal disease, to have ini'íyee-
verbal suffix -ge'e
very
nohi
nihi
nehe
nahi
very much tsikwi-tsukwi-
very soon
mi'i'isu
vest
amaatá
visit, to
pasiyani'i-
volcanic rock
taqapI
vomit, to
o'i-
tsiqwaha- (by sticking fingers down the throat)

W
wade (in water), to pamaa-
wagon
weeginI
wait for, to
tatawa-
wake up, to
tiboni-
tibuni-
wake (someone) up, to
tsitibuni-
walk, to
-moo-
niwi-
walk around, to
niwiniwi-
walk back and forth, to niwibodo-
walk here and there, to niwiniwi-
walk hunched over, to
qanabuuginoo-
walk to a location and return, to níwibodo-
walk with the aid of a cane, to nazitoo-

Walking Skeleton (a scary character from traditional stories) Natsiqai'nupI Wee'mu'
wander, to
-moo-niwimoo-
want, to wahi'i-
```

want to }X\mathrm{ , to
-naama-
warm, to
yuwiki-
warm, to be
y立wi-
yuwi-
wash
apaaqonapI
paaqonap{
wash, to
apaaqonapq
patsaga-
wash (someone's) hair, to
nasoosina-
soosina-
wash one's face, to
naboqoi-
wash one's hair, to
nasoosina-
wash one's hands, to
na'mazaga-
wasp
munutsU
waste, to
nahatigwi-
waste from plants
qahipI
watch closely, to
i'iya'i-
i'ya'i-
watch constantly, to
ま'iya'i-
ま'ya'i-
watch out!
ini'2

```
```

watch over (living things), to
teeni'i-
water
pa_ya
water-baby
pa'owaa'
water fall(s)
paya-na a-qwatsa'i-n
water oak acorns
sodo
water oak tree (Quercus sp.)
sodobi
water-skater
pa'mutsiya'
water snake
pasugu
water snake, a type of (which is long, black on the top and red on
the underside)
patagowwa'
watermelon (Citrullus vulgaris; C. lanatus)
santiiya'
watery, to be
payawi-
we
ni_iqwa
taaqwa
weapon
edi
wear (someone strapped to oneself like a belt, etc.), to
wipidoo-
wear a ring (on ones' finger), to
masiya-
wear an apron, to
pisi'meeya-
pisi'naya-
wear around the neck, to

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    qakiya-
    wear eye-glasses, to
wihipusiya-
wear shoes, to
moqoya-
Wednesday, to be
nadimaqoba-
week
sima'nI
well
tsau
well (adds emphasis to a word)
-bii
west
panaggapi)
tibeew{ (into the San Joaquin valley)
western bluebird
tsootsoona'
wet, to get
payaga-
wet the bed, to
siidabi-
what (of non-material objects, such as words and ideas)
heetI
what
hiipI (interrogative)
himaa
what amount (of nonmaterial objects)
hino'o-tU
what kind
hani'i-tU
what kind of a thing or object hiipinizmz
wheat
piniiku'

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wheel
qwiqono
wiqono
when
hing'o
when first getting up
piditotsisu
when X-ed
-s
-sI
where (direction)
haut£
where (location)
hano
while lying down
-dabi-
while x-ing
-nee
whip, to
kwiya-
wipatsugi- (as in punishing children)
whirlwind
winadihibi
whiskey
wiski'
whisper, to
wazitaduha-
whisper to, to
wazitaduha-
whistle, to
wisłqohi-
white, to be
tutsidaagi-
white-coated Bigfoot
qasiqasina'
white-man

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```

    ini''
    White Oak Grove (place where Joe and Lucy Kinsman lived)
        Yagati='iweeti
    who
        hage
        haqaa
    who knows where
        hautiyaga
    whom
    haqaa
    whose
        haqaa
    why
        hani'
    wickiup
    toonobi
    wide-eyed, to be
piziwidigi-
wife
nodickwA
wife's in-laws (i.e., the husband's parents in relation to his
tahi'
wigwam
toonobi
wild (one)
iyaap{
wild, to act
iyaapiyee-
wild bay leaves
noozibu
wild (mint-flavored) green tea
nagudupeewi'
wild onion (Allium sp.)
pedisI

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    wild rose bush (Rosa californica)
        patsanabi
    will X
        -wai
    willow, mountain
        toyasihibi
    willow tree (Salix lasiandra), (Pacific)
        sihibi
    win against, to
        ponaa- (in contest or competition)
        wusu'a- (as in game, argument, etc.)
    wind
hikwapE
wind, by the
wi-
wind around (of a bandage), to
kwitta-
windbreak
huninobi
window
naboninu
windshield wiper
pudusI
windy (before rain), to be
pasuwaqa-
wine
wainI
winnow, to
wipuha-
winnowing basket
tamoya
tsamaya
winter
toowano
winter, in the
toowano

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```

winter house
toonobi
wintertime
toowa_no
wipe, to
takwina-
totsi'a-
wipe (something) for (someone), to
totsi'aki-
wipe up, to
takwina-
wire
waaya'
'wise off' to, to
niponaa-
with (a person)
-ho-tU
with (instrumental)
-ma
-maa
with a long, pointed object, by poking
tsi-
with an instrument
to-
with each other
nanna-
with force
wi-
with something sharp
wi-
with the fingers
tsa-
with the lower back
pi-
with the mind
su-

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with the teeth
ki-
with the voice
ni-2
with water
pa-
with/in the mouth
ki-
wither (of flowers), to
qwezu-
without
-tso'
without purpose
nohowa-
nohowahasu
nohowasu
wobble (used only with animate beings), to
tsi'nitagi-
wobbly, to be
wi'noqagi-
wolf, timber
to'apE
woman
hitpi'
wonder, to
sunawi-
wood
kuna
woodchuck
kida'
woodpecker
panaatada'
woodpecker, pileated
pakipakina'
woodrat

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```

    qawa
    xawa
    work, to
    tawahani'i-
    worm
wo'abI
worm, green garden
sagwanowi''
wormwood (Artemesia sp.)
kusidapm
wrap, to
kwita-
wring (out), to
pa'magwida-
pa'mugwida-
wrinkled, to be
akidugi-
kidugi-
wrinkled, to get
akidugi-
kidugi-
wrist
ma'wizog%o
wrist bone (the protruding bone in the wrist or distal ulna)
ma'oowa'
write, to
tsimoowi-
X
X-er
-niya-tU
x-ing continuously
-pa'i-
x-ing on and off
-pa'i-
x-less
-tso'

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yardage
paniiyu'
yawn, to
na'idawi-
year
toobe
year(s) old
tomono
yell, to
wohi-
yellow, to be
ohobanagi-
yellow pine or ponderosa pine tree (Pinus ponderosa)
woqoby
yerba santa (Eriodictyon sp.)
tihubi
tuhubi
yes (indicates understanding or approval)
hithit'
haaha'
yesterday
yommo
yommo-ho
Yokuts Indians
pitati nijmm
you
i-
you (all)
ii-
you (PL)
ijqwa
young (one)
piditipx
your

```
i-
your (PL)
zigzag design (on baskets), to be a nazinitagi-

\section*{Notes regarding the creation of this PDF}

In November of 2011 Michelle Sonoqui Gillete Purchased the Taitaduhaan CD and discovered the format was too old to play on her computer. She also contacted Dr. Paul V. Kroskrity, the UCLA Professor who helped create the Dictionary of Western Mono. Michelle found that copies of the dictionary were rare and not for sale at the time.

Michelle then contacted me to see if I could get the CD to play. In this process I was told that the dictionary was not available in an electronic form. With Michelle's encouragement I too contacted Dr. Kroskrity in late 2011, his email reply:

Dear Michelle and Josh,
Please feel free to attempt to upgrade the cd-rom. You'll need to acknowledge all the authorship rights and acknowledge the publisher (U Oklahoma) but this would be great if it can now be made playable on the latest pc and mac platforms. As for the dictionary--if it is not one that says that it is revised and corrected on the cover and or first few pages, then it is not the most recent and most useful dictionary to digitize. Please make sure we are using only the best available edition. If you want to send me scans of the first 5 pages including title page, I can definitively figure this out. You have my "blessing", that is my permission, to proceed with both of these projects. I wonder if Josh would like to work with me on a further project--one that would put this cd-rom on a Mono website so that it might be web-available to community members. I am interested in doing this and expanding the current one by adding performances by men who still speak the language. I was thinking Gaylen Lee might be someone who could provide some stories or songs that could be rendered in the way that I have done with the performances provided by the late Rosalie Bethel.

Please let me know what I can do. We have audio-tape recordings of all the examples used in our last edition of the dictionary--this could also be made into an on-line digital direction. I'm glad to see that there is a great deal of potential progress in your plans. I look forward to hearing from you as this project progresses.

All the best,
Paul

Paul V. Kroskrity
Professor of Anthropology
Chair, American Indian Studies, UCLA

Over 2012 I tried unsuccessfully to locate a second edition copy that I could scan. In early 2013 I was generously loaned a copy from the Tribal Office of the North Fork Rancheria of Mono Indians by Tribal Chairperson Elaine Bethel-Fink (with encouragement from her grandson Dillon, who knows me).

Starting in March of 2013, I proceeded to scan and convert one page at a time over the next six months. In doing so I discovered 13 pages were missing. With the help of Dr. Kroskrity I was sent the missing pages which I added to the paper dictionary and include in this PDF.

The PDF was completed January 13th, 2014. In presenting the completed work back to the Tribal Council, Miner Mossman built a beautiful wooden case for the dictionary, with one of Michelle's paintings of Manzanita berries framed on the cover.

Wishing success to all who use this PDF of the Second Edition of A Dictionary of Western Mono, Joshua M. Freeman```

